


# PRODUCT DISCLOSURE STATEMENT (PDS)

Western Australia (WA) Coal Division – 21 March 2025

## Contents

1. About Team Super	2
2. How super works	3
3. Benefits of investing with Team Super	5
4. Risks of super	5
5. How we invest your money	6
6. Fees and costs	8
7. How super is taxed	11
8. Insurance in your super	13
9. How to open an account	16

## Important things you should know before reading this PDS

This PDS summarises important information about investing in the Team Superannuation Fund (Team Super). It has references to factsheets and Insurance Guides which contain important information that you might want to know. The factsheets and Insurance Guides marked by the  symbol are important information that form part of this PDS. You can find copies on our website at [teamsuper.com/pds](https://teamsuper.com/pds). You should read the information contained in this PDS and incorporated material before making a decision about this product.

The Target Market Determinations (TMDs) for our financial products can be found at [teamsuper.com/tmd](https://teamsuper.com/tmd) and include a description of who the financial product is appropriate for. You should read this PDS, factsheets and Insurance Guides on our website before deciding to open a Team Super account.

The information in this PDS is general information only and doesn't take into account your personal financial situation or needs. You should talk to a financial adviser if you need financial advice based on your personal situation.

Information that is not materially adverse information may change from time to time. You can obtain updates on this information by visiting [teamsuper.com](https://teamsuper.com). You can also request a paper copy of this PDS and documents incorporated by this PDS at no cost to you by calling 13 64 63.

Issued by Team Super Pty Ltd ABN 70 003 566 989 AFS licence 246864 as trustee for the Team Superannuation Fund ABN 16 457 520 308 MySuper authorisation number 16457520308485.

## 1. About us

As a profit-to-member super fund, we prioritise the interests of members, not shareholders - meaning we can give more back to you through lower fees and personalised, local service. We're committed to delivering investment returns that help secure your retirement outcomes.

If you're a member of the WA Coal division you can have two accounts:

- **Defined benefit account** – generally, you receive a defined benefit account automatically if you're employed in the Western Australian coal mining industry and are likely to remain employed as a mine worker for at least six months.

If you retire, resign or are retrenched between age 60 and age 64, or reach age 65, even if you're still working, you're entitled to a defined benefit of 12% x years and part years (with part years calculated in days) you've held your defined benefit account x benchmark amount.

The benchmark amount, which is \$84,147 as at 1 July 2024, increases each year in line with movements in Average Weekly Ordinary Time Earnings.

Once you reach age 65 your membership multiple\* stops increasing and any further contributions are paid into an accumulation account. If you retire after age 65 you'll be entitled to a defined benefit calculated using your membership multiple at age 65, times the benchmark amount at the date of retirement. If you're still working, you can also transfer your defined benefit into an accumulation account.

If you resign or are retrenched, you can keep your super in the defined benefit scheme. Alternatively, you can transfer it into an accumulation account, but your defined benefit may be reduced by an amount determined by us on the advice of the Fund's actuary.

- **Accumulation account** – if you start as a temporary or casual employee, you'll have an accumulation account only. If you later become full-time or you're employed for more than six months, you'll likely have a defined benefit account opened for you.

If you have a defined benefit account and you're directing Superannuation Guarantee, salary sacrifice or after-tax contributions to us, they'll be credited into an accumulation account for you.

If you have an accumulation account, we offer 12 investment options for you to invest your super:

- **Seven pre-mixed investment options** - High Growth, Growth, Balanced, Moderate, Indexed Defensive, Defensive and Secure.
- **Five single asset class investment options** - Australian Shares, International Shares, Property, Bonds and Cash.

If you don't choose which investment option/s to invest your super in, it will be invested in our MySuper Lifecycle Investment Strategy. You can also choose to invest in our Lifecycle Investment Strategy at any time. The Strategy works by giving you greater exposure to growth assets such as shares in the early stages of your working life, and then reducing this as you get older by increasing your exposure to defensive assets such as fixed income and enhanced cash. This exposes you to greater risk and potentially higher returns when you're young and then aims to reduce volatile investment returns as you get older. Members under age 50 will be invested in High Growth, those aged 50-54 in Growth, and those aged 55 and above in Balanced.



For more information about the benefits of investing with Team Super, go to **Section 3** or [teamsuper.com](https://teamsuper.com)

\* The sum of 13% per year of service (service is years and part years calculated in days) prior to 1 July 1988 plus 12% per year of service after 30 June 1988. This percentage is determined on advice from the actuary. If you've been paid a death or disablement benefit, your membership multiple reflects your service up to age 60.



You can find the Product Dashboard for the MySuper Lifecycle Investment Strategy at [teamsuper.com/product-dashboard](https://teamsuper.com/product-dashboard). You can find information about the Trustee, executive remuneration and other information we must make available at [teamsuper.com/about](https://teamsuper.com/about) and [teamsuper.com/disclosure](https://teamsuper.com/disclosure)

## 2. How super works

### About super

Super's one of the best ways to save for your retirement. It is, in part, compulsory. Generally, you can't get hold of your super until you retire, usually after you've reached age 60. But there are times where you might be able to withdraw it earlier than this.

The government wants you to put money aside for when you retire and to encourage you to do this, it gives you tax breaks and other benefits.

Because some of your pay has to be paid into super when you start working, you start saving for your retirement early. The longer you save, the more money you'll have to enjoy when you retire.



For more information about how super works, go to [moneysmart.gov.au](https://moneysmart.gov.au) or read our **What is super?** factsheet at [teamsuper.com/resources](https://teamsuper.com/resources)

### How to increase your super savings... making contributions into your Team Super account

There are a number of ways you can add money to your super:

#### Contributions from your employer

##### Contributions to your accumulation account

Your employer must make super contributions to meet the minimum compulsory contribution rate of 11.5% of your salary on your behalf.

If you're a temporary or casual worker in the Western Australian coal mining industry, you can generally choose which super fund you'd like your employer to contribute this to, such as an accumulation account with Team Super.

##### Contributions to your defined benefit

Your employer is currently required to contribute 7% of the benchmark amount.

Your defined benefit is paid under a legislative scheme. Your employer's contribution rate may be varied from time to time in consultation with the actuary.

While you're employed as a WA mine worker, your employer is also required to pay an additional 3% of the benchmark amount to us from your after-tax pay until you turn age 65 or retire, whichever is earlier.

**To make the following contributions, you'll need to have an accumulation account.**

**Salary sacrifice contributions** – You can ask your employer to deduct extra money from your pay before tax is taken out, called salary sacrifice contributions.

**Your own contributions** – You can contribute your own money from your pay or income after tax is taken out.



The government sets limits on how much of your contributions are taxed at the low rate applying to super funds. These limits are called 'contribution caps'. For more information read our **How much can I add to my super account?** factsheet at [teamsuper.com/resources](https://teamsuper.com/resources)

**Transfer super you have in other funds into your Team Super accumulation account** – Having all your super in one fund means you won't pay multiple fees to different funds and therefore, have more money to invest for your retirement. It also makes managing your super easier. You save time, receive less paperwork and you're less likely to lose track of your super.

**Government co-contribution and low income superannuation tax offset** – The government has two schemes to help people on low and middle incomes save for their retirement.

- If you contribute your own money after tax and meet certain rules, you might be eligible for the **government co-contribution**.
- If your employer contributes at the rate necessary to meet the compulsory 11.5% rate on your behalf and / or you ask your employer to make contributions from your before-tax pay, called salary sacrifice contributions, you might be eligible for the **low income superannuation tax offset**.

**Contributions by your spouse** – Your spouse can contribute money to your Team Super account. They might receive a tax benefit for doing this.

### Investing your super

Once you or your employer contribute money into your super, we invest it for you. If you have a defined benefit account, the value of your benefit is based on how long you've held your account and the benchmark amount when you retire, rather than investment returns.

If you have an accumulation account, your super will increase in value if investment returns are positive and fall in value if investment returns are negative. One of the benefits of Team Super is that there are two ways you can invest the super you have in your accumulation account.

1. Let us do it for you through our Lifecycle Investment Strategy; **Or**
2. You can choose how you want to invest your super from 12 investment options.



For more information about investing your super, go to **Section 5**.

### Withdrawing money from your super

The purpose of super is to save for your retirement. Because of this the government has set strict rules around when you can withdraw money from your super. Generally, your super's 'preserved', which means you can't withdraw money from it until you retire. But there are times when you might be able to withdraw it earlier than this.



You should read the important information about making contributions and withdrawing your super before making a decision. Go to [teamsuper.com/pds](https://teamsuper.com/pds) and read the factsheets titled: **Boost your super with the government co-contribution; How much can I add to my super account?** and **When can I access my super?** The material relating to making contributions and withdrawing your super may change between the time you read this Statement and the day you sign the application form.

## 3. Benefits of investing with Team Super

The WA Coal division of the Fund has a:

- **defined benefit account** – which means the value of your account is generally linked to how long you've held your account, rather than being directly linked to investment returns
- **accumulation account** – which means the value of your account is directly linked to the value of the investment options you're invested in.

## Here are some benefits of investing with Team Super

- **A safe and secure place for your super.** We uphold strong safeguards that mean your super's in safe hands.
- **We're value for money.** We're a profit-to-member fund so we don't earn a profit for ourselves or shareholders. We only cover our costs which means more for you through investment returns and lower fees and charges.
- **You can contribute all types of super contributions into your accumulation account.** This includes contributions from your employer, after-tax pay and before-tax pay. You can also save fees from having multiple super funds by transferring other super you have to your Team Super accumulation account.
- **Investments to suit your needs and your lifestyle.** If you have an accumulation account, we have 12 investment options for you to invest in that let you mix and match how your super's invested. If you don't want to make a choice, that's ok too. You'll be automatically invested in our **MySuper Lifecycle Investment Strategy** where we'll invest your super in a pre-mixed investment option generally appropriate for your age.
- **Get insurance through your super.** If you're less than 60 years old and have an active defined benefit account, you're entitled to receive a death and TPD benefit if you die or become disabled. You can apply for death and terminal illness (DTI) cover, total and permanent disablement (TPD) cover and income protection (IP) insurance under the accumulation component of your account. Having insurance through your super can also work out cheaper and easier to manage.
- **Financial advisers there for you.** Whether it's a simple phone call to cover the basics or a personal appointment to discuss wealth creation, there's no 'one size fits all' approach. Advisers from Team Super Financial Advice are here to provide the help you need to make confident and informed financial decisions.
- **Customer service that suits you.** We provide a dedicated member services team and offices in Warners Bay, Wollongong, Brisbane, Mackay and Rockhampton. We can also meet you in other major regional centres by appointment. We offer regular communications, seminars and workshops.
- **Transact and view your account online.** Your online account is available 24/7, allowing you to check your inbox, balance / transaction history, update your details or switch investment options.
- **A home for all your super always.** You can enjoy the benefits of being a Team Super member over your whole life. You can take your super account with you from one job to the next. When it comes time to retire you can invest your super in our flexible pension product.



For more information about the benefits of investing with Team Super, go to **teamsuper.com**

## 4. Risks of super

When thinking about super, it's important to understand its risks so you can make the right choices:

- All investments have risk and the value of your super will vary.
- Different investment strategies, such as the investment options you invest in, have different levels of risk depending on the assets they're invested in. To measure these risks, we've adopted 'Standard Risk Measures' (SRMs) developed by the super industry. Information about High Growth's SRM can be found in **Section 5**. The SRMs for our other investment options can be found in their factsheets. Go to **teamsuper.com/pds**

- The returns from investments are affected by things such as inflation, interest rates and market conditions. The value of currencies can also have an impact, particularly if you invest in international shares.
- Assets with the highest long-term returns, such as shares and property, might also have the highest short-term risk. Cash and fixed income / bonds generally have less potential for high long-term returns, but also tend to have less short-term risk.
- The return you get from your super will vary and future returns could be different from past returns.
- Returns are not guaranteed and you might lose some of your money.
- Super laws might change.
- The amount of super you end up with when you retire might not be enough for you to have a comfortable retirement.
- How much risk you take is your decision and depends on your age, how long you'll invest for, your other investments, how comfortable you are with the possibility of losing some of your super in some years, among other considerations.

If you have a defined benefit account, the value of your benefits is based on how long you've held your account and the benchmark amount when you retire, rather than investment returns. Therefore, many of the investment risks above don't directly affect the value of your defined benefit account. The growth in your defined benefit may also differ from the returns of investment products. This could be positive or negative. Risks associated with a defined benefit scheme are also that the underlying investments, employer contributions and insurance may not be sufficient or available to meet benefit entitlements. We and the Fund actuary carefully monitor this.

## 5. How we invest your money

### Defined benefit account

If you have a defined benefit account, your benefit is linked to the movement in the benchmark amount, not to investment returns. This means the investment options below don't apply.

We invest defined benefit assets in accordance with the investment strategy we consider appropriate given the risks associated with the WA Coal division.

### Accumulation account

If you have an accumulation account, we offer 12 investment options for you to invest your super:


- **Seven pre-mixed investment options** - High Growth, Growth, Balanced, Moderate, Indexed Defensive, Defensive and Secure.
- **Five single asset class investment options** - Australian Shares, International Shares, Property, Bonds and Cash.

**Warning:** When you're thinking about which investment options to invest in, you should consider the likely investment return, risk and how much time you have to invest.

### Team Super gives you choices

One of the benefits of Team Super is that you can choose which investment options your super's invested in or make no choice and have it automatically invested in our MySuper Lifecycle Investment Strategy.

- **Make no choice** and your super will be invested in our MySuper Lifecycle Investment Strategy. The Strategy works by investing your super in the pre-mixed investment option generally appropriate for people your age. As you get older, your super's automatically switched to a less risky pre-mixed investment option. **Or**
- **Choose your own investment options.** You can choose any mix of the seven pre-mixed and five single asset class investment options. The mix you choose must add up to 100%. You can also choose to invest your current account balance and future contributions differently or invest in our Lifecycle Investment Strategy at any time.



To help you decide how to invest your super, it's important to understand some basic investment concepts. See our investment factsheets at [teamsuper.com/resources](https://teamsuper.com/resources)

### An example of our investment options – High Growth\*

Invests primarily in shares, that aim to maximise returns by taking greater risk, with a small allocation to defensive assets such as fixed income and enhanced cash.

**Who is High Growth suitable for?** Suitable for people who wish to invest their super for five or more years.

#### What assets does High Growth invest in?

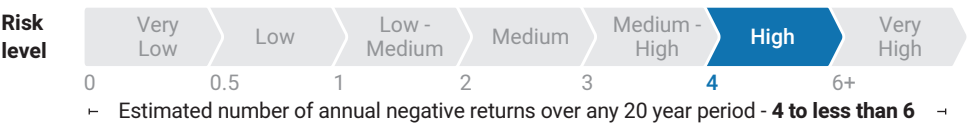
	SAA	Allowable range
Australian Shares	34%	19-49%
International Shares	45%	30-60%
Alternatives	3%	0-19%
Infrastructure	9%	0-24%
Property	6%	0-20%
Fixed Income	2%	0-17%
Cash	1%	0-16%

**What's the investment return objective?** Achieve a return exceeding the increase in the Consumer Price Index (CPI) by at least 4% pa, after tax and investment costs, over any ten year period.<sup>2</sup>


**Example:** If the ten-year CPI is 2% pa, the investment objective will be for investment returns to exceed 6% pa, after tax and investment costs, over the ten year period.

**What's the minimum time you should invest in High Growth?** At least five years.

**High Growth's Standard Risk Measure** High Growth's risk level is **high**. The table below shows the estimated number of annual negative returns over any 20 year period. These negative returns can be experienced several years apart or several years in a row within the 20 year period.



\* If you're under age 50 and don't make an investment choice, we'll automatically invest your money in High Growth as part of our MySuper Lifecycle Investment Strategy. Please refer to information on each of the investment options' asset classes, strategic asset allocation, investment return objectives and minimum suggested time frames for holding the investment.



For more information about the Standard Risk Measure read the **High Growth** factsheet at [teamsuper.com/pds](https://teamsuper.com/pds) or go to [teamsuper.com/investments](https://teamsuper.com/investments)

### How can you change the investment options you're invested in?

You can switch investment options through your online account or by filling in the **Make an investment choice** form.

### Who do we invest your super with?

We appoint professional investment managers to invest your super. We regularly review their performance and can remove managers and add new ones.



For more information about our investment managers go to [teamsuper.com/investments](https://teamsuper.com/investments)

### Can our investment options change?

Yes, in the future we might offer new investment options or close or change existing ones.

### Do we take labour standards or environmental, social or ethical considerations into account?

We seek to maximise investment returns while managing risk. Our investments are managed by a group of market leading Australian and international fund managers who may, as part of their investment processes, engage with corporations and other institutions that issue securities. Appointed fund managers may consider environmental, social and governance risks and opportunities within a broader range of factors, which together may impact investment returns.



You should read the important information about our 12 investment options and the Lifecycle Investment Strategy before making a decision. Read the factsheets titled: **High Growth; Growth; Balanced; Moderate; Indexed Defensive; Defensive; Secure; Australian Shares; International Shares; Property; Bonds; Cash and Lifecycle Investment Strategy** at [teamsuper.com/pds](https://teamsuper.com/pds). The material relating to our 12 investment options and the Lifecycle Investment Strategy may change between the time you read this Statement and the day you sign the application form.

<sup>2</sup> The investment return objective differs from the return targets disclosed in the Product Dashboard due to different definitions.

## 6. Fees and other costs<sup>3</sup>



### Did you know?

Small differences in both investment performance and fees and costs can have a substantial impact on your long-term returns.

For example, total annual fees and costs of 2% of your account balance rather than 1% could reduce your final return by up to 20% over a 30-year period (for example, reduce it from \$100,000 to \$80,000).

You should consider whether features such as superior investment performance or the provision of better member services justify higher fees and costs.

You or your employer, as applicable, may be able to negotiate to pay lower fees. Ask the fund or your financial adviser.

### To find out more

If you would like to find out more, or see the impact of the fees based on your own circumstances, the **Australian Securities and Investments Commission (ASIC) Moneysmart website** ([www.moneysmart.gov.au](https://www.moneysmart.gov.au)) has a superannuation calculator to help you check out different fee options.

<sup>3</sup> All our fees and costs include GST where applicable.



This document shows fees and other costs that you may be charged. These fees and other costs may be deducted from your money, from the returns on your investment or from the assets of the superannuation entity as a whole. Other fees, such as activity fees, advice fees for personal advice and insurance fees, may also be charged, but these will depend on the nature of the activity, advice or insurance chosen by you. Entry fees and exit fees cannot be charged. Taxes, insurance fees and other costs relating to insurance are set out in another part of this document. You should read all the information about fees and other costs because it is important to understand their impact on your investment.

## Fees and costs summary

### Team Super

Type of fee or cost	Amount (% pa)	How and when paid
<b>Ongoing annual fees and costs<sup>4</sup></b>		
<b>Administration fees and costs</b>	<p>If you have a defined benefit account – Nil</p> <p>If you have an accumulation account only – \$0.75 per week plus 0.16% pa plus 0.031% pa.</p>	<p>We generally deduct the dollar-based administration fee on the last day of the month from your super account balance. We generally calculate and deduct the percentage based administration fee when unit prices are determined.</p> <p>Where administration costs are higher than member administration fees collected these costs are met from our administration reserve, not from your account balance or investment returns. We estimate this amount for the year ending 30 June 2024 to be 0.031% p.a.</p>
<b>Investment fees and costs<sup>5</sup></b>	<p>High Growth 0.48%, Growth 0.50%, Balanced 0.50%, Moderate 0.51%, Indexed Defensive 0.19%, Defensive 0.45%, Secure 0.19%, Australian Shares 0.14%, International Shares 0.14%, Property 0.30%, Bonds 0.18%, Cash 0.12%</p>	<p>We generally calculate and deduct these fees and costs daily when unit prices are determined.</p>
<b>Transaction costs</b>	<p>High Growth 0.04%, Growth 0.04%, Balanced 0.03%, Moderate 0.03%, Indexed Defensive 0.01%, Defensive 0.02%, Secure 0.02%, Australian Shares 0.00%, International Shares 0.00%, Property 0.00%, Bonds 0.01%, Cash 0.00%</p>	<p>We generally calculate and deduct these costs daily when unit prices are determined.</p>

## Team Super

Type of fee or cost	Amount (% pa)	How and when paid
<b>Member activity related fees and costs</b>		
<b>Buy–sell spread</b>	Nil	
<b>Switching fee</b>	Nil	
<b>Other fees and costs<sup>6</sup></b>	Nil	

<sup>4</sup> If your account balance for a product offered by the superannuation entity is less than \$6,000 at the end of the entity's income year, certain fees and costs charged to you in relation to administration and investment are capped at 3% of the account balance. Any amount charged in excess of that cap must be refunded.

<sup>5</sup> Investment fees and costs includes an amount of 0.00% to 0.06% for performance fees. The calculation basis for this amount is set out in the **Fees information** factsheet which you can find at [teamsuper.com/pds](https://teamsuper.com/pds).

<sup>6</sup> We may apply other fees and costs which relate to family law splits, advice fees for personal advice and insurance fees. See the **Fees information** factsheet at [teamsuper.com/pds](https://teamsuper.com/pds) for further information.

If you're invested in the Lifecycle Investment Strategy, you'll be invested 100% in one of the following options based on your age: High Growth (under age 50), Growth (aged 50-54) or Balanced (aged 55 and above).

### Example of annual fees and costs for superannuation products

This table gives an example of how the ongoing annual fees and costs for the MySuper Lifecycle Investment Strategy and invested 100% in the High Growth investment option, for this superannuation product can affect your superannuation investment over a 1-year period. You should use this table to compare this superannuation product with other superannuation products.

<b>Example - High Growth investment option</b>		<b>Balance of \$50,000</b>
Administration fees and costs	0.191% <sup>7</sup> plus \$39 (regardless of your balance)	For every \$50,000 you have in the superannuation product, you will be charged or have deducted from your investment \$95.50 <sup>7</sup> in administration fees and costs, plus \$39 regardless of your balance
<b>Plus</b> Investment fees and costs	0.48%	<b>And</b> , you will be charged or have deducted from your investment \$240 in investment fees and costs
<b>Plus</b> Transaction costs	0.04%	<b>And</b> , you will be charged or have deducted from your investment \$20 in transaction costs
<b>Equals</b> Cost of product	\$394.50	If your balance was \$50,000, at the beginning of the year, then for that year you will be charged fees and costs of <b>\$394.50</b> for the superannuation product.

**Note:** Additional fees may apply.

<sup>7</sup> A portion of the administration fees and costs are paid from Fund's reserves and not deducted from your account or investment returns, being 0.031% p.a., which for a \$50,000 balance is \$15.50.

## Additional explanation of fees and costs

**Can we change our fees and costs?** We can change our fees and costs without your consent. We'll give you at least 30 days notice of any change. Investment fees and costs and transaction costs may vary as the actual fees and costs charged by the Fund vary. No notice is provided of these changes.

**Insurance premiums** – Details about the cost of your insurance and how your insurance premiums are calculated, including the Insurance Administration Fee are set out in section 8 of this PDS and in the **WA Coal Insurance Guide**. The premiums and Insurance Administration Fee we charge can change in line with the terms of the policy. If the change is material, we'll let you know in writing at least 30 days before the changes take effect.

**Financial advice fees** – If you need financial advice, Team Super Financial Advice<sup>8</sup> is here to provide the help you need to make confident and informed financial decisions. You'll need to complete a **Financial advice fee authorisation** form and return it to us before we can deduct financial advice fees from your account.

**Warning:** If you get financial advice from Team Super Financial Advice, you might have to pay extra fees. The fees you'll be charged will be outlined in a Statement of Advice. The cost of financial advice and how you pay for it depends on the type of advice you're looking for.



For more information about Team Super Financial Advice, read the **Here to help you make confident and informed financial decisions** factsheet at [teamsuper.com/resources](https://teamsuper.com/resources)

<sup>8</sup> Advice is provided by Team Super Financial Advice a trading name of Team Super Services Pty Ltd ABN 49 051 315 014 AFS licence 502700, and is a related entity to the Trustee.



You should read the important information about fees at [teamsuper.com/pds](https://teamsuper.com/pds) before making a decision. Read the factsheet titled **Fees information**. The material relating to fees may change between the time you read this Statement and the day you sign the application form.

## 7. How super is taxed<sup>9</sup>

### When money is paid into your account:

- **Contributions from your employer and before-tax pay (salary sacrifice)** – these are taxed at 15% if you earn less than \$250,000 pa and up to 30% if you earn more than \$250,000 pa. If you contribute amounts above the government's yearly limit, or 'contribution cap', you might have to pay extra tax. For information about withdrawing these excess contributions and the tax implications, read our **How much can I add to my super account?** factsheet at [teamsuper.com/pds](https://teamsuper.com/pds)
- **Contributions you make from your after-tax pay, income or savings** – these aren't taxed, except if you contribute an amount above the government's yearly limit.
- **Contributions from your spouse (spouse contributions)** – these contributions aren't taxed. If you earn less than \$40,000 a year, your spouse might be eligible for an 18% income tax offset on the first \$3,000 they put into your super account each year.

**Warning:** The government has set limits, called 'contribution caps', on how much you can contribute into super. If you exceed these limits you'll pay extra tax.

## Investment earnings

These are generally taxed at 15%. This tax is deducted from the investments you're invested in before earnings are allocated to your account.

## When you withdraw money from your account

The tax you pay when you withdraw money from your super depends on your age:

- **Age 60 and over:** You won't pay tax.
- **Under age 60:** The full 'taxable component' is taxed at your marginal tax rate or 22%, whichever is lower, which includes the Medicare Levy.

If you have to pay tax, we'll deduct it from your withdrawal benefit. Your super won't be taxed if you transfer it to another super fund or pension.

## Tax paid on death benefits

If you die, the amount of tax deducted depends on who receives your super.

- **Paid to dependants** – Tax-free.<sup>10</sup>
- **Paid to non-dependants** – The 'taxable component' is made up of two parts called the 'taxed element' and 'untaxed element'. The tax rates for each will depend on the relevant circumstances.



For more information about dependants, read our **Nominating beneficiaries** factsheet at [teamsuper.com/resources](https://teamsuper.com/resources)

<sup>9</sup> This information on how super is taxed is general information only. How your super is taxed will depend on your personal circumstances.

<sup>10</sup> Adult children who aren't financially dependent or in an interdependency relationship with their parents are considered dependants under super law but non-dependants under tax law. Therefore, if they receive a death benefit they would need to pay tax.

## Tax paid by temporary residents and working holiday makers

If you're a temporary resident or working holiday maker you can apply to withdraw your super if you leave Australia. For temporary residents the 'taxable component' is taxed at 35% and the 'untaxed component' is taxed at 45%, while if you're a working holiday maker your full benefit will be taxed at 65%. These tax rates don't include the Medicare Levy, which might be payable.

**Warning:** You should give us your Tax File Number (TFN) when you open your account with us. If you don't, you may pay extra tax when you contribute money into your account or withdraw money, or you might not be able to make some types of contributions. It will also be more difficult to trace different super accounts in your name so that you receive all your super when you retire.



For more information about TFNs, read our **Your Tax File Number and super** factsheet at [teamsuper.com/resources](https://teamsuper.com/resources)



You should read the important information about contribution caps before making a decision. Read the factsheet titled **How much can I add to my super account?** at [teamsuper.com/pds](https://teamsuper.com/pds). The material relating to contribution caps may change between the time you read this Statement and the day you sign the application form.

## 8. Insurance in your super

**Warning:** Warning: This is only a general summary of our insurance. You can find other important information about insurance, such as the cost of this insurance and if you're eligible to take out insurance through your Team Super account, in our **WA Coal Insurance Guide**. You should read the information in the full PDS including the **WA Coal Insurance Guide**, before deciding if this insurance is appropriate. You can find these documents at [teamsuper.com/pds](https://teamsuper.com/pds)

### Defined benefit account

If you have a defined benefit account, and are working for a WA coal industry employer, you'll be entitled to receive a death and total and permanent disablement (TPD) benefit if you die or become disabled before you turn age 60. This is in addition to the retirement benefit you're entitled to, as outlined in Section 1, titled 'About us'. If you have an accumulation account, you can also apply for extra Voluntary Cover by completing a form. Your death or TPD benefit is worked out using the following formula:  $12\% \times \text{years to age 60}$  x benchmark amount at the date of death or disablement.

To qualify for a TPD benefit, you need to meet the definition of 'Totally and Permanently Disabled' under the insurance policy we've taken out to fund these benefits. You can find this definition on page 6 of the **WA Coal Insurance Guide**.

If you're seriously incapacitated, but don't qualify for a TPD payout and you're under 60 years of age, you might qualify for a partial and permanent disablement benefit. Generally, to qualify the trustee must be of the opinion that you are unable to work in any occupation for your current employer for which you're reasonably qualified and be suffering 'temporary incapacity' within the meaning of the relevant regulations. If you're eligible the total benefit you're able to claim is your retirement benefit at the date you're disabled. This benefit doesn't cost you anything.

### Accumulation account

If you have an accumulation account, we offer insurance cover for death and terminal illness (DTI) cover, total and permanent disablement (TPD) cover and income protection (IP) insurance.

### Basic Cover and how it starts

If you have an accumulation account only (ie. you don't have a defined benefit account) and you're eligible, you'll receive Basic Cover, which consists of two units of DTI cover up to age 70, and two units of TPD cover up to age 65. If you're eligible, you don't need to apply for this insurance or have your health and lifestyle assessed. When cover is added, we'll send you an Insurance Welcome letter outlining your level of cover and the fees (including premiums). Your cover will initially be 'new events cover', meaning that until you've been in active employment for 30 consecutive days from the date cover starts, you'll only be covered for new illnesses or injuries. If you're self-employed when joining the Fund, your cover is 'new events cover' indefinitely. When this cover is automatically added to your account depends on your Occupation Group.

Occupation Group	When basic cover starts automatically
<b>Occupation Group 1 – High Risk (Undeclared)</b>	The later of: <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• you are aged 18, and</li><li>• your account receives a mandatory employer contribution, and</li><li>• your account balance is at least \$500.</li></ul>
• We do not know your occupation	
<b>Occupation Group 1 – High Risk</b>	
• Your occupation is considered dangerous and you do not meet the definition of Occupation Group 2 - Non manual or Occupation Group 3 - Professional	

<b>Occupation Group 1 – Manual</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Your occupation is not considered dangerous, <b>AND</b></li> <li>• You do not meet the definition of Occupation Group 2 Non manual or Occupation Group 3 Professional</li> </ul>	<p>The later of:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• you are aged 25, and</li> <li>• your account receives a mandatory employer contribution, and</li> <li>• your account balance is at least \$6,000.</li> </ul> <p><b>Note:</b> You can opt-in to insurance cover beforehand, but will need to be aged 18, have received a mandatory employer contribution into your account, and your account balance is at least \$500.</p>
<b>Occupation Group 2 – Non manual</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Your occupation is not considered dangerous, <b>AND</b></li> <li>• You work at least 75% of the time in an office environment and perform only non manual duties.</li> </ul>	
<b>Occupation Group 3 – Professional</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Your occupation is not considered dangerous, <b>AND</b></li> <li>• You tell us you work 100% of the time in an office in a sedentary capacity, earn more than \$100,000 a year (or pro-rata if not working full time), and have an accredited higher education qualification or are eligible to belong to a recognised professional body.</li> </ul>	

If you're not yet eligible for Basic Cover, you can still choose to have it added by completing a **Application for Basic Cover (opt-in)** form. You'll need to be aged 18, have received a mandatory employer contribution into your account and have an account balance of at least \$500.

### About dangerous occupations

Generally you can't have Basic Cover added automatically unless you're aged 25 and have an account balance of at least \$6,000. We understand that some jobs can be dangerous. The Government therefore allows us to treat members who work in a 'dangerous occupation' differently. Dangerous occupations include automotive and engineering trades workers; construction and mining labourers; construction trades workers; design, engineering, science and transport professionals; electrotechnology and telecommunications trades workers; factory process workers; health and welfare support workers; machinery and stationary plant operators; mobile plant operators; other labourers; protective service workers; road and rail drivers; and store persons.

### How much are you covered for

Your level of Basic Cover varies depending on your age and Occupation Group. For example, the levels of Basic Cover at age 31 and 51 are shown below. To find out how much you're covered for read the **WA Coal Insurance Guide** at [teamsuper.com/pds](https://teamsuper.com/pds)

	Occupation Group 1 - High Risk (Undeclared), High Risk, Manual		Occupation Group 2 - Non manual, Occupation Group 3 - Professional	
Age next birthday	Death	TPD	Death	TPD
31	\$150,000	\$150,000	\$268,000	\$268,000
51	\$68,000	\$68,000	\$120,000	\$120,000

### Insurance you apply for (subject to medical and lifestyle evidence)

You can apply to:

- transfer equivalent cover you have with another super fund or life insurer
- take out extra DTI and TPD cover called Voluntary Cover (you can apply for this even if you're not eligible for Basic Cover)

- take out Income Protection insurance. You can apply for Income protection insurance within 60 days of the date of your Insurance Welcome letter with a quicker and simpler application process (than would otherwise apply).

## Changing insurance

**Basic Cover** - once Basic Cover is added, you can:

- if you're employed, increase this cover without having your medical and lifestyle assessed by applying for an extra unit of cover within 60 days of your Insurance Welcome letter.
- fix your Basic Cover at any time. This means the dollar amount of cover remains fixed, and as you get older, the premiums will generally increase with your age.
- increase this cover with no medical or lifestyle evidence following a 'life event' (such as marriage, having a child or getting a mortgage).

**Voluntary Cover** - you can apply to change this insurance at any time, such as increasing or decreasing the amount you're covered for.

**Income Protection insurance** - you can apply to change your insured salary and waiting period. Other options are also available depending on which Insurance Division your Income Protection insurance is in.

## Opt-in to our Mining Division

If you become eligible for Basic Cover, you will have a one-off opportunity to opt-in to our Mining Division within 60 days of the date of your Insurance Welcome letter. Whether it's best for you depends on your personal circumstances. For more information read the **Insurance Guides - WA Coal and Mining Divisions** at [teamsuper.com/pds](https://teamsuper.com/pds)

## The cost of insurance

There's a cost\* of having insurance through your accumulation account. It depends on your insurance division, the amount of insurance, your age, gender, salary (for IP insurance only), premium loadings, whether you smoke and your Occupation Group. If you don't tell us your Occupation Group, you could pay more for your insurance than you have to. For more information read our **WA Coal Insurance Guide**.

If you're eligible for Basic Cover, we automatically deduct the cost of your insurance (premium and an Insurance Administration Fee) from your account monthly in arrears, which covers you for that month unless you tell us that you don't want it. The cost of your insurance will continue to be deducted unless you decline or cancel your insurance cover or are no longer eligible.

The range of costs for our insurance can be found below. You can find the full table of premiums rates in our **WA Coal Insurance Guide**.

- **Basic Cover** – cost ranges between \$1.56 per week and \$10.04 per week. As you get older, the amount of your Basic Cover and in turn, its cost, will automatically change.
- **Voluntary Cover** – for \$10,000 of DTI and TPD cover, cost ranges between \$0.032 per week and \$17.672. As you get older, the cost of your Voluntary Cover will automatically change.
- **Income Protection insurance** – for \$1,000 of cover, cost ranges between \$0.303 per week and \$17.537 per week. As you get older, the cost of your Income Protection insurance will automatically change.

\*The insurance premium rates outlined above include an insurance administration fee of 2.9%. All insured members are charged an additional insurance administration fee of 3% of an insured member's gross insurance premiums, charged as a separate and stand-alone fee and deducted each month from the member's super account.

## Cancelling insurance

You can cancel your accumulation account insurance at any time by phone on 13 64 63, via your online account or by completing a form. If you cancel within 120 days of your Insurance Welcome letter, we'll refund your insurance fees (including premiums) to your account, as long as you haven't made a claim. Your insurance will also be cancelled if your account hasn't had a contribution, including transfers from other funds, for 16 months or more. We'll let you know if you're at risk of losing your insurance. You can elect to keep this insurance, regardless of whether your account is inactive, by contacting us or completing a form.

Please be aware that there are additional terms which will affect your cover, including eligibility, cancellation and other conditions which are available in the **Insurance Guide**.



You should read the important information about insurance before making a decision. Read the document titled **WA Coal Insurance Guide** at [teamsuper.com/pds](https://teamsuper.com/pds). The material relating to our insurance may change between the time you read this Statement and the day you sign the application form.

## 9. How to open an account

When you start work in the Western Australian coal mining industry, a Team Super account will automatically be set up for you when we receive your first super contribution from your employer. By law your employer has to make defined benefit contributions on your behalf if you're likely to be employed as a mine worker for at least six months.

### Making a complaint

Here at Team Super we put our customers first and want to ensure we're providing the best possible customer experience. We always value your feedback to continually improve our products and services. If you have a complaint, please get in touch and we'll make every effort to resolve your concerns quickly. There are various ways you can make your complaint, which you can find in our **Complaints Management Policy and Customer Guidance** at [teamsuper.com/complaints](https://teamsuper.com/complaints).

If you need assistance, we can also help you submit your complaint. Let us know by calling 13 64 63 or by using one of the other contact methods outlined in our guidance document. If you're not happy with how we've handled your complaint, or we don't respond to you within 45 calendar days, you can contact the Australian Financial Complaints Authority (AFCA). AFCA provides fair and independent financial services complaint resolution that's free to consumers. You can contact AFCA on 1800 931 678, by email at [info@afca.org.au](mailto:info@afca.org.au) or in writing at Australian Financial Complaints Authority, GPO Box 3, Melbourne VIC 3001.

For more information about making a complaint, go to [teamsuper.com/complaints](https://teamsuper.com/complaints)

### How we protect your personal information – our Privacy Policy

We need to collect information about you to properly set up and manage your account. The government has put in place laws around how we manage this information to make sure it's protected. For more information, read the factsheet titled **Privacy Collection Notice** and our Privacy Policy at [teamsuper.com/privacy-policy](https://teamsuper.com/privacy-policy)

### Communicating with you digitally

Specific information relating to your account will be available digitally, via either your online account or our website. This includes things like Annual Statements, material product changes and transaction confirmations. For material product change notices and Annual Statements, we'll also contact you to let you know when the document is available. Prefer paper? Let us know by calling 13 64 63.



Use this form to update your details, transfer your other super to Team Super, add Basic Cover to your account, tell us your Occupation Group and nominate your beneficiaries.

## Before you start...

Fill this form out in BLOCK letters using a black or blue pen. Write 'X' to mark boxes.

If you make a mistake when filling out the form, cross it out and initial the change. Don't use liquid paper or whiteout. Before you send this form back to us read the Welcome Pack, which includes our Product Disclosure Statement (PDS) and Welcome to Team Super booklet.

1. Your personal details

Mr

Ms

Mrs

Miss

Dr

Other

Male

Female

Member number

Given names

Surname

Date of birth (DD-MM-YYYY)

-

-

Residential address

Suburb

State

Postcode

Postal address. If the same as your residential address, mark 'X' in this box

Suburb

State

Postcode

Mobile phone

Home phone

Work phone

Preferred email

Other email

**Turn over to finish filling out this form...**



## 2. Save on super fund fees

If you've had more than one job, chances are you've got more than one super account. This will mean you're paying multiple fees for multiple accounts.

<input type="checkbox"/>	<b>Transfer your other super to Team Super</b>	
Fund name	<input type="text"/>	Member/account number <input type="text"/>
Unique Superannuation Identifier (USI)	<input type="text"/>	How much do you want to transfer? Mark 'X' in one box <input type="checkbox"/> Full balance, or
Australian Business Number (ABN)	<input type="text"/>	<input type="checkbox"/> Partial amount of \$ <input type="text"/>

## 3. Protecting you and your family

- To find out more about our insurance, see our **WA Coal Division PDS** and **Insurance Guide** at [teamsuper.com/pds](https://teamsuper.com/pds)
- If you have a WA Coal Division defined benefit account, you're entitled to a death and disablement benefit. For more information, see the WA Coal Division Insurance Guide.

### The duty to take reasonable care

If you apply for life insurance, you will be treated as if you are applying for cover under an individual consumer insurance contract. The Insurer will conduct a process called underwriting. It's how it decides whether it can cover you, and if so on what terms and at what cost.

As part of underwriting, the Insurer will ask questions it needs to know the answers to. These will be about your personal circumstances, such as your health and medical history, occupation, income, lifestyle, pastimes, and current and past insurance.

The information you provide in response to those questions will be vital to the Insurer's decision. As such, when applying for life insurance you have a legal duty to take reasonable care not to make a misrepresentation to the Insurer. A misrepresentation is a false answer, an answer that is only partially true, or an answer which does not fairly reflect the truth.

This duty also applies when extending or making changes to existing insurance, and reinstating insurance.

If you do not meet your legal duty, this can have serious impacts on your insurance. Your cover could be avoided (treated as if it never existed), or its terms may be changed.

This may also result in a claim being declined or a benefit being reduced. Whether the Insurer can exercise one of these remedies depends on a number of factors, including:

- whether reasonable care was taken not to make a misrepresentation. This depends on all of the relevant circumstances.
- what the Insurer would have done if the duty had been met - for example, whether it would have offered cover, and if so, on what terms;
- whether the misrepresentation was fraudulent; and
- in some cases, how long it has been since the cover started.

Before any of these remedies are exercised, the Insurer will explain the reasons for its decision, how to respond and provide further information, and what you can do if you disagree.

### 3a. Add Basic Cover to my account (accumulation only members)

Generally you're not eligible for Basic Cover until you meet certain conditions.

However, you can add Basic Cover to your account now, provided you're employed and your employer makes their first contribution to your account.

If you choose to have Basic Cover added and your account becomes 'inactive', that is a contribution hasn't been credited to your account for 16 months or more, your insurance will NOT be cancelled as it would have been in normal circumstances.

For more information about Basic Cover, including its cost and how much you'll receive for your age, read the **WA Coal Division Insurance Guide** at [teamsuper.com/pds](https://teamsuper.com/pds)

☐ **I'd like to add Basic Cover to my account.**

Make sure you check the additional eligibility criteria below so you're not paying for cover you can't use.

☐ You're an Australian or New Zealand citizen or a resident visa holder. If yes, continue through to Section 3b. If no, you're not eligible for Basic Cover, go to Section 4 of this form.

Turn over to finish filling out this form...

### 3b. Tell us your Occupation Group

#### Tell us your Occupation Group to ensure you're not paying too much for insurance

The type of work you do affects the cost of your insurance with us. Until you tell us your Occupation Group, you will be given a Group 1 High Risk (Undeclared) Occupation Group. It's important you provide an Occupation Group as soon as possible as you could pay more for your insurance than you have to.

Occupation Group (mark 'x' in one box)	You qualify for this Group if...
<input type="checkbox"/> <b>Group 1 - High Risk</b>	• Your occupation is considered dangerous (see below) and you do not meet the definition of Group 2 (Non-manual) or Group 3 (Professional).
<input type="checkbox"/> <b>Group 1 - Manual</b>	• Your occupation is <b>not</b> considered dangerous (see below), <b>AND</b> • You do not meet the definition of Group 2 Non-manual or Group 3 Professional.
<input type="checkbox"/> <b>Group 2 - Non-Manual</b>	• Your occupation is <b>not</b> considered dangerous (see below), <b>AND</b> • You work at least 75% of the time in an office environment and perform only non-manual duties.
<input type="checkbox"/> <b>Group 3 - Professional</b>	• Your occupation is <b>not</b> considered dangerous (see below for a list of occupations), <b>AND</b> • You tell us you work 100% of the time in an office in a sedentary capacity, earn more than \$100,000 a year (or pro-rata if not working full time), and have an accredited higher education qualification or are eligible to belong to a recognised professional body.

#### Dangerous occupations

To understand if your occupation is considered dangerous, please refer to the Occupation Group descriptions above together with the following broad occupation categories:

- Automotive and Engineering Trades Workers
- Construction and Mining Labourers
- Construction Trades Workers
- Design, Engineering, Science and Transport Professionals
- Electrotechnology and Telecommunications Trades Workers
- Factory Process Workers
- Health and Welfare Support Workers
- Machinery and Stationary Plant Operators
- Mobile Plant Operators
- Other Labourers
- Protective Service Workers
- Road and Rail Drivers
- Store persons

Turn over to finish filling out this form...

#### 4. Your declaration

**I declare that:**

- I've read and understood our WA Coal Division PDS, including the Insurance Guide, found at [teamsuper.com/pds](https://teamsuper.com/pds)
- I consent to the collection, use and disclosure of my personal information in accordance with Team Super's Privacy Collection Notice and the Privacy Policy available at [teamsuper.com](https://teamsuper.com) and our insurer's privacy policy at [tal.com.au/privacy-policy](https://tal.com.au/privacy-policy) or available on request.
- if my employer has provided my Tax File Number to Team Super, I agree to it being used for lawful purposes, such as checking my identity and transferring my super to another super fund, unless I otherwise tell Team Super in writing.
- the information I've provided in this form is true and correct and isn't misleading.
- I've read the duty to take reasonable care for insurance and I'm aware of the consequences of non-disclosure. I understand that I must advise TAL Life Limited ABN 70 050 109 450 AFS licence 237848 of any changes in my circumstances from now until I'm notified in writing that my application has been accepted. I've disclosed everything I know that could affect the decision to accept my application.
- I understand the implications of the changes I've made, including the effect these changes may have on the premiums I pay, and that the changes won't apply until this correctly completed form is received and processed by Team Super. Any restrictions on my current cover will continue to apply to my changed cover.
- I acknowledge that all insurance cover provided is subject to the Team Super Trust Deed and the terms and conditions of the insurance policies between Team Super and TAL Life Limited as changed from time to time.
- if I've requested to transfer my other super into Team Super, I've considered the change in benefits that may result and any fees that may apply.
- I'm not a politically exposed person (PEP). Visit [teamsuper.com/pep](https://teamsuper.com/pep) for a definition. If you fall under the PEP definition, please contact us on 13 64 63 or via our website.

Your signature



Date (DD-MM-YYYY)

		-			-				
--	--	---	--	--	---	--	--	--	--

Print name

--

Turn over to finish filling out this form...

## 5. Nominate beneficiaries

- ☐ **I want to make or renew a binding nomination.** We must pay your benefit to the people you nominate. If you're making a new nomination you need two witness signatures in the witness signature box below. If you're renewing an existing nomination, you do not need to have this form witnessed.
- ☐ **I want to make a non-binding nomination.** We'll decide who to pay your super and any insurance proceeds to, only using your nomination as a guide. Sign the declaration below but you don't need to have it witnessed.

You can only nominate the executor of your estate and / or your dependants. To nominate a beneficiary, mark 'X' in one or both of the boxes below. Please write the percentage that you want to be paid to each beneficiary. Your benefit can be paid in any percentage to your estate and / or beneficiaries but the total must equal 100%.

☐ I want to nominate the individual(s) listed below.

Beneficiary's full name	Relationship				% of benefit
	<input type="checkbox"/> Spouse	<input type="checkbox"/> Child	<input type="checkbox"/> Financial dependant	<input type="checkbox"/> Interdependent	%
	<input type="checkbox"/> Spouse	<input type="checkbox"/> Child	<input type="checkbox"/> Financial dependant	<input type="checkbox"/> Interdependent	%
	<input type="checkbox"/> Spouse	<input type="checkbox"/> Child	<input type="checkbox"/> Financial dependant	<input type="checkbox"/> Interdependent	%
	<input type="checkbox"/> Spouse	<input type="checkbox"/> Child	<input type="checkbox"/> Financial dependant	<input type="checkbox"/> Interdependent	%

and / or ☐ I want to nominate the executor of my estate.

The following percentage of my benefit will be paid to my estate:  %

**Must add up to TOTAL 100%**

To read more about making a nomination, read our **Nominating Beneficiaries** factsheet at [teamsuper.com/resources](https://teamsuper.com/resources)

### Your declaration

I understand that:

- if my beneficiaries are no longer dependants, they pass away before I do or Team Super can't find them, Team Super will pay my benefit to someone else they consider appropriate.
- if I have a binding nomination this will remain in place for three years from when my two witnesses (new nominations only) and I sign this form. After three years the nomination will cease, but Team Super may still use the information to help find possible beneficiaries.
- if there's an error with my form, by law it can't be considered a binding nomination. When Team Super receives my form they'll undertake an initial review and if they find an error I'll be advised of this.
- if my nomination is binding it'll replace previous nominations. If this nomination is non-binding, it won't replace a binding nomination.
- I can change or cancel this nomination at any time in writing by completing another **Nominate your beneficiaries** form.

Your signature



Date (DD-MM-YYYY)

Print name

### To make your nomination binding, it must be witnessed by two people (new nominations only)

- If this section isn't completed no beneficiaries will be listed on your account.
- **Your witnesses must sign and date this form at the same time as you.**
- If you nominate your 'estate' as a beneficiary, your executor or a beneficiary under the estate can't also be your witness.

I declare that:

- I'm at least 18 years old; I'm not listed as a beneficiary above; and the person named in **Section 1**.

**Your personal details** signed the above declaration in my presence.

Witness 1 signature



Print name

Date (DD-MM-YYYY)

Witness 2 signature



Print name

Date (DD-MM-YYYY)

**When complete return this form to us by:**

**Post** Team Super  
Locked Bag 2020 Newcastle NSW 2300

**Emial** [help@admin.teamsuper.com](mailto:help@admin.teamsuper.com)  
(non-binding beneficiaries only)

Locked Bag 2020 Newcastle NSW 2300 | T 13 64 63 | [teamsuper.com](https://teamsuper.com)  
Team Superannuation Fund | ABN 16 457 520 308  
Team Super Pty Ltd (the Trustee) | ABN 70 003 566 989 | AFS licence 246864

# BOOST YOUR SUPER WITH THE GOVERNMENT CO-CONTRIBUTION

The information in this document forms part of the Product Disclosure Statements for Super and Western Australia (WA) Coal Division dated 21 March 2025.

If your total income is under \$60,400 pa and you make after-tax contributions to your super in the 2024-25 financial year, the government may help grow your super faster by paying a co-contribution into your super account.

## Are you eligible?

You may be eligible for a government co-contribution during a financial year if you:

- are less than 71 years old at the end of the financial year;
- make after-tax contributions to a complying super fund, such as Team Super;
- have total income of less than \$60,400 in the 2024-25 financial year;
- receive 10% or more of your income as an employee, from running a business or both;
- lodge an income tax return at the end of the financial year;
- didn't hold a temporary visa at any time during the financial year (unless you're a New Zealand citizen or it was a prescribed visa);
- aren't a temporary resident;
- haven't exceeded your after-tax contributions cap in a financial year; and
- have a total superannuation balance less than the transfer balance cap at 30 June of the previous financial year. The cap is \$1.9 million for the 2024-25 financial year.

## How much can you receive?

The amount of co-contribution you may receive is based on your total income and how much after-tax contributions you add to your super in a financial year.

The maximum co-contribution for the current financial year is \$500 if you earn \$45,400 pa or less. The co-contribution reduces by 3.33 cents for every dollar you earn over this amount, cutting out once your income reaches \$60,400 pa.

Total income	After-tax contribution required	Maximum co-contribution
\$45,400 pa or less	\$1,000	\$500
\$60,400 pa or more	Nil	Nil



If you haven't provided us with your Tax File Number we won't be able to accept your after-tax contributions. This means you won't be eligible for a co-contribution.

## What are after-tax contributions?

After-tax contributions are voluntary payments you make from your after-tax income to your super. They're also known as non-concessional contributions.

After-tax contributions differ from the regular 11.5% of your salary your employer is obligated to pay for you and any salary sacrifice contributions you might make. These are before-tax contributions, also known as concessional contributions, and don't qualify for the government co-contribution.

## How to make after-tax contributions

### BPAY®

Make a one-off transfer or set up regular payments

**Biller code** 127 175

**Reference** You can find this in your online account on your dashboard page at [teamsuper.com/login](https://teamsuper.com/login)

**Please note:** It's important to ensure you provide the correct biller code and reference when entering your payment details, as it may not be possible to recover your money if it's paid to the wrong account.

## Common questions

### Calculating your total income

Your total income is the sum of your assessable income for the financial year, your reportable fringe benefits total for the financial year and your total reportable employer super contributions for the financial year.

### Does money I add to my spouse's account count towards the co-contribution?

No. A person is only eligible for a co-contribution when they make their own after-tax contributions to their super and meet the eligibility criteria, which includes lodging an income tax return.

### Do you need to apply for the co-contribution?

No. The Australian Taxation Office (ATO) will work out if you're entitled to a co-contribution using information from your super fund and tax return. The ATO will advise you in writing of your co-contribution amount after it's paid into your super account. The co-contribution will usually be paid into the fund where you make your after-tax contributions unless you tell the ATO to pay it to a different fund.

## Handy tips

### Setting up regular after-tax payments to your super

It's easier to put away small amounts each pay than come up with a lump sum at the end of the financial year. To make this simpler, you can create an automatic set and forget savings plan through your bank.

### Easily work out how much you're entitled to

Work out if you're eligible for the co-contribution and how much you could receive using the ATO's super co-contributions calculator at [ato.gov.au](https://ato.gov.au)

## Need more information or advice?

If you have any questions or need help, please get in touch. You can reach us on 13 64 63, Monday to Friday, 8am to 6pm or via our website.

© Registered to BPAY Pty Ltd ABN 69 079 137 518

**Team Super | T 13 64 63 | [teamsuper.com](https://teamsuper.com)**

Any financial advice in this document does not take into account your financial situation, needs or objectives. Before acting, consider if the information is right for your needs and circumstances and read the relevant Product Disclosure Statement (PDS) at [teamsuper.com](https://teamsuper.com). The Target Market Determinations for our financial products can be found at [teamsuper.com/tmd](https://teamsuper.com/tmd). If there are any inconsistencies between this document and the PDS or Trust Deed, the terms of the PDS or Trust Deed will prevail. This information is based on our understanding of current Australian laws and assumes they will remain unchanged. Financial planning services are provided by Team Super Financial Advice a trading name of Team Super Services Pty Ltd ABN 49 051 315 014 AFS licence 502700. Issued by Team Super Pty Ltd ABN 70 003 566 989 AFS licence 246864 as trustee for the Team Superannuation Fund ABN 16 457 520 308.

# HOW MUCH CAN I ADD TO MY SUPER ACCOUNT?

The information in this document forms part of the Product Disclosure Statements for Super and Western Australia (WA) Coal Division dated 21 March 2025.


The government encourages people to put money into super by taxing super at a lower rate than other investments. That's why it's a great way to save for your retirement.

## What's the catch?

Tax concessions on super investments are the Australian government's second largest tax concession after the capital gains tax exemption on people's homes.

That's a lot of tax revenue the government misses out on. To ensure people don't abuse this tax break, the government limits how much any individual can put into super in any one year and still receive tax concessions.

These limits are called contribution caps.

 Check how much tax you can save with super in our **What is super?** factsheet at [teamsuper.com/resources](https://teamsuper.com/resources)

## What's my contribution cap?

How much you can put into your super account each year depends on whether you're making before-tax or after-tax contributions.


### Before-tax contributions

Before-tax contributions, also referred to as 'concessional contributions', is money you put into your super before any tax is taken out. They include compulsory 11.5% employer contributions and any salary sacrifice contributions your employer makes for you\*. After-tax super contributions you claim as a tax deduction will also count towards your before-tax contributions cap.

Before-tax contributions are taxed at 15% if you earn less than \$250,000 pa and up to 30% if you earn more than \$250,000 pa.

**Contribution cap:** \$30,000. This amount will be indexed in line with average weekly ordinary time earnings (AWOTE), rounded down to the nearest \$2,500.

If you have less than \$500,000 in super at June 30 in the previous financial year and haven't used all your annual before-tax contribution cap over the previous five years, you can make catch up contributions using unused cap amounts.

 Remember to consider any bonuses and pay rises, as these may result in your employer making higher than expected before-tax contributions into your super account.


\* If you have a defined benefit account your before-tax contribution amount is worked out using a government formula, and is referred to as 'notional taxed contributions'. We'll report your notional taxed contributions in your member statement.

### After-tax contributions

An after-tax contribution is money you put into your super from your take home pay after your tax is taken out or from other savings. After-tax contributions are also referred to as 'non concessional contributions' and aren't taxed within the fund.

**Contribution cap:** \$120,000 per year or \$360,000 over three years under the bring forward arrangements if you're under age 75. The three year period starts when you contribute more than \$120,000 in a financial year.

If you have more than \$1.9 million in super across all your accounts, including pensions, your contribution cap is zero. This means you could pay extra tax on any after-tax contributions. If you have between \$1.68 and \$1.9 million your \$360,000 three year cap will be lower. You can find more information at the Australian Tax Office's website at [ato.gov.au](https://ato.gov.au)

 Remember to consider any contributions your spouse may have paid into your account or contributions in excess of your before-tax cap for the financial year. These will be included in your after-tax contribution amount.

### Other limits on making contributions

If you're aged 67 to 74 and want to claim your after-tax contributions as a tax deduction, you must work at least 40 hours in any 30 consecutive day period during the current financial year. This is called the 'work test'.

Once you turn age 75, we can only accept employer super contributions and downsizer contributions.

Also, you can't make after-tax contributions if your super fund doesn't have your Tax File Number or the contribution itself exceeds the cap.

## What if I put in more than the cap?

### Before-tax contributions

If you go over the before-tax contribution cap, you can either:

- withdraw up to 85% of the excess contributions and have the excess amount included in your assessable income and taxed at your marginal tax rate, along with an interest charge. You'll receive a 15% tax offset for the contributions tax already paid by your super fund.
- keep the excess contribution in your super fund and have the excess amount included in your assessable income and taxed at your marginal tax rate, along with an interest charge. You'll receive a 15% tax offset for the contributions tax already paid by your super fund. To help pay the extra tax, you can withdraw up to 85% of your excess before-tax contributions from your super fund. The money kept in super will be added to your after-tax contribution cap.



## After-tax contributions

If you go over the after-tax contribution cap you can either:

- withdraw the excess amount and earnings and include the earnings as part of your income, or
- pay the top marginal tax rate tax on the excess amount.

Any excess before-tax contributions that you don't withdraw from your super fund will also count towards your after-tax contribution cap.

## How do I pay any additional tax?

If you choose to keep your excess contribution amounts in your super account, after you lodge your tax return the ATO will notify you of the excess contribution amount.

You can choose whether to pay additional tax on excess before-tax contributions from your super or other assets.

Additional tax on excess after-tax contributions must be paid from your super.

To pay tax from your super account, you'll need to send us a voluntary release authority form. The ATO will send this form to you along with your assessment.

## Does Team Super monitor my contributions?

No, we can't monitor your contributions because the caps apply to all contributions you make during the financial year, including those made to any other super funds you may have.

This means it's important to keep your own records of your total contributions to ensure you don't exceed the caps.



### Keeping track of your contributions

Check how much you've contributed to your Team Super account throughout the year by logging in to your online account at [teamsuper.com/login](https://teamsuper.com/login)

## Need more information or advice?

If you have any questions or need help, please get in touch. You can reach us on 13 64 63, Monday to Friday, 8am to 6pm or via our website.

# WHEN CAN I ACCESS MY SUPER?

The information in this document forms part of the Product Disclosure Statements for Super and Western Australia (WA) Coal Division dated 21 March 2025.

By law, money contributed to super, and investment earnings on that money, must remain in a super fund until you satisfy a 'condition of release'. This usually happens when you retire, or reach preservation age and leave your employer, but there are also other less common circumstances when you can access your super.

## Seven ways to access your super

### 1. You reach a certain age

**You can access your super when you reach:**

- age 65, whether you're working or not
- age 60 and leave your employer. If you have another job or go back to work, you won't be able to access any future super contributions until you leave your employer again.
- age 60 and start a pre-retirement pension, whether you're working or not.

### 2. You have less than \$200 in your account

**You can withdraw your super if you have less than \$200 in your account when:**

- you're not contributing to your Team Super account.
- you find your lost super.

### 3. You become permanently incapacitated, terminally ill or die

**You can access your super plus any insurance cover you're entitled to if you:**

- become permanently incapacitated. To be eligible to access your:
  - account balance - you must meet our Trust Deed rules and the government's definition of permanent incapacity.
  - insurance benefit - as for your account balance but you must also meet the insurance policy rules.
- have a terminal medical condition and two registered medical practitioners, one of whom is a specialist in the relevant field, have certified you suffer from an illness or injury likely to cause death within 24 months.
- die. Your dependants or estate will be entitled to receive your account balance plus any insurance payable on your behalf. To notify us of who you'd like to receive your super and insurance after you pass away, complete a **Nominate your Beneficiaries** form.

### 4. Under financial hardship or specified compassionate grounds

**The government may let you access some of your super under certain circumstances, such as:**

- Financial hardship. If you meet the government's eligibility criteria and can't meet reasonable and immediate family living expenses, you may be able to access some of your super.
- Specified compassionate grounds. These include medical treatment and transport, mortgage assistance, modifications to home and transport to accommodate a severe disability, funeral assistance and care for a terminal medical condition. You need to apply directly to the Australian Taxation Office to access your money.

### 5. You're a temporary resident or working holiday maker

If you're a temporary resident or working holiday maker and have left Australia, you can withdraw your super. After you've left Australia, you'll need to complete an **Application for departing Australia superannuation payment (DASP) from a super fund or retirement savings account** form from [teamsuper.com/resources](https://teamsuper.com/resources). If you're a temporary resident the taxable part of your benefit will be taxed at 35% and the untaxed part of your benefit will be taxed at 45%, while if you're a working holiday maker your full benefit will be taxed at 65%. These tax rates don't include the Medicare Levy, which might also apply.

A temporary resident is a person holding a temporary visa under the Migration Act 1958. If you've ever been a temporary resident (except for a retirement visa or investment retirement visa holder) and you're not an Australian citizen, New Zealand citizen or permanent resident, you can only access your super if you die, have a terminal medical condition, are permanently incapacitated or leave Australia.

A working holiday maker is a person on a 417 (working holiday) visa or a 462 (work and holiday) visa.

### 6. You put too much money into super

If you go over the before-tax contribution cap you can withdraw up to 85% of the excess contributions and have the excess amount included in your assessable income and taxed at your marginal tax rate, along with an interest charge. You'll receive a 15% tax offset for the contributions tax already paid by your super fund.

If you go over the after-tax contribution cap you can withdraw the excess amount and any earnings and include the earnings as part of your income.

Find out more in our **How much can I add to my super account?** factsheet at [teamsuper.com/resources](https://teamsuper.com/resources)

### 7. You have non-preserved super

If you put after-tax money into super before 1 July 1999 this money is non-preserved. There are two types of non-preserved money:

- Unrestricted non-preserved, which you can access at any time.
- Restricted non-preserved, which you can access when you leave your employer.

Withdrawing non-preserved super is subject to Team Super's rules.

## Withdrawing your super

**Applying to withdraw your super:** If you're eligible to withdraw your super (except when applying under compassionate grounds or if you're a temporary resident or working holiday maker who has left Australia), complete a **Withdraw your super** form and send it to us. You can find this form at [teamsuper.com/resources](https://teamsuper.com/resources) or call us on 13 64 63 and we'll send you one.

**Fees:** There are no fees for withdrawing your super.

**Tax:** Tax law requires us to deduct tax before paying your super to you. Your super is divided into a tax-free component, which mainly consists of any after-tax contributions you've made, and a taxable component, which is the rest of your account. The table below shows what tax applies to your circumstances.

There are some important points to note when making a withdrawal:

- You should allow five working days for processing from the date we receive your form. We may take longer or suspend withdrawals if necessary.
- Payment to you can be made directly into your bank account.
- You'll need to leave a minimum of \$10,000 in your account to keep it open. This is to allow for the deduction of fees and costs, and insurance premiums (if you have insurance cover), from your account balance.

Age	Taxable component	Tax-free component
Age 60+ (preservation age)	0%. You don't need to include this in your tax return.	0%
Under preservation age (aged 59 and under)	Taxed at your marginal tax rate or 22%, whichever is lower, which includes the Medicare Levy. This money is treated as assessable income and therefore could affect your HELP debt payments and Medicare Levy surcharge.	0%, including any benefit withdrawn due to terminal illness
If you die*	0% if paid to a dependant or if paid to a non-dependant, taxed at your marginal tax rate or 17%, whichever is lower, which includes the Medicare Levy.	0%

**Note:** If we don't have your Tax File Number your withdrawal may be taxed at the top marginal rate of 47%, including Medicare Levy.

\* Under super law, children are considered dependants and can receive a death benefit. However, tax law doesn't treat adult children as dependants unless certain criteria are met. For more information about this criteria, you can call the Australian Taxation Office infoline on 13 10 20.

## Transferring your super to another fund

You can transfer your super to another fund and close your Team Super account at any time by completing the **Transfer your super to another fund** form at [teamsuper.com/resources](https://teamsuper.com/resources)

### Need more information or advice?

If you have any questions or need help, please get in touch. You can reach us on 13 64 63, Monday to Friday, 8am to 6pm or via our website.

For super and pre-retirement pension accounts only

# LIFECYCLE INVESTMENT STRATEGY

The information in this document forms part of the Product Disclosure Statements for Super and Western Australia (WA) Coal Division dated 21 March 2025.

## Investments to suit your needs and your life stage

As a member, we offer you choice on how to invest your retirement savings. You can choose from pre-mixed and single asset class investment options that let you mix and match how you're invested. If you're a new member and don't want to make a choice, you'll be automatically invested in our **Lifecycle Investment Strategy**. Our Lifecycle Investment Strategy forms part of our MySuper product offering. You can also choose the Lifecycle Investment Strategy at any time.

## What is the Lifecycle Investment Strategy?

The strategy works by giving you greater exposure to growth assets such as shares in the early stages of your working life, and then reducing this as you get older by increasing your exposure to defensive assets such as fixed income and enhanced cash.

This exposes you to greater risk and potentially higher returns when you're young and then aims to reduce volatile investment returns as you get older.

- **Members under age 50** will be invested in the High Growth investment option.
- **Members aged 50-54** will be invested in Growth investment option.
- **Members aged 55 and above** will be invested in Balanced investment option.

## Growth v defensive assets... explained

- Growth assets include shares. They generally have the potential to provide high long-term returns, but also have the highest short-term risk.
- Defensive assets include fixed income and enhanced cash. They generally provide a lower return over the long term but are less likely to fluctuate in value over the short term.

## The risk v return relationship... explained

- When investing, the general rule is that as the potential for a high return increases, the risk of loss also becomes greater. This is known as the 'risk / return relationship'. When choosing where to invest your retirement savings you need to strike a balance between the risk you're comfortable with and the rate of return you need to achieve your retirement goal.
- There is also the risk of experiencing a poor investment performance at an unfavourable time (sometimes called 'sequencing risk'). As members' balances are usually highest in the few years prior to retirement, at a point when there's limited time to catch up again after a negative impact, this risk is greatest near retirement. One way to reduce this risk is to increase your exposure to 'defensive assets' as you grow older, which generally have fewer ups and downs than 'growth assets'.

## How are the High Growth, Growth and Balanced investment options invested?

You can find more information about how the High Growth, Growth and Balanced investment options are invested in their factsheets, which you can find at [teamsuper.com/resources](https://teamsuper.com/resources). Here you'll find the types of asset classes they invest in, their investment objectives and levels of risk.

## Are you happy with how your account is invested?

If you'd like to change how your account is invested, you can do this at any time by logging in to your online account at [teamsuper.com/login](https://teamsuper.com/login). Alternatively, you can download a **Make an investment choice** form from our website or call 13 64 63 for a copy.

You can check how your retirement savings are invested by logging in to your online account at [teamsuper.com/login](https://teamsuper.com/login)

## Have we verified your date of birth?

It's important you check and confirm your date of birth because it can affect your account, including the investment option/s you're invested in. To verify your date of birth, send us a copy of either your birth certificate, driver licence or passport. Your Annual Statement will also show if the date of birth we have recorded for you has been verified. You can find your latest Annual Statement in your online account inbox.

## We're here to help

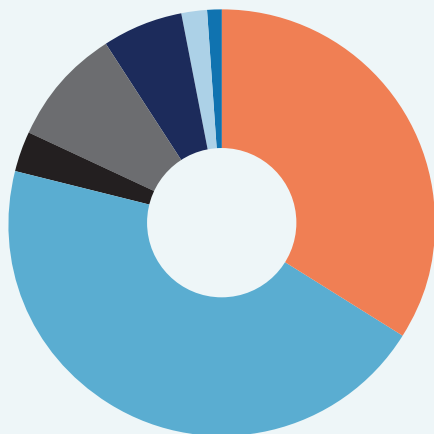
Have you thought about financial advice? Whether it's a simple phone call to cover the basics or a personal appointment to discuss wealth creation, there's no 'one size fits all' approach. Advisers from Team Super Financial Advice are here to provide the help you need to make confident and informed financial decisions. If you have any questions or would like to make an appointment with Team Super Financial Advice, please contact us on 13 64 63 or via our website.

## Your investment options:

**HIGH GROWTH**

The information in this document forms part of the Product Disclosure Statements for Super and Western Australia (WA) Coal Division dated 21 March 2025.

Strategic asset allocation (SAA)



High Growth asset allocation and allowable ranges

	SAA	Allowable range
Australian Shares	34%	19-49%
International Shares	45%	30-60%
Alternatives	3%	0-19%
Infrastructure	9%	0-24%
Property	6%	0-20%
Fixed income	2%	0-17%
Cash	1%	0-16%

**About High Growth****Aims for very strong long-term growth while accepting short-term fluctuations**

Invests primarily in shares, that aim to maximise returns by taking greater risk, with a small allocation to defensive assets such as fixed income and enhanced cash.

**Who is High Growth suitable for?**

Suitable for people who wish to invest their super for five or more years.

High Growth is also one of the investment options under our **Lifecycle Investment Strategy**.

This strategy works by giving you greater exposure to growth assets such as shares in the early stages of your working life, and then reducing this as you get older by increasing your exposure to defensive assets such as fixed income and enhanced cash.

This exposes you to greater risk and potentially higher returns when you're young and then aims to reduce volatile investment returns as you get older.

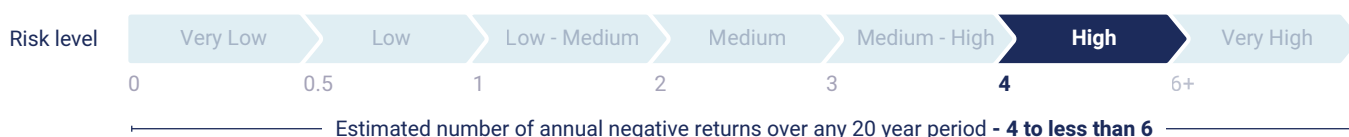
This strategy invests your super over three lifestages, with members invested 100% in the investment option relevant to their age.

**Members under age 50 who are in the Lifecycle Investment Strategy are invested in High Growth.**

For more information, read our Lifecycle Investment Strategy factsheet.

**High Growth's Standard Risk Measure<sup>^</sup>**

High Growth's risk level is high. The table below shows the estimated number of annual negative returns over any 20 year period. These negative returns can be experienced several years apart or several years in a row within the 20 year period.



A portion of the international investments in this investment option are hedged. Currency hedging, which involves selling the international currency and buying the Australian dollar, reduces the currency volatility of this option's international investments.

**What's the investment return objective?**

Achieve a return exceeding the increase in the Consumer Price Index (CPI) by at least 4% pa, after tax and investment costs, over any 10 year period.

**Example:** If the increase in the CPI across 10 years is 2% pa, the investment objective will be for investment returns to exceed 6% pa, after tax and investment costs, over the 10 year period.

## What's the minimum time you should invest in High Growth?

At least five years.



## How has High Growth performed?

### What to look for in investment performance?

As High Growth mostly invests in growth assets, investors can expect higher long term returns along with some low or even large negative returns over the short term. Short-term performance can vary. Generally, it's important to focus on long term performance and your investment time frame.



Visit [teamsuper.com/returns](https://teamsuper.com/returns) for the latest investment returns.\*

### How we invest your money

We appoint professional investment managers to invest your money within strict guidelines.

We regularly review their performance and can remove managers and add new ones.



Visit [teamsuper.com/investments](https://teamsuper.com/investments) for a list of our investment managers.

## Want to make an investment choice?

Read the **Making an Investment Choice** factsheet then log in to your online account at [teamsuper.com/login](https://teamsuper.com/login) using your member number and password.

Once you've logged in, select the menu item **Manage my investments** and select **Change my investment options** to make your investment choice.

If you don't make a choice we'll automatically invest your money in the Lifecycle Investment Strategy.

When deciding which investment option is right for you, it's important to focus on your investment horizon, how much risk you're comfortable with and how much super you need for retirement. If you're still unsure about the right investment option for you, you should talk to your financial adviser.

## Need more information or advice?

If you have any questions or need help, please get in touch. You can reach us on 13 64 63, Monday to Friday, 8am to 6pm or via our website.

**\* Past performance isn't necessarily an indication of future performance.**

<sup>^</sup> We've measured risk using the super industry's Standard Risk Measure so you can compare investment options between different funds. The Standard Risk Measure describes risk based on the number of negative annual returns expected over any 20 year period. It's calculated using a simulated model that takes into account factors that may affect returns. This isn't a complete assessment of investment risk, as it doesn't show the size of negative returns, whether you'll meet your investment objective or the impact of fees and taxes on your returns. You need to be comfortable with the risk and potential losses of your chosen investment options. Visit [teamsuper.com](https://teamsuper.com) for more information about the Standard Risk Measure, the Trustee's risk assessment methodology and other types of investment risk.

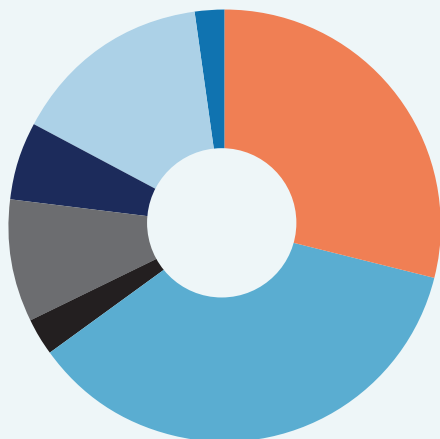


## Your investment options:

**GROWTH**

The information in this document forms part of the Product Disclosure Statements for Super and Western Australia (WA) Coal Division dated 21 March 2025.

Strategic asset allocation (SAA)



Growth asset allocation and allowable ranges

	SAA	Allowable range
Australian Shares	29%	14-44%
International Shares	36%	21-51%
Alternatives	3%	0-18%
Infrastructure	9%	0-24%
Property	6%	0-21%
Fixed income	15%	0-30%
Cash	2%	0-17%

**About Growth****Aims for strong long-term growth while accepting short-term fluctuations**

Invests primarily in shares, that aim to maximise returns by taking greater risk, with some allocation to infrastructure, alternatives (such as private equity), property and defensive assets such as fixed income and enhanced cash.

Growth also invests a portion of its portfolio in fixed income. Fixed income is an income asset and reduces some short term risk, but generally provides lower long-term returns.

**Who is Growth suitable for?**

Suitable for people who wish to invest their super for five or more years.

Growth is also one of the investment options under our Lifecycle Investment Strategy.

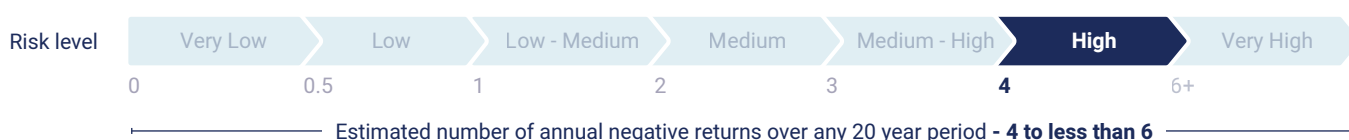
This strategy works by giving you greater exposure to growth assets such as shares in the early stages of your working life, and then reducing this as you get older by increasing your exposure to defensive assets such as fixed income and enhanced cash.

**Members aged 50-54 who are in the Lifecycle Investment Strategy are invested in Growth.**

For more information, read our Lifecycle Investment Strategy factsheet.

**Growth's Standard Risk Measure<sup>A</sup>**

Growth's risk level is high. The table below shows the estimated number of annual negative returns over any 20 year period. These negative returns can be experienced several years apart or several years in a row within the 20 year period.



A portion of the international investments in this investment option are hedged. Currency hedging, which involves selling the international currency and buying the Australian dollar, reduces the currency volatility of this option's international investments.

**What's the investment return objective?**

Achieve a return exceeding the increase in the Consumer Price Index (CPI) by at least 3.5% pa, after tax and investment costs, over any 10 year period.

**Example:** If the increase in the CPI across 10 years is 2% pa, the investment objective will be for investment returns to exceed 5.5% pa, after tax and investment costs, over the 10 year period.

**What's the minimum time you should invest in Growth?**

At least five years.





## How has Growth performed?

### What to look for in investment performance?

As Growth mainly invests in growth assets, investors should expect higher long-term returns along with some low or even negative returns over the short term. Short-term performance can vary. Generally, it's important to focus on long-term performance and your investment time frame.



Visit [teamsuper.com/returns](https://teamsuper.com/returns) for the latest investment returns.\*

### How we invest your money

We appoint professional investment managers to invest your money within strict guidelines.

We regularly review their performance and can remove managers and add new ones.



Visit [teamsuper.com/investments](https://teamsuper.com/investments) for a list of our investment managers.

## Want to make an investment choice?

Read the **Making an Investment Choice** factsheet then log in to your online account at [teamsuper.com/login](https://teamsuper.com/login) using your member number and password.

Once you've logged in, select the menu item **Manage my investments** and select **Change my investment options** to make your investment choice.

If you don't make a choice we'll automatically invest your money in the Lifecycle Investment Strategy.

When deciding which investment option is right for you, it's important to focus on your investment horizon, how much risk you're comfortable with and how much super you need for retirement. If you're still unsure about the right investment option for you, you should talk to your financial adviser.

## Need more information or advice?

If you have any questions or need help, please get in touch. You can reach us on 13 64 63, Monday to Friday, 8am to 6pm or via our website.

**\* Past performance isn't necessarily an indication of future performance.**

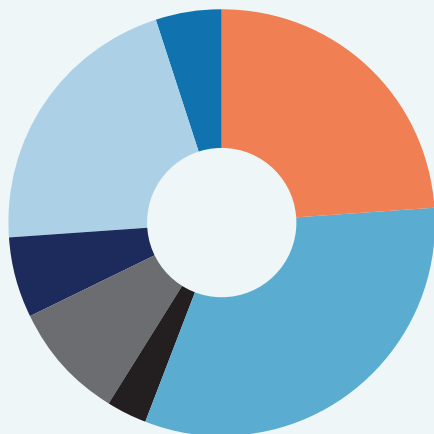
<sup>^</sup> We've measured risk using the super industry's Standard Risk Measure so you can compare investment options between different funds. The Standard Risk Measure describes risk based on the number of negative annual returns expected over any 20 year period. It's calculated using a simulated model that takes into account factors that may affect returns. This isn't a complete assessment of investment risk, as it doesn't show the size of negative returns, whether you'll meet your investment objective or the impact of fees and taxes on your returns. You need to be comfortable with the risk and potential losses of your chosen investment options. Visit [teamsuper.com](https://teamsuper.com) for more information about the Standard Risk Measure, the Trustee's risk assessment methodology and other types of investment risk.

## Your investment options:








**BALANCED**

The information in this document forms part of the Product Disclosure Statements for Super and Western Australia (WA) Coal Division dated 21 March 2025.

## Strategic asset allocation (SAA)



## Balanced asset allocation and allowable ranges

	SAA	Allowable range
 Australian Shares	24%	9-39%
 International Shares	32%	17-47%
 Alternatives	3%	0-18%
 Infrastructure	9%	0-24%
 Property	6%	0-21%
 Fixed income	21%	6-36%
 Cash	5%	0-20%

**About Balanced****Aims for medium long-term growth while accepting short-term fluctuations**

Invests mainly in shares and fixed income, with a small allocation to property, infrastructure and alternatives (such as private equity). Shares are a growth asset that have the potential to provide high long-term returns, but also have the highest short-term risk. Fixed income is a defensive asset that reduces some short-term risk, but provides lower long-term returns.

**Who is Balanced suitable for?**

Suitable for people who wish to invest their super for four or more years.

Balanced is also one of the investment options under our Lifecycle Investment Strategy.

This strategy works by giving you greater exposure to growth assets such as shares in the early stages of your working life, and then reducing this as you get older by increasing your exposure to defensive assets such as fixed income and enhanced cash.

**Members aged 55 and above who are in the Lifecycle Investment Strategy are invested in Balanced.**

For more information, read our Lifecycle Investment Strategy factsheet.



A portion of the international investments in this investment option are hedged. Currency hedging, which involves selling the international currency and buying the Australian dollar, reduces the currency volatility of this option's international investments.

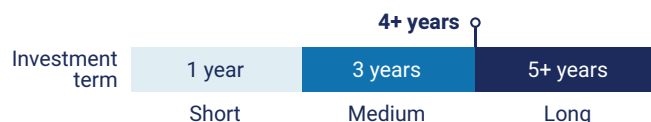
**What's the investment return objective?**

Achieve a return exceeding the increase in the Consumer Price Index (CPI) by at least 3% pa, after tax and investment costs, over any 10 year period.

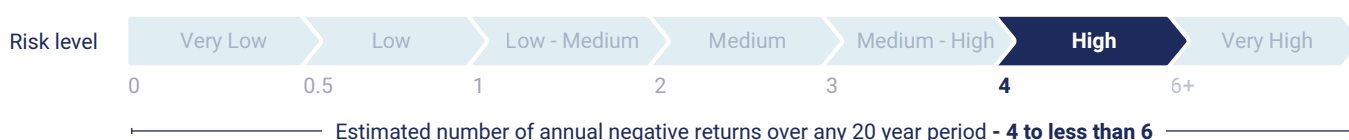
**Example:** If the increase in the CPI across 10 years is 2% pa, the investment objective will be for investment returns to exceed 5% pa, after tax and investment costs, over the 10 year period.

**What's the minimum time you should invest in Balanced?**

At least four years.

**Balanced's Standard Risk Measure<sup>^</sup>**

Balanced's risk level is high. The table below shows the estimated number of annual negative returns over any 20 year period. These negative returns can be experienced several years apart or several years in a row within the 20 year period.



## How has Balanced performed?

### What to look for in investment performance?

As Balanced invests in growth assets, investors should expect higher long-term returns along with some low or even negative returns over the short term. Short-term performance can vary. Generally, it's important to focus on long-term performance and your investment time frame.



Visit [teamsuper.com/returns](https://teamsuper.com/returns) for the latest investment returns.\*

### How we invest your money

We appoint professional investment managers to invest your money within strict guidelines.

We regularly review their performance and can remove managers and add new ones.



Visit [teamsuper.com/investments](https://teamsuper.com/investments) for a list of our investment managers.

## Want to make an investment choice?

Read the **Making an Investment Choice** factsheet then log in to your online account at [teamsuper.com/login](https://teamsuper.com/login) using your member number and password.

Once you've logged in, select the menu item **Manage my investments** and select **Change my investment options** to make your investment choice.

If you don't make a choice we'll automatically invest your money in the Lifecycle Investment Strategy.

When deciding which investment option is right for you, it's important to focus on your investment horizon, how much risk you're comfortable with and how much super you need for retirement. If you're still unsure about the right investment option for you, you should talk to your financial adviser.

## Need more information or advice?

If you have any questions or need help, please get in touch. You can reach us on 13 64 63, Monday to Friday, 8am to 6pm or via our website.

**\* Past performance isn't necessarily an indication of future performance.**

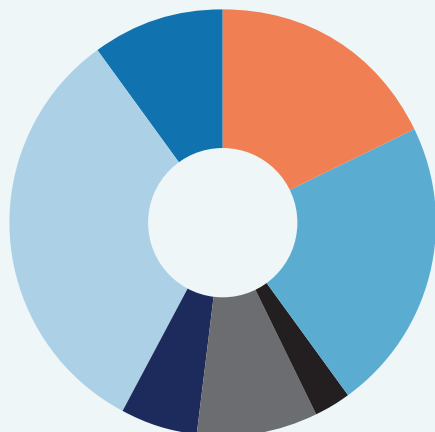
<sup>^</sup> We've measured risk using the super industry's Standard Risk Measure so you can compare investment options between different funds. The Standard Risk Measure describes risk based on the number of negative annual returns expected over any 20 year period. It's calculated using a simulated model that takes into account factors that may affect returns. This isn't a complete assessment of investment risk, as it doesn't show the size of negative returns, whether you'll meet your investment objective or the impact of fees and taxes on your returns. You need to be comfortable with the risk and potential losses of your chosen investment options. Visit [teamsuper.com](https://teamsuper.com) for more information about the Standard Risk Measure, the Trustee's risk assessment methodology and other types of investment risk.

## Your investment options:

**MODERATE**

The information in this document forms part of the Product Disclosure Statements for Super and Western Australia (WA) Coal Division dated 21 March 2025.

## Strategic asset allocation (SAA)



## Moderate asset allocation and allowable ranges

	SAA	Allowable range
Australian Shares	18%	3-33%
International Shares	22%	7-37%
Alternatives	3%	0-18%
Infrastructure	9%	0-24%
Property	6%	0-21%
Fixed income	32%	17-47%
Cash	10%	0-25%

## About Moderate

## Aims to balance the level of long-term growth potential and investment risk

Invests in a mix of defensive assets such as enhanced cash and fixed income and growth assets like shares and property, with a small exposure to alternative investments (such as private equity) and infrastructure.

## Who is Moderate suitable for?

Suitable for people who wish to invest their super for three years or more.



A portion of the international investments in this investment option are hedged. Currency hedging, which involves selling the international currency and buying the Australian dollar, reduces the currency volatility of this option's international investments.

## What's the investment return objective?

Achieve a return exceeding the increase in the Consumer Price Index (CPI) by at least 2.5% pa, after tax and investment costs, over any 10 year period.

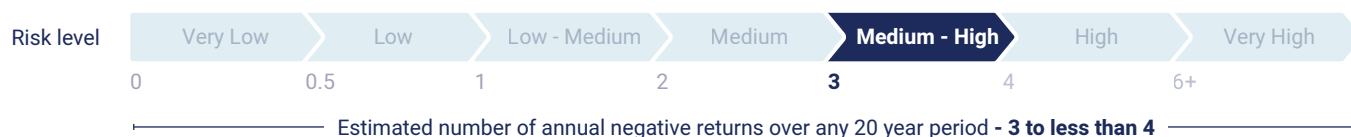
## What's the minimum time you should invest in Moderate?

At least three years.



## Moderate's Standard Risk Measure^

Moderate's risk level is medium to high. The estimated number of annual negative returns over any 20 year period is 3 to less than 4. These negative returns can be experienced several years apart or several years in a row within the 20 year period.



## How has Moderate performed?

### What to look for in investment performance?

As Moderate invests in a mix of defensive and growth assets, investors should expect moderate long-term returns with lower risk, but with the chance of some low or even negative returns in some years. Short-term performance can vary. Generally, it's important to focus on long-term performance and your investment time frame.



Visit [teamsuper.com/returns](https://teamsuper.com/returns) for the latest investment returns.\*

### How we invest your money

We appoint professional investment managers to invest your money within strict guidelines.

We regularly review their performance and can remove managers and add new ones.



Visit [teamsuper.com/investments](https://teamsuper.com/investments) for a list of our investment managers.

## Want to make an investment choice?

Read the **Making an Investment Choice** factsheet then log in to your online account at [teamsuper.com/login](https://teamsuper.com/login) using your member number and password.

Once you've logged in, select the menu item **Manage my investments** and select **Change my investment options** to make your investment choice.

If you don't make a choice we'll automatically invest your money in the Lifecycle Investment Strategy.

When deciding which investment option is right for you, it's important to focus on your investment horizon, how much risk you're comfortable with and how much super you need for retirement. If you're still unsure about the right investment option for you, you should talk to your financial adviser.

## Need more information or advice?

If you have any questions or need help, please get in touch. You can reach us on 13 64 63, Monday to Friday, 8am to 6pm or via our website.

**\* Past performance isn't necessarily an indication of future performance.**

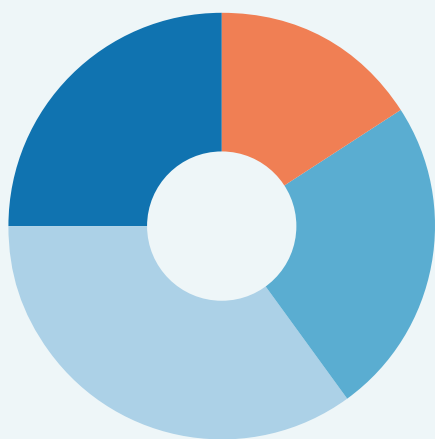
<sup>^</sup> We've measured risk using the super industry's Standard Risk Measure so you can compare investment options between different funds. The Standard Risk Measure describes risk based on the number of negative annual returns expected over any 20 year period. It's calculated using a simulated model that takes into account factors that may affect returns. This isn't a complete assessment of investment risk, as it doesn't show the size of negative returns, whether you'll meet your investment objective or the impact of fees and taxes on your returns. You need to be comfortable with the risk and potential losses of your chosen investment options. Visit [teamsuper.com](https://teamsuper.com) for more information about the Standard Risk Measure, the Trustee's risk assessment methodology and other types of investment risk.

## Your investment options:

**INDEXED DEFENSIVE**

The information in this document forms part of the Product Disclosure Statements for Super and Western Australia (WA) Coal Division dated 21 March 2025.

Strategic asset allocation (SAA)



Indexed Defensive asset allocation and allowable ranges

	SAA	Allowable range
Australian Shares	16%	1-31%
International Shares	24%	9-39%
Alternatives	0%	0%
Infrastructure	0%	0%
Property	0%	0%
Fixed income	36%	21-51%
Cash	24%	9-39%

**About Indexed Defensive****Aims for moderate long-term growth from listed assets while accepting possible short-term fluctuations**

Indexed Defensive is a low-cost passively invested option. It invests in defensive assets, such as fixed income and enhanced cash, and growth assets such as Australian and International Shares.

**Who is Indexed Defensive suitable for?**

Suitable for people who wish to invest their super for three or more years.



A portion of the international investments in this investment option are hedged. Currency hedging, which involves selling the international currency and buying the Australian dollar, reduces the currency volatility of this option's international investments.

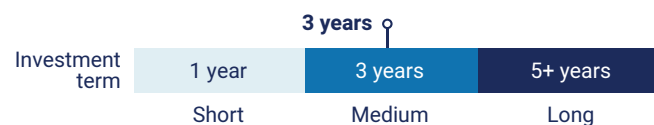
**What's the investment return objective?**

Achieve a return exceeding the increase in the Consumer Price Index (CPI) by at least 1.5% pa, after tax and investment costs, over any 10 year period.

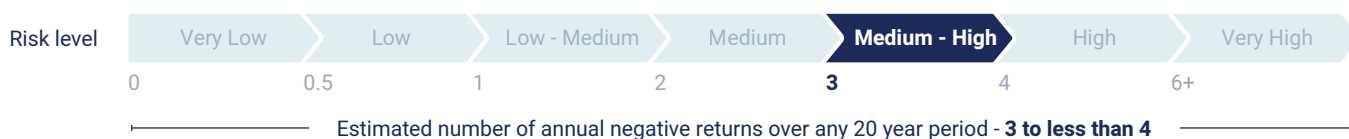
**Example:** If the increase in the CPI across 10 years is 2% pa, the investment objective will be for investment returns to exceed 3.5% pa, after tax and investment costs, over the 10 year period.

**What's the minimum time you should invest in Indexed Defensive?**

At least three years.

**Indexed Defensive's Standard Risk Measure<sup>^</sup>**

Indexed Defensive's risk level is medium to high. The table below shows the estimated number of annual negative returns over any 20 year period. These negative returns can be experienced several years apart or several years in a row within the 20 year period.



## How has Indexed Defensive performed?

### What to look for in investment performance?

As Indexed Defensive invests primarily in defensive assets, investors should expect lower long-term returns compared to higher growth investment options, although the chance of negative returns, as well as their size, should also be lower.

Short-term performance can vary. Generally, it's important to focus on long-term performance and your investment time frame.



Visit [teamsuper.com/returns](https://teamsuper.com/returns) for the latest investment returns.\*

### How we invest your money

We appoint professional investment managers to invest your money within strict guidelines.

We regularly review their performance and can remove managers and add new ones.



Visit [teamsuper.com/investments](https://teamsuper.com/investments) for a list of our investment managers.

## Want to make an investment choice?

Read the **Making an Investment Choice** factsheet then log in to your online account at [teamsuper.com/login](https://teamsuper.com/login) using your member number and password.

Once you've logged in, select the menu item **Manage my investments** and select **Change my investment options** to make your investment choice.

If you don't make a choice we'll automatically invest your money in the Lifecycle Investment Strategy.

When deciding which investment option is right for you, it's important to focus on your investment horizon, how much risk you're comfortable with and how much super you need for retirement. If you're still unsure about the right investment option for you, you should talk to your financial adviser.

## Need more information or advice?

If you have any questions or need help, please get in touch. You can reach us on 13 64 63, Monday to Friday, 8am to 6pm or via our website.

**\* Past performance isn't necessarily an indication of future performance.**

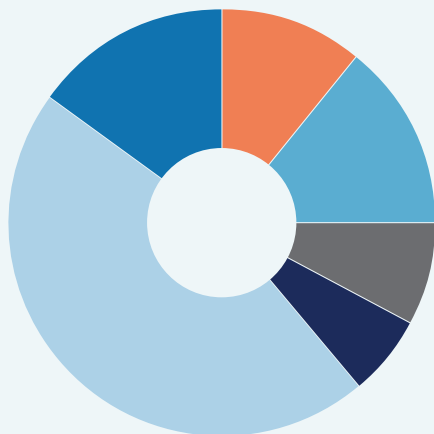
<sup>^</sup> We've measured risk using the super industry's Standard Risk Measure so you can compare investment options between different funds. The Standard Risk Measure describes risk based on the number of negative annual returns expected over any 20 year period. It's calculated using a simulated model that takes into account factors that may affect returns. This isn't a complete assessment of investment risk, as it doesn't show the size of negative returns, whether you'll meet your investment objective or the impact of fees and taxes on your returns. You need to be comfortable with the risk and potential losses of your chosen investment options. Visit [teamsuper.com](https://teamsuper.com) for more information about the Standard Risk Measure, the Trustee's risk assessment methodology and other types of investment risk.

## Your investment options:







**DEFENSIVE**

The information in this document forms part of the Product Disclosure Statements for Super and Western Australia (WA) Coal Division dated 21 March 2025.

Strategic asset allocation (SAA)



Defensive asset allocation and allowable ranges

	SAA	Allowable range
 Australian Shares	11%	0-26%
 International Shares	14%	0-29%
 Infrastructure	8%	0-23%
 Property	6%	0-21%
 Fixed income	46%	31-61%
 Cash	15%	0-30%

**About Defensive****Aims for lower short-term risk with moderate long-term growth from shares**

Invests primarily in defensive assets, such as enhanced cash and fixed income, that aim to provide lower short-term risk, with some allocation to growth assets like shares and infrastructure.

**Who is Defensive suitable for?**

Suitable for people who wish to invest their super for three years or more.



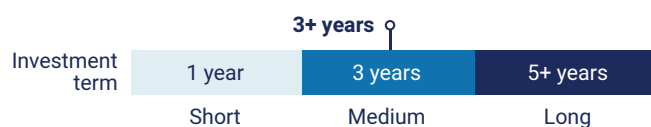
A portion of the international investments in this investment option are hedged. Currency hedging, which involves selling the international currency and buying the Australian dollar, reduces the currency volatility of this option's international investments.

**What's the investment return objective?**

Achieve a return exceeding the increase in the Consumer Price Index (CPI) by at least 1.5% pa, after tax and investment costs, over any 10 year period.

**What's the minimum time you should invest in Defensive?**

At least three years.

**Defensive's Standard Risk Measure^**

Defensive's risk level is medium. The table below shows the estimated number of annual negative returns over any 20 year period. These negative returns can be experienced several years apart or several years in a row within the 20 year period.





## How has Defensive performed?

### What to look for in investment performance?

As Defensive mainly invests in defensive assets, investors should expect moderate long-term returns with lower risk, but with the chance of some low or even negative returns in some years. Short-term performance can vary. Generally, it's important to focus on long-term performance and your investment time frame.



Visit [teamsuper.com/returns](https://teamsuper.com/returns) for the latest investment returns.\*

### How we invest your money

We appoint professional investment managers to invest your money within strict guidelines.

We regularly review their performance and can remove managers and add new ones.



Visit [teamsuper.com/investments](https://teamsuper.com/investments) for a list of our investment managers.

## Want to make an investment choice?

Read the **Making an Investment Choice** factsheet then log in to your online account at [teamsuper.com/login](https://teamsuper.com/login) using your member number and password.

Once you've logged in, select the menu item **Manage my investments** and select **Change my investment options** to make your investment choice.

If you don't make a choice we'll automatically invest your money in the Lifecycle Investment Strategy.

When deciding which investment option is right for you, it's important to focus on your investment horizon, how much risk you're comfortable with and how much super you need for retirement. If you're still unsure about the right investment option for you, you should talk to your financial adviser.

## Need more information or advice?

If you have any questions or need help, please get in touch. You can reach us on 13 64 63, Monday to Friday, 8am to 6pm or via our website.

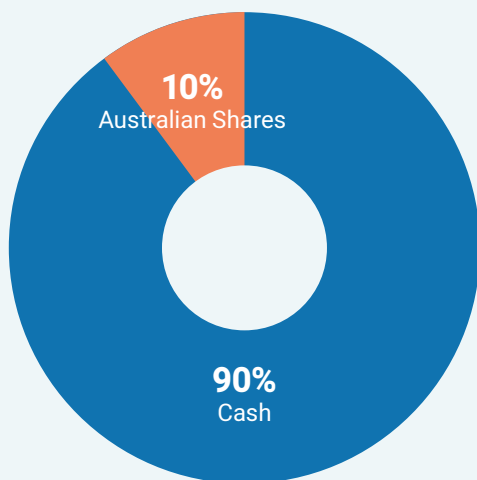
**\* Past performance isn't necessarily an indication of future performance.**

<sup>^</sup> We've measured risk using the super industry's Standard Risk Measure so you can compare investment options between different funds. The Standard Risk Measure describes risk based on the number of negative annual returns expected over any 20 year period. It's calculated using a simulated model that takes into account factors that may affect returns. This isn't a complete assessment of investment risk, as it doesn't show the size of negative returns, whether you'll meet your investment objective or the impact of fees and taxes on your returns. You need to be comfortable with the risk and potential losses of your chosen investment options. Visit [teamsuper.com](https://teamsuper.com) for more information about the Standard Risk Measure, the Trustee's risk assessment methodology and other types of investment risk.

## Your investment options:

**SECURE**

The information in this document forms part of the Product Disclosure Statements for Super and Western Australia (WA) Coal Division dated 21 March 2025.



<span style="color: #f4a460;">■</span>	Australian Shares
<span style="color: #4682b4;">■</span>	International Shares
<span style="color: #191970;">■</span>	Property
<span style="color: #add8e6;">■</span>	Bonds
<span style="color: #0070c0;">■</span>	Cash
<span style="color: #ffcc99;">■</span>	Term Deposit

**About Secure****Invests in cash (90%) and passively invests in the Australian share market (10%)**

Secure aims to provide a low-risk investment. It invests predominantly in cash (a defensive asset class), with a small allocation to Australian shares. Defensive assets have lower short-term risk, but provide low long-term returns. It's possible Secure could generate a negative return, particularly over the short-term, as outlined below under the 'Standard Risk Measure'.

**Who is Secure suitable for?**

Suitable for people who wish to invest their super for at least two years.

**What assets does Secure invest in?**

The Cash portion of Secure is pooled with those of other members and invested in a diversified portfolio of income producing securities (including term deposits, government and government related securities, investment grade corporate securities and residential mortgage-backed securities) and enhanced cash funds.

The Australian shares portion of Secure is invested in companies listed on the Australian share market.

**Secure's Standard Risk Measure<sup>^</sup>**

Secure's risk level is very low. The table below shows the estimated number of annual negative returns over any 20 year period. These negative returns can be experienced several years apart or several years in a row within the 20 year period.

**What's the investment return objective?**

Before investment fees and relevant superannuation taxes, to track the return of a composite benchmark comprising 90% RBA Cash Rate and 10% S&P / ASX 200 Accumulation Index (Net Total Return).

**What's the minimum time you should invest in Secure?**

At least two years.



## How has Secure performed?

### What to look for in investment performance?

Secure is one of our least risky investment options, though there is a small likelihood it could provide a negative return. Investors should be aware that Secure does not include a capital guarantee.



For the latest investment returns go to [teamsuper.com/returns](https://teamsuper.com/returns)\*

### How we invest your money

We appoint professional investment managers to invest your money within strict guidelines.

We regularly review their performance and can remove managers and add new ones.



Visit [teamsuper.com/investments](https://teamsuper.com/investments) for a list of our investment managers.

## Want to make an investment choice?

Read the **Making an Investment Choice** factsheet then log in to your online account at [teamsuper.com/login](https://teamsuper.com/login) using your member number and password.

Once you've logged in, select the menu item **Manage my investments** and select **Change my investment options** to make your investment choice.

If you don't want to make a choice we'll automatically invest your money in the Lifecycle Investment Strategy.

When deciding which investment option is right for you, it's important to focus on your investment horizon, how much risk you're comfortable with and how much super you need for retirement. If you're still unsure about the right investment option for you, you should talk to your financial adviser.

## Need more information or advice?

If you have any questions or need help, please get in touch. You can reach us on 13 64 63, Monday to Friday, 8am to 6pm or via our website.

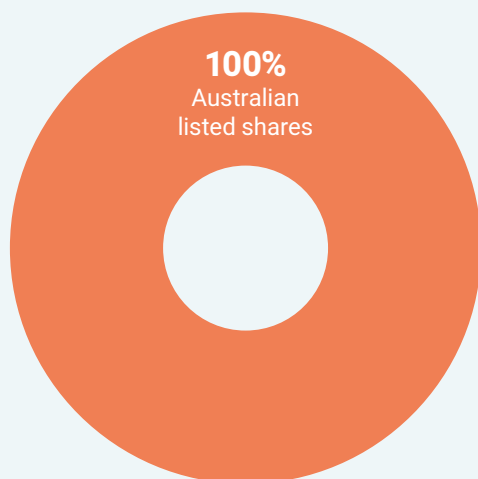
**\* Past performance isn't necessarily an indication of future performance.**

<sup>^</sup> We've measured risk using the super industry's Standard Risk Measure so you can compare investment options between different funds. The Standard Risk Measure describes risk based on the number of negative annual returns expected over any 20 year period. It's calculated using a simulated model that takes into account factors that may affect returns. This isn't a complete assessment of investment risk, as it doesn't show the size of negative returns, whether you'll meet your investment objective or the impact of fees and taxes on your returns. You need to be comfortable with the risk and potential losses of your chosen investment options. Visit [teamsuper.com](https://teamsuper.com) for more information about the Standard Risk Measure, the Trustee's risk assessment methodology and other types of investment risk.

## Your investment options:

# AUSTRALIAN SHARES

The information in this document forms part of the Product Disclosure Statements for Super and Western Australia (WA) Coal Division dated 21 March 2025.



<span style="color: orange;">■</span>	<b>Australian Shares</b>
<span style="color: lightblue;">■</span>	International Shares
<span style="color: darkblue;">■</span>	Property
<span style="color: lightblue;">■</span>	Bonds
<span style="color: blue;">■</span>	Cash

## About Australian Shares

### Passively invests in the Australian share market

Shares are a growth asset and tend to earn the highest return over the long term and have the highest probability of negative returns over the short term. Australian Shares provide access to companies listed on Australia's stock exchange as well as the potential for franked dividends.

### Who is Australian Shares suitable for?

Suitable for people who wish to invest their super for five or more years.

### What assets does Australian Shares invest in?

Australian shares represent ownership in an Australian company.

This ownership gives shareholders the right to share in the company's future financial performance – good or bad.

Shares provide returns through both dividend income and changes in the market value and have historically been the best performing asset class over the long term\*.

### Australian Shares' Standard Risk Measure<sup>^</sup>

Australian Shares' risk level is very high. The table below shows the estimated number of annual negative returns over any 20 year period. These negative returns can be experienced several years apart or several years in a row within the 20 year period.



At times we may hold a small part of this investment option in cash. This is a standard investment administration process to:

- set aside money to invest with our managers.
- manage cash outflows, such as benefit payments, without having to cash in an investment.

### What's the investment return objective?

Before investment fees and relevant superannuation taxes, to track the return on the S&P / ASX 200 Accumulation Index (Net Total Return).

### What's the S&P / ASX 200 Accumulation Index?

This index is designed to provide a broad measure of publicly listed Australian share market performance. It measures the performance of the Australian share market by tracking changes in value and dividends of the approximately top 200 companies. Each company share in the index receives a weighting based on its size, or market capitalisation.



## What's the minimum time you should invest in Australian Shares?


At least five years.



## How has Australian Shares performed?


### What to look for in investment performance?

As Australian Shares is a growth asset, investors should expect higher long term returns along with some low or even negative returns over the short term. Short term performance can vary. It's important to focus on long term performance and your investment time frame.

 Visit [teamsuper.com/returns](https://teamsuper.com/returns) for the latest investment returns.\*

### How we invest your money

We appoint professional investment managers to invest your money within strict guidelines. We regularly review their performance and can remove managers and add new ones.

 Visit [teamsuper.com/investments](https://teamsuper.com/investments) for a list of our investment managers.

## Want to make an investment choice?

Read the **Making an Investment Choice** factsheet then log in to your online account at [teamsuper.com/login](https://teamsuper.com/login) using your member number and password.

Once you've logged in, select the menu item **Manage my investments** and select **Change my investment options** to make your investment choice.

If you don't make a choice we'll automatically invest your money in the Lifecycle Investment Strategy.

When deciding which investment option is right for you, it's important to focus on your investment horizon, how much risk you're comfortable with and how much super you need for retirement. If you're still unsure about the right investment option for you, you should talk to your financial adviser.

## Need more information or advice?

If you have any questions or need help, please get in touch. You can reach us on 13 64 63, Monday to Friday, 8am to 6pm or via our website.

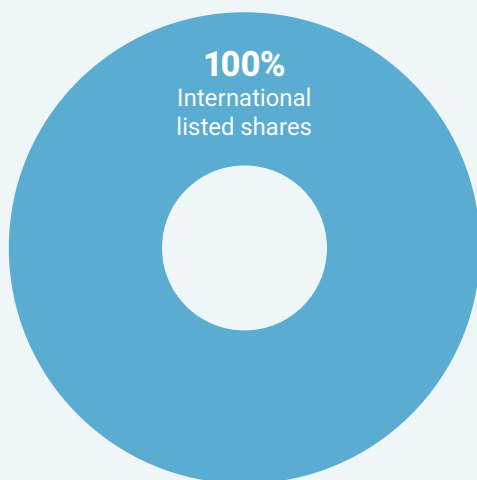
**\* Past performance isn't necessarily an indication of future performance.**

<sup>^</sup> We've measured risk using the super industry's Standard Risk Measure so you can compare investment options between different funds. The Standard Risk Measure describes risk based on the number of negative annual returns expected over any 20 year period. It's calculated using a simulated model that takes into account factors that may affect returns. This isn't a complete assessment of investment risk, as it doesn't show the size of negative returns, whether you'll meet your investment objective or the impact of fees and taxes on your returns. You need to be comfortable with the risk and potential losses of your chosen investment options. Visit [teamsuper.com](https://teamsuper.com) for more information about the Standard Risk Measure, the Trustee's risk assessment methodology and other types of investment risk.

## Your investment options:

**INTERNATIONAL SHARES**

The information in this document forms part of the Product Disclosure Statements for Super and Western Australia (WA) Coal Division dated 21 March 2025.



<span style="color: orange;">■</span>	Australian Shares
<span style="color: #0072bc;">■</span>	<b>International Shares</b>
<span style="color: #002060;">■</span>	Property
<span style="color: #a6c1ec;">■</span>	Bonds
<span style="color: #0056b3;">■</span>	Cash

**About International Shares****Passively invests in developed international share markets**

Shares are a growth asset and tend to earn the highest return in the long term and have the highest probability of negative returns in the short term. International shares offer diversification benefits when compared to investing solely in Australian shares by providing access to new markets and a wider range of companies.

**Who is International Shares suitable for?**

Suitable for people who wish to invest their super for five or more years.

**What assets does International Shares invest in?**

International shares represent ownership in a company listed on an overseas share market. This ownership gives you the right to share in the company's future financial performance – whether good or bad.

Shares provide returns through both dividend income and changes in the market value and are generally the best performing asset class over the long term\*.



The return from the International Shares investment option is affected by movements in the value of international currencies. This is also known as being 'unhedged'. A rise in value of the Australian dollar will have a negative impact on performance, while a fall in value will have a positive impact on performance.

At times we may hold a small part of this investment option in cash. This is a standard investment administration process to:

- set aside money to invest with our managers.
- manage cash outflows, such as benefit payments, without having to cash in an investment.

**International Shares' Standard Risk Measure<sup>^</sup>**

International Shares' risk level is high. The table below shows the estimated number of annual negative returns over any 20 year period. These negative returns can be experienced several years apart or several years in a row within the 20 year period.



## What's the investment return objective?

Before investment fees and relevant superannuation taxes, to track the return on the MSCI World ex-Australia Index (Unhedged, Net Total Return).

## What's the MSCI World ex-Australia Index (Unhedged, Net Total Return)?

This index is designed to provide a broad measure of public share market performance throughout the developed world by measuring large and mid-cap share performance across developed markets countries, excluding Australia.

## What's the minimum time you should invest in International Shares?

At least five years.



## How has International Shares performed?

### What to look for in investment performance?

As International Shares is a growth asset, investors should expect higher long term returns along with some low or even negative returns over the short term. Short term performance can vary. It's important to focus on long term performance and your investment time frame.



Visit [teamsuper.com/returns](https://teamsuper.com/returns) for the latest investment returns.\*

### How we invest your money

We appoint professional investment managers to invest your money within strict guidelines. We regularly review their performance and can remove managers and add new ones.



Visit [teamsuper.com/investments](https://teamsuper.com/investments) for a list of our investment managers.

## Want to make an investment choice?

Read the **Making an Investment Choice** factsheet then log in to your online account at [teamsuper.com/login](https://teamsuper.com/login) using your member number and password.

Once you've logged in, select the menu item **Manage my investments** and select **Change my investment options** to make your investment choice.

If you don't make a choice we'll automatically invest your money in the Lifecycle Investment Strategy.

When deciding which investment option is right for you, it's important to focus on your investment horizon, how much risk you're comfortable with and how much super you need for retirement. If you're still unsure about the right investment option for you, you should talk to your financial adviser.

## Need more information or advice?

If you have any questions or need help, please get in touch. You can reach us on 13 64 63, Monday to Friday, 8am to 6pm or via our website.

**\* Past performance isn't necessarily an indication of future performance.**






<sup>^</sup> We've measured risk using the super industry's Standard Risk Measure so you can compare investment options between different funds. The Standard Risk Measure describes risk based on the number of negative annual returns expected over any 20 year period. It's calculated using a simulated model that takes into account factors that may affect returns. This isn't a complete assessment of investment risk, as it doesn't show the size of negative returns, whether you'll meet your investment objective or the impact of fees and taxes on your returns. You need to be comfortable with the risk and potential losses of your chosen investment options. Visit [teamsuper.com](https://teamsuper.com) for more information about the Standard Risk Measure, the Trustee's risk assessment methodology and other types of investment risk.

## Your investment options:

**PROPERTY**

The information in this document forms part of the Product Disclosure Statements for Super and Western Australia (WA) Coal Division dated 21 March 2025.



	Australian Shares
	International Shares
	<b>Property</b>
	Bonds
	Cash

**About Property****Passively invests in the listed property markets in Australia**

Property is a growth asset that generally provides high long term returns. Property provides returns through both rental income and capital growth and allows investors to diversify a growth asset portfolio. It invests in Australia, which include investments in commercial, industrial and retail property, such as office blocks, warehouses, shopping centres and factories.

**Who is Property suitable for?**

Suitable for people who wish to invest their super for five or more years.

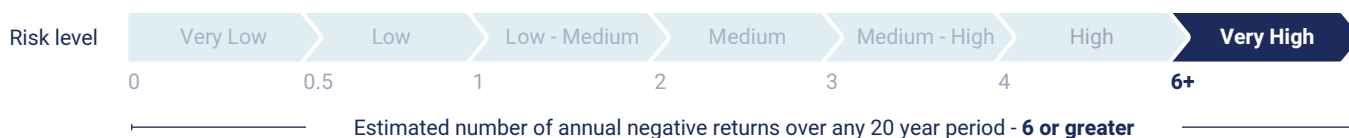


At times we may hold a small part of this investment option in cash. This is a standard investment administration process to:

- set aside money to invest with our managers.
- manage cash outflows, such as benefit payments, without having to cash in an investment.

**Property's Standard Risk Measure<sup>^</sup>**

Property's risk level is very high. The table below shows the estimated number of annual negative returns over any 20 year period. These negative returns can be experienced several years apart or several years in a row within the 20 year period.





## What's the investment return objective?

Before investment fees and relevant superannuation taxes, to track the return of the S&P / ASX 300 A REIT Index.

## What's the S&P / ASX 300 A REIT Index?

The S&P / ASX 300 A REIT Index tracks the performance of Australian real estate investment trusts (A-REITs) which include residential, office, retail, and industrial properties.

## What's the minimum time you should invest in Property?

At least five years.



## How has Property performed?

### What to look for in investment performance?

As Property is a growth asset, investors should expect higher long term returns along with some low or even negative returns over the short term. Short term performance can vary. It's important to focus on long term performance and your investment time frame.



Visit [teamsuper.com/returns](https://teamsuper.com/returns) for the latest investment returns.\*

### How we invest your money

We appoint professional investment managers to invest your money within strict guidelines. We regularly review their performance and can remove managers and add new ones.



Visit [teamsuper.com/investments](https://teamsuper.com/investments) for a list of our investment managers.

## Want to make an investment choice?

Read the **Making an Investment Choice** factsheet then log in to your online account at [teamsuper.com/login](https://teamsuper.com/login) using your member number and password.

Once you've logged in, select the menu item **Manage my investments** and select **Change my investment options** to make your investment choice.

If you don't make a choice we'll automatically invest your money in the Lifecycle Investment Strategy.

When deciding which investment option is right for you, it's important to focus on your investment horizon, how much risk you're comfortable with and how much super you need for retirement. If you're still unsure about the right investment option for you, you should talk to your financial adviser.

## Need more information or advice?

If you have any questions or need help, please get in touch. You can reach us on 13 64 63, Monday to Friday, 8am to 6pm or via our website.

**\* Past performance isn't necessarily an indication of future performance.**

<sup>^</sup> We've measured risk using the super industry's Standard Risk Measure so you can compare investment options between different funds. The Standard Risk Measure describes risk based on the number of negative annual returns expected over any 20 year period. It's calculated using a simulated model that takes into account factors that may affect returns. This isn't a complete assessment of investment risk, as it doesn't show the size of negative returns, whether you'll meet your investment objective or the impact of fees and taxes on your returns. You need to be comfortable with the risk and potential losses of your chosen investment options. Visit [teamsuper.com](https://teamsuper.com) for more information about the Standard Risk Measure, the Trustee's risk assessment methodology and other types of investment risk.

## Your investment options:

**BONDS**

The information in this document forms part of the Product Disclosure Statements for Super and Western Australia (WA) Coal Division dated 21 March 2025.



	Australian Shares
	International Shares
	Property
	<b>Bonds</b>
	Cash

**About Bonds****Passively invests in the Australian bond market**

Bonds are a defensive asset. Historically bonds tend to provide higher returns and are more volatile than cash, but have lower returns and are less volatile than property and shares. Bonds have historically been a good way to offset the risk of investing in growth assets, as prices tend to move in opposite directions.

**Who are Bonds suitable for?**

Suitable for people who wish to invest their super for one to five years.

**What assets does Bonds invest in?**

Bonds, also referred to as 'fixed interest', are issued by companies and governments to raise money. The bond issuer usually promises to make regular interest payments and repay the principal of the bond by a certain date. The level of risk and return is closely linked to the issuer's financial health. For instance, highly rated government bonds, which are less likely to default, pay lower returns than more risky company bonds. The value of bonds also changes depending on interest rate levels, providing potential for capital growth. When interest rates rise, bond prices fall, and vice versa. A bond's price can also move up or down due to changes in inflation, which in turn affects interest rate expectations, and the financial health of the bond's issuer.



At times we may hold a small part of this investment option in cash. This is a standard investment administration process to:

- set aside money to invest with our managers.
- manage cash outflows, such as benefit payments, without having to cash in an investment.

**Bonds' Standard Risk Measure<sup>^</sup>**

Bonds' risk level is medium. The table below shows the estimated number of annual negative returns over any 20 year period. These negative returns can be experienced several years apart or several years in a row within the 20 year period.



## What's the investment return objective?

Before investment fees and relevant superannuation taxes, to track the return on the Bloomberg AusBond Composite 0+ Yr Index.

## What's the Bloomberg AusBond Composite 0+ Yr Index?

This index is designed to measure the performance of the Australian bond market and includes investment grade fixed income securities issued by the Australian Treasury, Australian semi-government entities, supranational and sovereign entities, and corporate entities.

## What's the minimum time you should invest in Bonds?

At least one year.



## How have Bonds performed?

### What to look for in investment performance?

As Bonds are a defensive asset, investors should expect lower long term returns compared to higher growth assets, although the chance of negative returns should also be lower.

Short term performance can vary. It's important to focus on long term performance and your investment time frame.



Visit [teamsuper.com/returns](https://teamsuper.com/returns) for the latest investment returns.\*

### How we invest your money

We appoint professional investment managers to invest your money within strict guidelines. We regularly review their performance and can remove managers and add new ones.



Visit [teamsuper.com/investments](https://teamsuper.com/investments) for a list of our investment managers.

## Want to make an investment choice?

Read the **Making an Investment Choice** factsheet then log in to your online account at [teamsuper.com/login](https://teamsuper.com/login) using your member number and password.

Once you've logged in, select the menu item **Manage my investments** and select **Change my investment options** to make your investment choice.

If you don't make a choice we'll automatically invest your money in the Lifecycle Investment Strategy.

When deciding which investment option is right for you, it's important to focus on your investment horizon, how much risk you're comfortable with and how much super you need for retirement. If you're still unsure about the right investment option for you, you should talk to your financial adviser.

## Need more information or advice?

If you have any questions or need help, please get in touch. You can reach us on 13 64 63, Monday to Friday, 8am to 6pm or via our website.

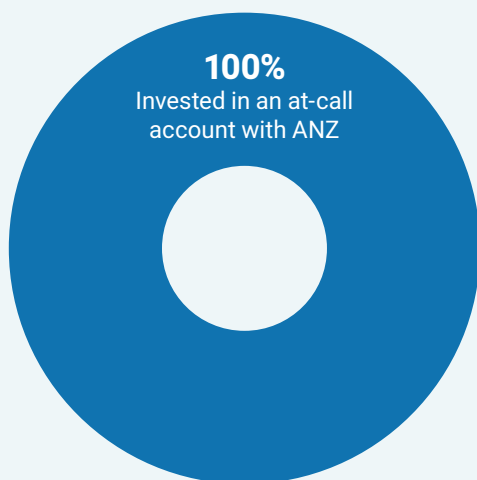
**\* Past performance isn't necessarily an indication of future performance.**

<sup>^</sup> We've measured risk using the super industry's Standard Risk Measure so you can compare investment options between different funds. The Standard Risk Measure describes risk based on the number of negative annual returns expected over any 20 year period. It's calculated using a simulated model that takes into account factors that may affect returns. This isn't a complete assessment of investment risk, as it doesn't show the size of negative returns, whether you'll meet your investment objective or the impact of fees and taxes on your returns. You need to be comfortable with the risk and potential losses of your chosen investment options. Visit [teamsuper.com](https://teamsuper.com) for more information about the Standard Risk Measure, the Trustee's risk assessment methodology and other types of investment risk.

## Your investment options:

**CASH**

The information in this document forms part of the Product Disclosure Statements for Super and Western Australia (WA) Coal Division dated 21 March 2025.



	Australian Shares
	International Shares
	Property
	Bonds
	<b>Cash</b>

**About Cash****Invests in cash at major banks**

Cash is a defensive asset, as it's expected to maintain the value of the principal investment but has relatively low returns.

**Who is Cash suitable for?**

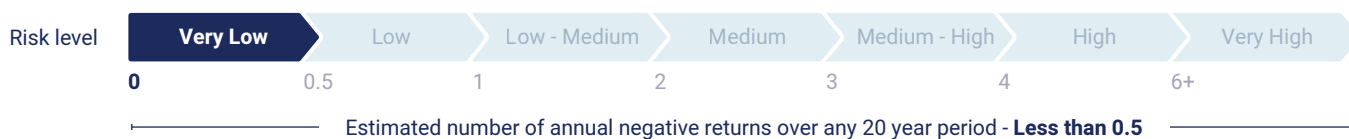
Suitable for people who are willing to accept lower returns in exchange for little or no risk of negative returns.

**What assets does Cash invest in?**

Money in the Cash investment option is held with Australia and New Zealand Banking Group Limited ABN 11 005 357 522 (ANZ). When you invest in this option, your funds are pooled with those of other members and placed in an at-call account with ANZ. While our agreement with ANZ remains current, we won't withdraw from this account unless you choose to withdraw or switch your funds from this option.

**Cash's Standard Risk Measure<sup>^</sup>**

Cash's risk level is very low. The table below shows the estimated number of annual negative returns over any 20 year period. These negative returns can be experienced several years apart or several years in a row within the 20 year period.



## How has Cash performed?

### What to look for in investment performance?

As Cash is one of the least risky investment options, investors should expect to preserve their capital but to also experience low long-term returns. As such, Cash is more suitable for investors who have few years left to invest their super and have little time to ride out the ups and downs of riskier investment options.



Visit [teamsuper.com/returns](https://teamsuper.com/returns) for the latest investment returns.\*

### How we invest your money

We appoint professional investment managers to invest your money within strict guidelines. We regularly review their performance and can remove managers and add new ones.



Visit [teamsuper.com/investments](https://teamsuper.com/investments) for a list of our investment managers.

## Want to make an investment choice?

Read the **Making an Investment Choice** factsheet then log in to your online account at [teamsuper.com/login](https://teamsuper.com/login) using your member number and password.

Once you've logged in, select the menu item **Manage my investments** and select **Change my investment options** to make your investment choice.

If you don't want to make a choice we'll automatically invest your money in the Lifecycle Investment Strategy.

When deciding which investment option is right for you, it's important to focus on your investment horizon, how much risk you're comfortable with and how much super you need for retirement. If you're still unsure about the right investment option for you, you should talk to your financial adviser.

## Need more information or advice?

If you have any questions or need help, please get in touch. You can reach us on 13 64 63, Monday to Friday, 8am to 6pm or via our website.

**\* Past performance isn't necessarily an indication of future performance.**

<sup>^</sup> We've measured risk using the super industry's Standard Risk Measure so you can compare investment options between different funds. The Standard Risk Measure describes risk based on the number of negative annual returns expected over any 20 year period. It's calculated using a simulated model that takes into account factors that may affect returns. This isn't a complete assessment of investment risk, as it doesn't show the size of negative returns, whether you'll meet your investment objective or the impact of fees and taxes on your returns. You need to be comfortable with the risk and potential losses of your chosen investment options. Visit [teamsuper.com](https://teamsuper.com) for more information about the Standard Risk Measure, the Trustee's risk assessment methodology and other types of investment risk.

# FEES INFORMATION

The information in this document forms part of the Product Disclosure Statements for Super and Western Australia (WA) Coal Division dated 21 March 2025.

## Defined fees

We're required to provide you with the following definitions, which are taken from the relevant legislation.

We charge some of these fees and costs, such as administration and investment fees and costs, while other fees aren't charged, such as switching and buy-sell spreads.

### Activity fees

**A fee is an activity fee if:**

- (a) the fee relates to costs incurred by the trustee of the superannuation entity that are directly related to an activity of the trustee:
  - (i) that is engaged in at the request, or with the consent, of a member; or
  - (ii) that relates to a member and is required by law; and
- (b) those costs are not otherwise charged as administration fees and costs, investment fees and costs, transaction costs, a buy-sell spread, a switching fee, an advice fee or an insurance fee.

**Activity fees aren't disclosed in the PDS and we only charge them in limited circumstances, such as when processing a family law split.**

### Administration fees and costs

Administration fees and costs are fees and costs that relate to the administration or operation of the superannuation entity and includes costs incurred by the trustee of the entity that:

- (a) relate to the administration or operation of the entity; and
- (b) are not otherwise charged as investment fees and costs, a buy-sell spread, a switching fee, an activity fee, an advice fee or an insurance fee.

### Advice fees

**A fee is an advice fee if:**

- (a) the fee relates directly to costs incurred by the trustee of the superannuation entity because of the provision of financial product advice to a member by:
  - (i) a trustee of the entity; or
  - (ii) another person acting as an employee of, or under an arrangement with, the trustee of the entity; and
- (b) those costs are not otherwise charged as administration fees and costs, investment fees and costs, a switching fee, an activity fee or an insurance fee.

### Buy-sell spreads

A buy-sell spread is a fee to recover costs incurred by the trustee of the superannuation entity in relation to the sale and purchase of assets of the entity.

**We don't charge a buy-sell spread.**

### Exit fees

An exit fee is a fee, other than a buy-sell spread, that relates to the disposal of all or part of a member's interests in a superannuation entity.

**We don't charge an exit fee.**

## Insurance fees

A fee is an insurance fee for a superannuation product if:

- (a) the fee relates directly to either or both of the following:
  - (i) insurance premiums paid by the trustee of a superannuation entity in relation to a member or members of the entity;
  - (ii) costs incurred by the trustee of a superannuation entity in relation to the provision of insurance for a member or members of the entity; and
- (b) the fee does not relate to any part of a premium paid or cost incurred in relation to a life policy or a contract of insurance that relates to a benefit to the member that is based on the performance of an investment rather than the realisation of a risk; and
- (c) the premiums and costs to which the fee relates are not otherwise charged as administration fees and costs, investment fees and costs, transaction costs, a switching fee, an activity fee or an advice fee.

**For more information about insurance fees read the relevant Insurance Guide at [teamsuper.com/pds](https://teamsuper.com/pds)**

## Investment fees and costs

Investment fees and costs are fees and costs that relate to the investment of the assets of a superannuation entity and includes:

- (a) fees in payment for the exercise of care and expertise in the investment of those assets (including performance fees); and
- (b) costs incurred by the trustee of the entity that:
  - (i) relate to the investment of assets of the entity; and
  - (ii) are not otherwise charged as administration fees and costs, a buy-sell spread, a switching fee, an activity fee, an advice fee or an insurance fee.

## Performance fee

Performance fee means an amount paid or payable, calculated by reference to the performance of a collective investment product, a superannuation product, a MySuper product or an investment option.

## Switching fees

A switching fee for a MySuper product is a fee to recover the costs of switching all or part of a member's interest in a superannuation entity from one class of beneficial interest in the entity to another.

A switching fee for a superannuation product other than a MySuper product, is a fee to recover the costs of switching all or part of a member's interest in the superannuation entity from one investment option or product in the entity to another.

**We don't charge a switching fee.**

## Transaction costs

Transaction costs are costs associated with the sale and purchase of assets of the superannuation entity other than costs that are recovered by the superannuation entity charging buy-sell spreads.

## Additional explanation of fees and costs

### Fee cap

If your account balance is less than \$6,000 on the last day of the financial year, or upon leaving the Fund, the total amount of administration fees, investment fees and transaction costs charged for that year will be capped at no more than 3% of your account balance.

Refunds of any amount charged in excess of that cap will be made within three months from the last financial year, or upon you leaving the Fund.

### Fee changes

We can change our fees and costs without your consent. We'll give you at least 30 days notice of any change. Investment fees and costs and transaction costs may vary as the actual fees and costs charged by the Fund vary. No notice is provided of these changes.

### Tax

Any tax deductions we receive for managing the fund are passed to members in the form of reduced fees and costs. For more information about tax and super go to Section 7 of our **Super PDS** which you can find at [teamsuper.com/pds](https://teamsuper.com/pds)

### Advice fees

Financial advisers from Team Super Financial Advice\* support you with quality advice and recommend what they think is best for you and your future.

We offer an initial appointment at no additional cost with a financial adviser for all members. Simple advice is available over the phone or by video conference, with simple advice on how your account is invested at no additional cost. These costs are included in the Fund's administration fee. The cost of other simple advice starts from just \$110. More complex advice is available by appointment with fees based on the advice you need, starting from \$1,850 up to a maximum of \$3,100.

Advisers from Team Super Financial Advice are salaried employees and do not receive any special payments for providing financial advice. They only recommend the products they think are best for you and that will help you achieve your financial goals.

For more information about financial advice, read our **Here to help you make confident and informed financial decisions** factsheet which you can find at [teamsuper.com/resources](https://teamsuper.com/resources)

**Warning:** If you get financial advice from Team Super Financial Advice, you might have to pay extra fees. The fees you'll be charged will be outlined in a Statement of Advice. The cost of financial advice and how you pay for it depends on the type of advice you're looking for.

### Investment options' fees and costs

Investment option <sup>2</sup>	Investment fees and costs (A)	Performance fees <sup>1</sup>	Transaction costs (B)	TOTAL (A + B)
High Growth	0.48%	0.05%	0.04%	0.52%
Growth	0.50%	0.06%	0.04%	0.54%
Balanced	0.50%	0.06%	0.03%	0.53%
Moderate	0.51%	0.06%	0.03%	0.54%
Indexed Defensive	0.19%	0.00%	0.01%	0.20%
Defensive	0.45%	0.05%	0.02%	0.47%
Secure	0.19%	0.00%	0.02%	0.21%
Australian Shares	0.14%	0.00%	0.00%	0.14%
International Shares	0.14%	0.00%	0.00%	0.14%
Property	0.30%	0.00%	0.00%	0.30%
Bonds	0.18%	0.00%	0.01%	0.19%
Cash	0.12%	0.00%	0.00%	0.12%

<sup>1</sup> Investment fees and costs include performance fees.

<sup>2</sup> If you're invested in the Lifecycle Investment Strategy, you'll be invested 100% in one of the following options based on your age: High Growth (under age 50), Growth (aged 50-54) or Balanced (aged 55 and above).

\* Financial planning services are provided by Team Super Financial Advice a trading name of Team Super Services Pty Ltd ABN 49 051 315 014 AFS licence 502700, and is a related entity to the Trustee.

### Performance fee

Team Super does not directly charge a performance fee. In certain circumstances, Team Super agrees, as part of the fees and costs payable to an investment manager, to pay a performance fee. Performance fees are payable to investment managers if they outperform required performance targets. The performance fees payable varies between the underlying investment managers and may change from year to year.

These performance fees are included in the investment fees and costs and are borne by members invested in an investment option before investment earnings are declared and applied to their account. The performance fees shown in the table below are calculated based on the average of the actual performance fees paid to investment managers for the last five financial years to 30 June 2024 (or a shorter period if the performance fee was not charged for the last five financial years).

### Insurance

Insurance fees apply to insured members as follows:

#### Mining Division

- **DTI/TPD** - The premium rates include an insurance administration fee of 9.5%, retained for managing insurance on behalf of members. This includes claims management, online tools and managing policies with the Insurer.
- **IP** - The premium rates include a 2.9% insurance administration fee, retained for managing insurance on behalf of members. This includes claims management, online tools and managing policies with the Insurer.

#### Default Division

**Insurance premiums** – Insurance premiums apply to all insured members and include an insurance administration fee of 2.9% retained for managing insurance on behalf of members. The cost of premiums varies depending on what cover you have, the level of cover, your age and your Occupation Group.

**Insurance administration fee** – In addition to insurance premiums, all insured members are charged a separate insurance administration fee. This fee is calculated as 3% of an insured member's gross insurance premiums, charged as a separate and standalone fee.

For more information about insurance, refer section 8 of the PDS titled **Insurance in your super** or the relevant Insurance Guide, which you can find at [teamsuper.com/pds](https://teamsuper.com/pds).



## Transaction costs

Transaction costs are deducted from investment option returns before unit prices are determined. They are shown in the Fees and costs summary table of the PDS and in the table above. We generally calculate and deduct this cost daily when unit prices are determined. These costs cover activities associated with trading assets and investments in each investment option such as brokerage, settlement costs, clearing costs. Transaction costs shown in the Fees and costs summary are net of any buy-sell spread (we do not currently charge a buy-sell spread).

Transaction costs can include:

- brokerage which is a service charge levied by external brokers for facilitating transactions;
- buy-sell spread which is charged to Team Super when buying and selling of assets;
- settlement costs which are expenses incurred in finalising a transaction;
- clearing costs which are a service charge for accessing clearing services;
- stamp-duty which is a tax that governments charge for certain documents and transactions; and
- costs incurred in or by an interposed vehicle that would be a transaction cost if incurred by the Fund.

## Other fees

We may apply other fees and costs which relate to family law splits. This fee is \$220.

## Cost of product for 1 year

The cost of product gives a summary calculation about how ongoing annual fees and costs can affect your superannuation investment over a 1-year period for all superannuation products and investment options. It is calculated in the manner shown in the Example of annual fees and costs.

The cost of product information assumes a balance of \$50,000 at the beginning of the year. (Additional fees such as a buy-sell spread may apply: refer to the Fees and costs summary for the relevant superannuation product or investment option.)

You should use this figure to help compare superannuation products and investment options.

Investment option <sup>3</sup>	Cost of product <sup>4</sup>
High Growth	\$395
Growth	\$405
Balanced	\$400
Moderate	\$405
Indexed Defensive	\$235
Defensive	\$370
Secure	\$240
Australian Shares	\$205
International Shares	\$205
Property	\$285
Bonds	\$230
Cash	\$195

## Need more information or advice?

To calculate the effect of fees and costs on your account balance, you can use the MoneySmart calculator, which you can find at [moneysmart.gov.au](https://moneysmart.gov.au)

If you have any questions or need help, please get in touch. You can reach us on 13 64 63, Monday to Friday, 8am to 6pm or via our website.

<sup>3</sup> If you're invested in the Lifecycle Investment Strategy, you'll be invested 100% in one of the following options based on your age: High Growth (under age 50), Growth (aged 50-54) or Balanced (aged 55 and above).

<sup>4</sup> A portion of the administration fees and costs are paid from Fund's reserves and not deducted from your account or investment returns, being 0.031% p.a., which for a \$50,000 balance is \$15.50.



# PRIVACY COLLECTION NOTICE

The information in this document forms part of the Product Disclosure Statements for Super and Western Australia (WA) Coal Division dated 21 March 2025.

We collect personal information about you, including sensitive information, while you have your super with us. This Privacy Collection Notice explains how we collect, use and disclose your personal information.

## The personal information that we collect

**The personal information that we collect about you includes information:**

- your employer gives us such as information about your super contributions, information we need to set up your account (if it's been set up automatically after your employer sent a super contribution to us) and in some instances, your salary
- you provide us in forms such as your name, date of birth, contact details, occupation, salary and bank account details
- you provide us when using our website, including when you log in to your online account
- you provide us when you contact us, such as by email, phone, face-to-face, etc.
- you provide us to take part in competitions, promotions or surveys
- collected from third parties, for example, your new address
- collected by organisations that we use in managing the Fund, for example, our insurers or organisations we ask to do member surveys for us.

We're authorised under various laws including the Superannuation Industry (Supervision) Act, Corporations Act, Anti-Money Laundering and Counter Terrorism Financing Act and the Insurance Contracts Act to collect personal information about you.

## What we use your personal information for

We collect your personal information for superannuation and other related reasons, for example to allow us to follow the law and to let you know about other services and products that might be available to you as someone with an account with us.

This includes things like managing your account, processing your super contributions, dealing with your enquiries and complaints, paying a benefit to you and running promotions and competitions. We might also use your personal information for market research and to ask you how we can improve our products and services.

If you don't give us all the personal information we ask for, we might not be able to accept your super contributions, pay you benefits or investigate your complaints. We might also not be able to provide you with products and services that best meet your needs.

If you give us your email address or mobile number, we'll assume you allow us to use these to contact you. You therefore need to make sure they're up to date.

## Who we give your personal information to

Sometimes we need to give some of your personal information to government agencies, regulators and to other companies and organisations that we use to help us manage the Fund and your account.

We'll only give them the information about you that they need to perform their work. When doing this work, these organisations might contact you. If they collect personal information from you and then send it to us, we'll manage this information in line with this Privacy Collection Notice.

**These companies, organisations and other parties include, but not limited to:**

- SS&C Administration Services (Australia) Pty Limited, which is the company that administers the Fund and your account
- anyone you've asked or allowed us to send your personal information to
- government regulators – APRA, ASIC and AUSTRAC
- the Australian Taxation Office (ATO)
- where there is a complaint, the Australian Financial Complaints Authority or Office of the Australian Information Commissioner
- if you have insurance, TAL Life Limited ABN 70 050 109 450 AFS licence 237848
- organisations that provide us with specialist or professional services such as mail houses, market research and survey organisations, IT companies, auditors, etc.
- in limited circumstances, your employer
- in family law matters, your spouse
- other super funds that you ask us to transfer your super to.

We might give some of your personal information to companies and organisations in the United States (US). We'll only use US companies and organisations that have adopted 'International Safe Harbor Privacy Principles', which generally set out rules to protect your personal information.

For more information about the personal information we send overseas and how your personal information is protected, call us on 13 64 63.

## Our Privacy Policy

We also have a Privacy Policy that provides more information on how we meet our privacy law obligations. You can find it at [teamsuper.com/privacy-policy](https://teamsuper.com/privacy-policy)

It provides you with information about how you can:

- view and ask us to correct your personal information
- make a privacy complaint and how we'll deal with your complaints.

## Contacting us

This Privacy Collection Notice is produced by Team Super Pty Ltd. If you have any privacy questions, you can contact us at:

<b>Phone</b>	13 64 63, Monday to Friday, 8am to 6pm
<b>Email</b>	<a href="mailto:privacy@teamsuper.com">privacy@teamsuper.com</a>
<b>Post</b>	PO Box 9, Newcastle NSW 2300

Super



**WA COAL**

# **INSURANCE GUIDE**

Western Australia (WA) Coal Division  
21 March 2025

This Insurance Guide explains the insurance you can have through Team Super account.

The information in this document forms part of the Product Disclosure Statement (PDS) for the Team Superannuation Fund.

You should read the PDS and this Insurance Guide before deciding if this insurance is appropriate. You can find these documents at **[teamsuper.com/pds](https://teamsuper.com/pds)** Insurance offered through Team Super is provided by TAL Life Limited ABN 70 050 109 450, AFS licence 237848 (TAL or Insurer).

While the PDS sets out general information about insurance, the Team Superannuation Fund's (Fund) Trust Deed and the insurance policy documents set out the full terms on which insurance is offered and, to the extent that there's any inconsistency, override the PDS. To read the Fund's Trust Deed and our insurance policy documents, call 13 64 63, email [help@admin.teamsuper.com](mailto:help@admin.teamsuper.com) or visit our office during business hours.

# CONTENTS

**This Insurance Guide explains the insurance you may have through your Team Super account.**

<b>Part A – Your death and disablement benefits if you hold a defined benefit account</b>	<b>05</b>
<b>Part B – For members with an accumulation account only, automatic insurance you may hold through your Team Super accumulation account</b>	<b>07</b>
The duty to take reasonable care	19
Important information	20
Some insurance terms explained	24
<b>Part C – For members with an accumulation account who would like to apply for Voluntary Cover or Income Protection insurance</b>	<b>28</b>

## Insurance guide

This Insurance Guide explains the insurance you can take out through your Team Super account. We've split this Insurance Guide into three parts:

**Part A** – which explains the death and disablement benefits available if you hold a defined benefit account.

**Part B** – which explains the automatic benefits available if you hold an accumulation account only.

**Part C** – which explains Voluntary Cover and Income Protection insurance that you may apply for if you hold an accumulation account.

You should read the **WA Coal Division Product Disclosure Statement (PDS)** and this **Insurance Guide** before deciding if this insurance is appropriate. You can find the PDS on our website [teamsuper.com/pds](https://teamsuper.com/pds)

# YOUR DEATH AND DISABLEMENT BENEFITS IF YOU HOLD A DEFINED BENEFIT ACCOUNT

These benefits aren't traditional insurance but are benefits you're entitled to under WA law. To fund these benefits, we take out death and total and permanent disablement insurance. When making a claim you'll need to complete forms and provide information to us and our insurer.

## Who's eligible for these benefits?

### Death and total and permanent disablement (TPD) benefits

If your employer is contributing super to your defined benefit account, you're entitled to receive a death and TPD benefit if you die or become disabled. If death or disablement occurs at:

- **Under age 60** – the benefit payable is the sum of:
  - a) the Accrued Defined Benefit which is  $12\% \times$  Benchmark Amount at date of death or disablement  $\times$  years in the WA Coal Division of the Fund; and
  - b) an additional amount based on potential service to the age of 60:  $12\% \times$  Benchmark Amount at date of death or disablement  $\times$  years of potential service from the date of death or total and permanent disablement to the age of 60.

#### To illustrate:

John starts employment with a WA employer at the age of 20. At the age of 35, after 15 years of service, John sustains an injury and claims a TPD benefit.

John's TPD benefit is the sum of:

- (a)  $12\% \times$  Benchmark Amount at date of disablement  $\times$  15, and
  - (b)  $12\% \times$  Benchmark Amount at date of disablement  $\times$  25 (being the years of potential service from the date of disablement to the age of 60).
- **60 or over** – the benefit paid will be your Retirement Benefit. After age 65, your benefit will be your retirement benefit at age 65.

**Benchmark Amount** – You can find the current Benchmark Amount in the **WA Coal PDS** at [teamsuper.com/pds](https://teamsuper.com/pds). This amount usually rises in line with Average Weekly Ordinary Time Earnings.

### Partial or temporary disablement benefit

If you become partially and permanently disabled and are forced to leave your coal mining job, you might be entitled to receive a benefit.

The rules around eligibility and how we're required to pay you are complicated and depend on your individual circumstances. If you think you might be eligible please contact us on 13 64 63.

If you're eligible, the total benefit you're able to claim if you're partially and permanently disabled is your retirement benefit as at the date you were disabled. Please refer to section 1 of the PDS for further information about your retirement benefit. You might also meet this definition if you're temporarily disabled. Please contact us for further information if you become temporarily disabled.

## What happens if I stop working for my WA coal industry employer?

If you become a Retained member your death and disablement benefit is equal to the Accrued Defined Benefit calculated under point (a) to the left. The additional amount under point (b) is only available whilst you are in service with a WA coal industry employer and if you stop working for one, you will no longer be entitled to the additional amount.

## Do these death and disablement benefits cost me anything?

No. The cost of insurance we take out to fund these benefits is built into the employer's contribution rate.

## What conditions do I need to meet to be paid a TPD benefit?

If you're under 60, to be eligible for a TPD benefit you need to meet the definition of 'Totally and Permanently Disabled' under the insurance policy we've taken out to fund these benefits. As at the date of this guide, the definition is as follows:

### Total and Permanent Disablement/ Totally and Permanently Disabled/ TPD

means, an insured member who, solely because of an illness or injury:

- 1) is under the regular care of and following the advice of a medical practitioner; and
- 2) has:
  - a) suffered a specific illness; or
  - b) been continuously unable to return to gainful employment from the date of disablement for a period of at least 90 consecutive days; and
- 3) in the Insurer's opinion, is unlikely to ever again engage in any gainful employment for which they are reasonably suited by their education, training or experience taking account of, at the date the Insurer form their opinion:
  - a) any retraining, re-skilling, gainful employment or voluntary work that has been undertaken or that could reasonably be expected to be undertaken within a reasonable period by the insured member; and
  - b) any rehabilitation that has been undertaken or could reasonably be expected to be undertaken within a reasonable period by the insured member.

In forming the Insurer's opinion in relation to the above, including whether an insured member may likely be able to engage in any gainful employment for which they are reasonably suited by education, training or experience, the Insurer will have regard to all evidence available to them including but not limited to:

- a) medical evidence (including the medical evidence provided by the Insured Member's Medical Practitioners), the advice of a specialist medical practitioner approved by the Insurer, the advice of other experts (medical or otherwise) and any other information that the Insurer consider to be appropriate and relevant at the date the Insurer from their opinion;

- b) whether the insured member has exhausted all reasonable and appropriate treatment options by the date the Insurer form their opinion;
- c) any retraining, re-skilling, gainful employment or voluntary work that has been undertaken by the date the Insurer form their opinion, or that could reasonably be expected to be undertaken by the insured member within a reasonable period following the date the Insurer form their opinion; and
- d) any rehabilitation that has been undertaken by the date the Insurer form their opinion or could reasonably be expected to be undertaken by the insured member within a reasonable period following the date the Insurer form their opinion.

## How will your benefit be paid?

### If you die

Your benefit will be part of your super account and normal super rules will apply. It will not form part of your estate.

You can choose the people you want to receive your death benefit if you die by completing a **Nominate your beneficiaries** form. There are special rules around who you can choose, whether we'll be bound to follow your choice and how we pay your benefit out.



To choose who you want your benefit paid to if you die, you'll need to complete a **Nominate your beneficiaries** form at [teamsuper.com/resources](https://teamsuper.com/resources). For more information read our **Nominating beneficiaries** factsheet at [teamsuper.com/resources](https://teamsuper.com/resources)

### If you're disabled

Your benefit will be credited to your Team Super account. To take this money out of your account, you'll need to meet one of the government's conditions for withdrawing money from super.



# AUTOMATIC INSURANCE YOU MAY HOLD THROUGH YOUR TEAM SUPER ACCUMULATION ACCOUNT

The following section applies to members with an accumulation account only. If you hold a WA Coal defined benefit account (either by itself or with an accumulation account) you're not eligible for this insurance.

## Why it's good to insure through a Team Super accumulation account

- **Hassle free payments** - your insurance is easier to manage as the premiums are automatically deducted from your super account, so you don't need to worry about budgeting or making payments.
- **Automatic insurance cover** - if you're eligible, Death and Terminal Illness (DTI) and Total and Permanent Disablement (TPD) insurance without having to provide medical and financial information. This is called Basic Cover.

Although there are advantages of insuring through your super, it might not be the best solution for everyone, particularly if you have an existing illness or injury and other insurance. You should talk to your financial adviser to see what's best for your situation.

## How your super is invested after death

On notification of a member's death, the member's account balance will remain invested in their current investment options until the benefit is paid to their beneficiaries. Any contributions received after the notification of a member's death will be invested in the Cash investment option until the benefit is paid to their beneficiaries. If the member also has insurance (e.g. death insurance), any insurance benefits payable will also be invested in the Cash investment option until the benefit is paid to their beneficiaries.

## Partnering with TAL

We've partnered with TAL Life Limited (TAL) ABN 70 050 109 450, AFS licence 237848, Australia's leading life insurance specialist, to provide you with insurances. TAL is one of Australia's largest insurers and a leading insurance provider for the super industry. They have been protecting people for over 150 years and today they insure more than 5 million Australians.

## It's important you let us know your occupation

Many details affecting your insurance cover with the Fund - such as when insurance cover automatically starts for you, your level of cover, and the insurance fees you pay - depend on your age and occupation. You can let us know your Occupation Group (including any changes) at any time by completing an **Application to Change Occupation Group** form.

## Have you thought about financial advice?

Whether it's a simple phone call to cover the basics or a personal appointment to discuss wealth creation or your insurance, there's no 'one size fits all' approach. Advisers from Team Super Financial Advice are here to provide the help you need to make confident and informed financial decisions. If you have any questions or would like to make an appointment with Team Super Financial Advice, please get in touch. You can reach us on 13 64 63, Monday to Friday, 8am to 6pm or via our website.

## An important note about insurance fees that are made up of the following parts.

- **Insurance premiums:** Insurance premiums apply to all insured members. These are set out in the tables appearing on pages 11, 14, 16 and 17. These insurance premiums include an insurance administration fee of 2.9% retained for managing insurance on behalf of members. The cost of premiums varies depending on what cover you have, the level of cover, your age and your Occupation Group.
- **Insurance administration fee:** In addition to insurance premiums, all insured members are charged a separate insurance administration fee. This fee is calculated as 3% of an insured member's gross insurance premiums, charged as a separate and standalone fee. The premiums detailed in the tables appearing on pages 11, 14, 16 and 17 do not include this separate insurance administration fee.

Insurance Fees are deducted monthly from your super account unless you tell us you do not want the insurance cover, or you meet a condition that requires us to turn your cover off. If you do not have money going into your account, the ongoing deduction of fees will affect your balance and your final retirement benefit. More information on the calculation and charging of fees can be found in our **Fees information** factsheet.

### Example

This example is for illustrative purposes only.

### How insurance fees are charged:

David drives for a truck for a mining company. He has Basic Cover with the Fund, is 38 years old at his next birthday and for insurance purposes, is in Occupation Group 1 - High risk.

David's insurance premiums are \$10.04 per week.

He will also pay an insurance administration fee, which is \$0.30 per week ( $3\% \times \$10.04 = \$0.30$  rounded).

## Death and Terminal Illness (DTI) and Total and Permanent Disablement (TPD) cover

### About Basic Cover

#### Basic Cover and how it starts

Basic Cover is two units of DTI cover (up to age 70) and two units of TPD cover (up to age 65).

It's a base level of cover – like a safety net – that can help protect you and your family if you die or suffer from an illness or injury that prevents you from returning to work.

Many details affecting your insurance cover with the Fund – such as when cover starts, your level of cover and the insurance fees you pay – depend on which Occupation Group you belong to.

When Basic Cover automatically starts for you depends on which Occupation Group you fall into as follows:

Occupation Group	You will be placed into this Occupation Group if...	When Basic Cover starts automatically
<b>Group 1 - High Risk (Undeclared)</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>We do not know your occupation.</li> </ul>	<b>The later of:</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>you are aged 18, and</li> <li>your account receives a mandatory employer contribution, and</li> <li>your account balance is at least \$500.</li> </ul>
<b>Group 1 - High Risk</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Your occupation is considered dangerous (see page 10) and you do not meet the definition of Group 2 - Non manual and Group 3 - Professional.</li> </ul>	
<b>Group 1 - Manual</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Your occupation is not considered dangerous (see page 10), <b>AND</b></li> <li>You do not meet the definition of Group 2 - Non manual and Group 3 - Professional.</li> </ul>	<b>The later of:</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>you are aged 25</li> <li>your account receives a mandatory employer contribution, and</li> <li>your account balance is at least \$6,000.</li> </ul> <b>Note:</b> You can opt in to insurance cover beforehand, but will need to be aged 18, have received a mandatory employer contribution into your account, and your account balance is at least \$500.
<b>Group 2 - Non manual</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Your occupation is not considered dangerous (see page 10), <b>AND</b></li> <li>You work at least 75% of the time in an office environment and perform only non-manual duties.</li> </ul>	
<b>Group 3 - Professional</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Your occupation is not considered dangerous (see page 10), <b>AND</b></li> <li>You tell us you work 100% of the time in an office in a sedentary capacity, earn more than \$100,000 a year (or pro-rata if not working full time), and have an accredited higher education qualification or are eligible to belong to a recognised professional body.</li> </ul>	

## Where we do not know your occupation

Your Occupation Group will show as Group 1 – High Risk (Undeclared) until you tell us otherwise. It's important you tell us your Occupation Group as soon as possible as it affects how much you pay for your insurance. If you don't tell us, you could pay more for your insurance than you have to.

As a majority of our members work in a dangerous occupation, we will assume you also work in a dangerous occupation if you have not told us your Occupation Group.

Cover will start with insurance fees deducted from your account once you meet the conditions for the automatic start of cover that apply to Occupation Group – Group 1 - High Risk (Undeclared). If you don't work in a dangerous occupation you need to tell us.

You can apply to change your Occupation Group by completing an **Application to Change Occupation Group** form. Please note, if you have insurance cover attached to your account, changing Occupation Groups may mean insurance cover will be automatically switched off.

To ensure this doesn't happen, when you complete your form you'll also be opting in to keep your cover.

All cover is subject to New Events Cover – meaning that until you have been in Active Employment for 30 consecutive days from the date cover starts, you will only be covered for new illnesses or injuries.

If you make a claim that is accepted by the Insurer:

- your sum insured will be paid based on the Occupation Group we have assigned or you have advised us if the duties you actually perform support the selection. If you have not told us your correct Occupation Group, your insured cover will be the insured cover of a Group 1 - High Risk (Undeclared) member, or
- your insured cover and insurance fees will be adjusted for the Occupation Group that applied to your duties if you had incorrectly advised us that you are eligible for Group 2 - Non manual or Group 3 - Professional and your duties at the time of notifying us do not support this.

## About dangerous occupations

Government rules generally mean cover can't be automatically switched on unless you are aged at least 25 and have an account balance of at least \$6,000.

However, the Government allows us to choose to treat members who work in a 'dangerous occupation' differently.

Dangerous occupations include:

- Automotive and Engineering Trades Workers
- Construction and Mining Labourers
- Construction Trades Workers
- Design, Engineering, Science and Transport Professionals
- Electrotechnology and Telecommunications Trades Workers
- Factory Process Workers
- Health and Welfare Support Workers
- Machinery and Stationary Plant Operators
- Mobile Plant Operators
- Other Labourers
- Protective Service Workers
- Road and Rail Drivers
- Storepersons

## Opting-in to Basic Cover

Even if you're not yet eligible for Basic Cover to be automatically switched on, you can opt-in to Basic Cover. Complete the **Application for Basic Cover (opt-in)** form available at [teamsuper.com/resources](https://teamsuper.com/resources)

## When cover starts

When Basic Cover is switched on for you, we will send you an Insurance Welcome letter outlining your level of cover and Insurance Fees. Cover will continue (with Insurance Fees deducted monthly from your account) until you cancel your cover or meet an end of cover condition (see page 22).

## Premiums for Basic Cover

The cost of Basic Cover varies depending on your age and Occupation Group.

Age next birthday	Premium cost per week		
	Two units DTI	Two units TPD	Total cost
<b>Occupation Group - High Risk, Group 1 - High Risk (Undeclared) and Group 1 - Manual</b>			
19-20	\$0.90	\$3.18	<b>\$4.08</b>
21-25	\$1.68	\$3.86	<b>\$5.54</b>
26-29	\$2.38	\$4.46	<b>\$6.84</b>
30-40	\$4.10	\$5.94	<b>\$10.04</b>
41-45	\$3.94	\$5.94	<b>\$9.88</b>
46-50	\$3.84	\$5.94	<b>\$9.78</b>
51-55	\$3.80	\$5.94	<b>\$9.74</b>
56-65	\$3.78	\$5.94	<b>\$9.72</b>
66-70	\$3.84	N/A	<b>\$3.84</b>
<b>Occupation Group 2 - Non manual</b>			
19-20	\$0.32	\$1.36	<b>\$1.68</b>
21-25	\$0.60	\$1.64	<b>\$2.24</b>
26-29	\$0.86	\$1.90	<b>\$2.76</b>
30-40	\$2.68	\$2.58	<b>\$5.26</b>
41-45	\$2.58	\$2.58	<b>\$5.16</b>
46-50	\$2.50	\$2.58	<b>\$5.08</b>
51-55	\$2.48	\$2.58	<b>\$5.06</b>
56-65	\$2.46	\$2.58	<b>\$5.04</b>
66-70	\$2.48	N/A	<b>\$2.48</b>
<b>Occupation Group 3 - Professional</b>			
19-20	\$0.30	\$1.26	<b>\$1.56</b>
21-25	\$0.56	\$1.56	<b>\$2.12</b>
26-29	\$0.78	\$1.80	<b>\$2.58</b>
30-40	\$2.44	\$2.38	<b>\$4.82</b>
41-45	\$2.34	\$2.38	<b>\$4.72</b>
46-50	\$2.28	\$2.38	<b>\$4.66</b>
51-55	\$2.26	\$2.38	<b>\$4.64</b>
56-65	\$2.26	\$2.38	<b>\$4.64</b>
66-70	\$2.26	N/A	<b>\$2.26</b>

### Example

This example is for illustrative purposes only.

### How to calculate the cost of Basic Cover:

Steve, a 19 year old miner (age 20 next birthday), joins Team Super. As his occupation is considered dangerous he becomes an Occupation Group 1 - High Risk member. Looking at Table 1 (see page 12), Steve receives \$20,000 of DTI cover and \$152,000 of TPD cover.

**Cost: Steve's weekly premium for Basic Cover is \$4.08 per week** (see table above) **plus an insurance administration fee of \$0.12 per week.** Steve's level of cover and the costs will change as he gets older. See Table 1 on page 12 for cover levels and the table above for the costs.

## Your level of Basic Cover

Your level of Basic Cover varies depending on your age and Occupation Group.

**Table 1: Basic Cover (DTI and TPD) benefit**

Age next birthday	Basic Cover sum insured			
	Occupation Group 1 - High Risk, Group 1 - High Risk (Undeclared) and Group 1 - Manual		Occupation Group 2 - Non manual and Occupation Group 3 - Professional	
	DTI Cover (2 units)	TPD Cover (2 units)	DTI Cover (2 units)	TPD Cover (2 units)
19 – 20	\$20,000	\$152,000	\$20,000	\$272,000
21 – 25	\$50,000	\$152,000	\$50,000	\$272,000
26 – 29	\$100,000	\$152,000	\$100,000	\$272,000
30	\$152,000	\$152,000	\$272,000	\$272,000
31	\$150,000	\$150,000	\$268,000	\$268,000
32	\$148,000	\$148,000	\$262,000	\$262,000
33	\$144,000	\$144,000	\$256,000	\$256,000
34	\$140,000	\$140,000	\$246,000	\$246,000
35	\$134,000	\$134,000	\$238,000	\$238,000
36	\$128,000	\$128,000	\$232,000	\$232,000
37	\$122,000	\$122,000	\$224,000	\$224,000
38	\$116,000	\$116,000	\$218,000	\$218,000
39	\$110,000	\$110,000	\$210,000	\$210,000
40	\$104,000	\$104,000	\$202,000	\$202,000
41	\$98,000	\$98,000	\$194,000	\$194,000
42	\$92,000	\$92,000	\$186,000	\$186,000
43	\$88,000	\$88,000	\$180,000	\$180,000
44	\$86,000	\$86,000	\$172,000	\$172,000
45	\$84,000	\$84,000	\$164,000	\$164,000
46	\$80,000	\$80,000	\$156,000	\$156,000
47	\$78,000	\$78,000	\$150,000	\$150,000
48	\$76,000	\$76,000	\$142,000	\$142,000
49	\$72,000	\$72,000	\$134,000	\$134,000
50	\$70,000	\$70,000	\$126,000	\$126,000
51	\$68,000	\$68,000	\$120,000	\$120,000
52	\$66,000	\$66,000	\$112,000	\$112,000
53	\$62,000	\$62,000	\$104,000	\$104,000
54	\$58,000	\$58,000	\$96,000	\$96,000
55	\$56,000	\$56,000	\$90,000	\$90,000
56	\$52,000	\$52,000	\$82,000	\$82,000
57	\$48,000	\$48,000	\$74,000	\$74,000
58	\$46,000	\$46,000	\$66,000	\$66,000

**Table 1: Basic Cover (DTI and TPD) benefit (continued)**

Age next birthday	Basic Cover sum insured			
	Occupation Group 1 - High Risk, Group 1 - High Risk (Undeclared) and Group 1 - Manual		Occupation Group 2 - Non manual and Occupation Group 3 - Professional	
	DTI Cover (2 units)	TPD Cover (2 units)	DTI Cover (2 units)	TPD Cover (2 units)
<b>59</b>	\$42,000	\$42,000	\$60,000	\$60,000
<b>60</b>	\$38,000	\$38,000	\$52,000	\$52,000
<b>61</b>	\$34,000	\$34,000	\$48,000	\$46,000
<b>62</b>	\$32,000	\$24,000	\$44,000	\$32,000
<b>63</b>	\$30,000	\$14,000	\$40,000	\$20,000
<b>64</b>	\$26,000	\$8,000	\$36,000	\$10,000
<b>65</b>	\$26,000	\$4,000	\$34,000	\$4,000
<b>66</b>	\$26,000	\$0	\$34,000	\$0
<b>67</b>	\$26,000	\$0	\$34,000	\$0
<b>68</b>	\$26,000	\$0	\$34,000	\$0
<b>69</b>	\$26,000	\$0	\$34,000	\$0
<b>70</b>	\$26,000	\$0	\$34,000	\$0

**Note:** To calculate the value of one unit of Basic Cover, divide the total Basic Cover for your age and Occupation Group by two. To calculate the value of three units of Basic Cover, divide by two and multiply the value of one unit by three.

## Additional DTI and TPD cover

If you have Basic Cover switched on (whether this happens automatically or because you opt-in), you can apply (via the **Newly insured member offer** form) for an extra unit of DTI and TPD cover within 60 days of the date of your Insurance Welcome letter, without the need to provide medical and lifestyle evidence.

Age next birthday	Premium cost per week			
	Basic Cover (2 units of DTI and TPD cover)	Extra unit of DTI (including terminal illness) cover	Extra unit of TPD cover	Total for 3 units of DTI and TPD cover
<b>Occupation Group 1 - High Risk, Group 1 - High Risk (Undeclared) and Group 1 - Manual</b>				
19-20	\$4.08	\$0.45	\$1.59	<b>\$6.12</b>
21-25	\$5.54	\$0.84	\$1.93	<b>\$8.31</b>
26-29	\$6.84	\$1.19	\$2.23	<b>\$10.26</b>
30-40	\$10.04	\$2.05	\$2.97	<b>\$15.06</b>
41-45	\$9.88	\$1.97	\$2.97	<b>\$14.82</b>
46-50	\$9.78	\$1.92	\$2.97	<b>\$14.67</b>
51-55	\$9.74	\$1.90	\$2.97	<b>\$14.61</b>
56-65	\$9.72	\$1.89	\$2.97	<b>\$14.58</b>
66-70	\$3.84*	\$1.92	N/A	<b>N/A</b>
<b>Occupation Group 2 - Non manual</b>				
19-20	\$1.68	\$0.16	\$0.68	<b>\$2.52</b>
21-25	\$2.24	\$0.30	\$0.82	<b>\$3.36</b>
26-29	\$2.76	\$0.43	\$0.95	<b>\$4.14</b>
30-40	\$5.26	\$1.34	\$1.29	<b>\$7.89</b>
41-45	\$5.16	\$1.29	\$1.29	<b>\$7.74</b>
46-50	\$5.08	\$1.25	\$1.29	<b>\$7.62</b>
51-55	\$5.06	\$1.24	\$1.29	<b>\$7.59</b>
56-65	\$5.04	\$1.23	\$1.29	<b>\$7.56</b>
66-70	\$2.48*	\$1.24	N/A	<b>N/A</b>
<b>Occupation Group 3 - Professional</b>				
19-20	\$1.56	\$0.15	\$0.63	<b>\$2.34</b>
21-25	\$2.12	\$0.28	\$0.78	<b>\$3.18</b>
26-29	\$2.58	\$0.39	\$0.90	<b>\$3.87</b>
30-40	\$4.82	\$1.22	\$1.19	<b>\$7.23</b>
41-45	\$4.72	\$1.17	\$1.19	<b>\$7.08</b>
46-50	\$4.66	\$1.14	\$1.19	<b>\$6.99</b>
51-55	\$4.64	\$1.13	\$1.19	<b>\$6.96</b>
56-65	\$4.64	\$1.13	\$1.19	<b>\$6.96</b>
66-70	\$2.26*	\$1.13	N/A	<b>N/A</b>

\*DTI cover only.



## Example

This example is for illustrative purposes only.

### How to calculate the cost of an extra unit of Basic Cover:

Patricia, a 44 year old office worker (age 45 next birthday), joins Team Super as an Occupation Group 2 - Non manual member. Looking at Table 1 (see page 12), Patricia receives \$164,000 of DTI cover and \$164,000 of TPD cover.

**Cost:** Patricia's weekly premium for Basic Cover is \$5.16 per week plus an insurance administration fee of \$0.15 per week (see Cost of Basic Cover table on page 11). As Patricia applied for an additional unit of Basic Cover within 60 days of the date of her Insurance Welcome letter, she didn't have to provide any medical and lifestyle evidence. Patricia's Basic DTI cover will be \$246,000 and TPD cover will be \$246,000.

**Patricia will now have Basic Cover consisting of three units of DTI and TPD cover. Her weekly premium will increase to \$7.74 per week plus an insurance administration fee of \$0.23 per week.**

## Reducing or cancelling your Basic Cover

You can reduce or cancel your Basic Cover at any time by calling us on 13 64 63 or writing to us. The minimum level of cover is 1 unit, and the number of TPD units cannot be higher than your DTI units.

If your request to cancel is within 120 days of the date of your Insurance Welcome letter, any insurance fees deducted from your account will be refunded, as long as you have not claimed under the policy. Any request to cancel or reduce cover outside the 120 days will be effective from the date we receive your valid request.

## Fixing your Basic Cover

Unless you choose to fix your Basic Cover, the dollar amount of cover will change as you get older (see Table 1 on pages 12 and 13). You can choose to fix your Basic Cover at any time without the need to provide medical and lifestyle evidence\*.

This means the dollar amount of cover remains fixed, and as you get older, the premiums will generally increase with your age. Table 2 on pages 16 and 17 shows weekly premiums per \$10,000 of fixed cover by age and Occupation Group. This is known as Fixed Basic Cover.

\* Provided you have not claimed and/or are not eligible to claim, a terminal illness or TPD benefit from the Fund, another super fund or a life insurance company.

## Example

This example is for illustrative purposes only.

Louise is 52 years old (age 53 next birthday), a miner and belongs to Occupation Group 1 - High Risk as she works in a dangerous occupation. Louise currently has \$62,000 of DTI and TPD cover (this equals two units of Basic Cover).

**Louise's Basic Cover insurance premiums are \$9.74 per week plus an insurance administration fee of \$0.29 per week.**

Louise wants to fix her Basic Cover so that the value of her cover does not decrease as she gets older. Her fixed cover will be equal to her current cover.

Fixed DTI and TPD Cover	\$62,000
Fixed Basic Cover premiums are calculated using \$10,000 units	\$62,000 = 6.2 units
<b>New insurance premiums for the fixed cover</b>	
DTI cover premium per week	6.2 x \$0.579 = \$3.590
TPD cover premium per week	6.2 x \$0.909 = \$5.636
<b>Total premium per week for fixed DTI and TPD Cover</b>	<b>\$9.23</b>
<b>PLUS insurance administration fee per week</b>	<b>\$0.28</b>

Louise's insurance premium for fixed cover will generally increase at each birthday, as shown in Table 2 on pages 16 and 17.

## Switching between Fixed Basic and Basic Cover

You can switch between Fixed Basic and Basic Cover by completing and returning the **Switch into or out of Fixed Basic Cover** form which you can find at [teamsuper.com/resources](https://teamsuper.com/resources)

If you want to switch back from Fixed Basic Cover to Basic Cover:

- your Basic Cover will revert to the number of units of Basic Cover you held before you fixed your Basic Cover, and
- your insurance premiums and the level of your Basic Cover will be calculated based on your age at your next birthday at the date of receiving your form.

Table 1 on pages 12 and 13 sets out the amount of cover that applies for your age.

### Example

#### How to calculate the cost of Fixed Basic Cover:

Following on from the previous example, in three years from now Louise will be 55 (age 56 next birthday). Louise still has \$62,000 of fixed DTI and TPD cover, but her premiums have increased to \$11.14 per week plus an insurance administration fee of \$0.33. She has decided to switch her Fixed Basic Cover back to Basic Cover. Louise had two units of Basic Cover before she fixed her cover.

Looking at Table 1, if Louise switches back to Basic Cover, she will receive \$52,000 of DTI and TPD cover.

**Cost: Louise's weekly premium for Basic Cover will revert to \$9.72 per week plus an insurance administration fee of \$0.29 per week.**

*This example is for illustrative purposes only.*

**Table 2: Fixed Basic Cover premium costs**

You can use this table to calculate the cost of Fixed Basic Cover.

Age next birthday	Weekly premium costs for \$10,000 sum insured					
	Occupation Group 1 - High Risk, Group 1 - High Risk (Undeclared) and Group 1 - Manual		Occupation Group 2 - Non manual		Occupation Group 3 - Professional	
	DTI	TPD	DTI	TPD	DTI	TPD
15	\$0.104	\$0.371	\$0.036	\$0.088	\$0.032	\$0.078
16	\$0.104	\$0.371	\$0.036	\$0.088	\$0.032	\$0.078
17	\$0.104	\$0.371	\$0.036	\$0.088	\$0.032	\$0.078
18	\$0.104	\$0.371	\$0.036	\$0.088	\$0.032	\$0.078
19	\$0.104	\$0.371	\$0.036	\$0.088	\$0.032	\$0.078
20	\$0.104	\$0.371	\$0.036	\$0.088	\$0.032	\$0.078
21	\$0.160	\$0.372	\$0.055	\$0.088	\$0.049	\$0.078
22	\$0.160	\$0.372	\$0.055	\$0.088	\$0.049	\$0.078
23	\$0.160	\$0.372	\$0.055	\$0.088	\$0.049	\$0.078
24	\$0.160	\$0.372	\$0.055	\$0.088	\$0.049	\$0.078
25	\$0.160	\$0.372	\$0.055	\$0.088	\$0.049	\$0.078
26	\$0.197	\$0.372	\$0.068	\$0.088	\$0.061	\$0.078
27	\$0.197	\$0.372	\$0.068	\$0.088	\$0.061	\$0.078
28	\$0.197	\$0.372	\$0.068	\$0.088	\$0.061	\$0.078
29	\$0.197	\$0.372	\$0.068	\$0.088	\$0.061	\$0.078
30	\$0.197	\$0.372	\$0.068	\$0.088	\$0.061	\$0.078
31	\$0.254	\$0.381	\$0.088	\$0.088	\$0.078	\$0.088
32	\$0.264	\$0.381	\$0.088	\$0.088	\$0.088	\$0.088
33	\$0.264	\$0.401	\$0.098	\$0.088	\$0.088	\$0.088
34	\$0.283	\$0.410	\$0.098	\$0.088	\$0.088	\$0.088

**Table 2: Fixed Basic Cover premium costs (continued)**

Age next birthday	Weekly premium costs for \$10,000 sum insured					
	Occupation Group 1 - High Risk, Group 1- High Risk (Undeclared) and Group 1 - Manual		Occupation Group 2 - Non manual		Occupation Group 3 - Professional	
	DTI	TPD	DTI	TPD	DTI	TPD
35	\$0.293	\$0.420	\$0.098	\$0.107	\$0.088	\$0.088
36	\$0.303	\$0.440	\$0.098	\$0.107	\$0.098	\$0.088
37	\$0.322	\$0.479	\$0.107	\$0.107	\$0.098	\$0.107
38	\$0.332	\$0.488	\$0.107	\$0.107	\$0.098	\$0.107
39	\$0.361	\$0.518	\$0.107	\$0.117	\$0.098	\$0.107
40	\$0.381	\$0.537	\$0.127	\$0.117	\$0.107	\$0.107
41	\$0.385	\$0.577	\$0.122	\$0.117	\$0.103	\$0.117
42	\$0.404	\$0.606	\$0.132	\$0.117	\$0.122	\$0.117
43	\$0.423	\$0.636	\$0.132	\$0.127	\$0.122	\$0.117
44	\$0.442	\$0.655	\$0.141	\$0.127	\$0.132	\$0.127
45	\$0.451	\$0.685	\$0.141	\$0.137	\$0.132	\$0.127
46	\$0.458	\$0.704	\$0.146	\$0.137	\$0.137	\$0.127
47	\$0.467	\$0.724	\$0.156	\$0.166	\$0.137	\$0.137
48	\$0.485	\$0.733	\$0.156	\$0.166	\$0.146	\$0.166
49	\$0.503	\$0.782	\$0.165	\$0.176	\$0.156	\$0.166
50	\$0.512	\$0.802	\$0.174	\$0.196	\$0.165	\$0.176
51	\$0.524	\$0.821	\$0.190	\$0.196	\$0.172	\$0.196
52	\$0.552	\$0.861	\$0.217	\$0.205	\$0.190	\$0.196
53	\$0.579	\$0.909	\$0.226	\$0.215	\$0.208	\$0.205
54	\$0.624	\$0.978	\$0.244	\$0.235	\$0.226	\$0.215
55	\$0.660	\$1.027	\$0.271	\$0.274	\$0.235	\$0.244
56	\$0.702	\$1.095	\$0.288	\$0.313	\$0.261	\$0.274
57	\$0.738	\$1.183	\$0.315	\$0.333	\$0.288	\$0.313
58	\$0.801	\$1.262	\$0.351	\$0.372	\$0.315	\$0.333
59	\$0.864	\$1.369	\$0.387	\$0.411	\$0.360	\$0.381
60	\$0.936	\$1.496	\$0.450	\$0.479	\$0.414	\$0.440
61	\$1.044	\$1.711	\$0.495	\$0.538	\$0.450	\$0.499
62	\$1.134	\$2.455	\$0.531	\$0.763	\$0.486	\$0.724
63	\$1.233	\$4.068	\$0.594	\$1.291	\$0.531	\$1.213
64	\$1.377	\$8.939	\$0.657	\$2.689	\$0.594	\$2.562
65	\$1.440	\$17.672	\$0.693	\$5.124	\$0.630	\$4.841
66	\$1.565	\$17.672	\$0.756	\$5.124	\$0.684	\$4.841
67	\$1.691	\$17.672	\$0.810	\$5.124	\$0.738	\$4.841
68	\$1.871	\$17.672	\$0.882	\$5.124	\$0.801	\$4.841
69	\$2.015	\$17.672	\$0.954	\$5.124	\$0.873	\$4.841
70	\$2.204	\$17.672	\$1.053	\$5.124	\$0.945	\$4.841

## Other flexible insurance options

If you join or rejoin the Fund on or from 20 May 2024, and you become eligible for Basic Cover to begin we will send you an Insurance Welcome letter. You will have a one-off opportunity to opt-in to our Mining Division within 60 days of the date of your Insurance Welcome letter. Cover in the Mining Division is not available if you're a member of Team Super by way of a successor fund transfer. If you do not opt in to the Mining Division within this 60 day time frame, your insurance, if applicable, will remain and you will not be able to opt into the Mining Division in the future.

If you've opted into the Mining Division, you're unable to switch back.

Whether it's best for you to join our Mining Division depends on your personal circumstances. For example, the Mining Division offers automatic IP insurance, which means you don't need to get your health assessed. There are differences in the definitions and costs of insurances between the Mining Division and Basic Cover described here. It's important you read the **Insurance Guide - Mining Division** and this Insurance Guide closely before making any decision to change your insurance division. You can also find further information by reading our **Insurance - Default or Mining Division** factsheet which you can find at [teamsuper.com/resources](https://teamsuper.com/resources)

If you decide to opt into the Mining Division, your cover under this division will end on the day before your cover begins in the Mining Division. Your cover will begin in the Mining Division on the date we receive your application.

To opt into the Mining Division fill in an **Opt-in to the Mining Division** form which you can find at [teamsuper.com/resources](https://teamsuper.com/resources)

## Life Events Cover

Following a 'life event', if you have Basic Cover with us, you may be eligible to apply for an increase to your cover with no medical and lifestyle evidence required.

These events include:

- a salary increase
- you recently married
- you or your spouse gave birth to or adopted a child
- your child attends primary or secondary school for the first time
- you mortgaged your home as security for a loan to purchase that home (can only be used once)
- you got divorced
- your spouse died
- you first became eligible for a Centrelink Carer's Allowance

The amount of extra DTI only, or DTI and TPD cover you will receive will be equivalent of one unit of Basic Cover based on your age next birthday.

Importantly, you do not need to provide any medical and lifestyle evidence to obtain this additional cover. However, to be eligible for additional DTI and/or TPD you must have Basic or Fixed Basic Cover on your account at the time. Please note that any cover added to your account under this feature will be considered Voluntary Cover. Please refer to Part C of this Insurance Guide for further information.

You can apply for Life Events Cover by completing the **Application for life events insurance cover** form with proof the life event occurred (eg marriage certificate, divorce order, birth certificate, adoption documentation, mortgage document). You can find the form at [teamsuper.com/resources](https://teamsuper.com/resources)

You can apply for Life Events Cover more than once, except in the case of mortgaging your home as security for a loan to purchase your home, where you can apply for this event once. Please note you are limited to one application per life event in any 12 month period.

You need to apply for the cover within 60 days of the relevant life event occurring or within 60 days from the date of the next member statement issued to you following the occurrence of the event. You must also lodge your application before your cover ends and before your date of disablement.

You are ineligible for Life Events Cover if the Insurer has previously rejected your application for cover.

An increase in Insured Cover is subject to the same exclusions and other special conditions as applied to the Insured Cover immediately before the increase and additional premiums will apply.

If you are not in Active Employment on the date your additional Life Events Cover commences, New Events Cover conditions apply to the increase in additional cover until you return to Active Employment for 30 consecutive days (see page 24).

## Special offer to apply for Income Protection – Applies to members who receive Basic Cover under Part B of this guide

Where cover begins under Part B of this guide, within 60 days of the date on your Insurance Welcome letter you may apply for Income Protection insurance in the Default Division. This special offer provides a quicker and simpler application process (than would otherwise apply). You can apply by completing a **Newly Insured Member Offer** form. A maximum monthly benefit of \$6,000 applies if Income Protection is applied for under this special offer.

# THE DUTY TO TAKE REASONABLE CARE

If you apply for life insurance, you will be treated as if you are applying for cover under an individual consumer insurance contract. The Insurer will conduct a process called underwriting. It's how it decides whether it can cover you, and if so on what terms and at what cost.

As part of underwriting, the Insurer will ask questions it needs to know the answers to. These will be about your personal circumstances, such as your health and medical history, occupation, income, lifestyle, pastimes, and current and past insurance.

The information you provide in response to those questions will be vital to the Insurer's decision. As such, when applying for life insurance you have a legal duty to take reasonable care not to make a misrepresentation to the Insurer.

A misrepresentation is a false answer, an answer that is only partially true, or an answer which does not fairly reflect the truth. This duty also applies when extending or making changes to existing insurance, and reinstating insurance.

If you do not meet your legal duty, this can have serious impacts on your insurance. Your cover could be avoided (treated as if it never existed), or its terms or amount of cover may be changed.

This may also result in a claim being declined or a benefit being reduced. Whether the Insurer can exercise one of these remedies depends on a number of factors, including:

- whether reasonable care was taken not to make a misrepresentation. This depends on all of the relevant circumstances;
- what the Insurer would have done if the duty had been met – for example, whether it would have offered cover, and if so, on what terms;
- whether the misrepresentation was fraudulent; and
- in some cases, how long it has been since the cover started.

Before any of these remedies are exercised, the Insurer will explain the reasons for its decision, how to respond and provide further information, and what you can do if you disagree.

# IMPORTANT INFORMATION

## Claiming on insurance

A death, terminal illness or TPD insurance benefit is paid in addition to any super account balance.

If you or your beneficiaries make a claim that is accepted, your insurance benefit will be paid in one of the following ways:

- a death benefit will be paid to one or more of your beneficiaries
- a terminal illness benefit will be paid to you
- a TPD benefit will be paid to you.

To claim a terminal illness or TPD benefit you (or in the case of a death benefit, your beneficiaries) should call us. Our insurance team will discuss any necessary paperwork and explain the claims process. If you have queries or need help with the paperwork call us on **13 64 63**.

For terminal illness and TPD claims, the Insurer will deal with you directly through the claims process – this includes your own personal case manager.

## Death claims

If you die, your insurance benefits will be paid into your super account and will then be paid to your estate or dependents in accordance with the Fund's rules. You may select the dependents who will be paid the benefit by ensuring you have a binding death benefit nomination in place at the time of your death.

To assist the Trustee we encourage you to regularly review your nomination and ensure it is kept up-to-date.

## Terminal illness claims

A terminal illness benefit payment may be made tax free if all of the following circumstances are met:

- two registered Medical Practitioners certify, jointly or separately, that you suffer from an illness, or have incurred an injury, that is likely to result in your death within 24 months of the certification (certification period), and
- at least one of the registered Medical Practitioners is a specialist practising in an area related to the illness or injury suffered by you, and
- for each of the certifications, the certification period has not ended, and

- the Insurer is satisfied on medical or other evidence that, despite reasonable medical treatment, your illness or injury is likely to result in your death within the certification period.

The illness or injury that you suffer from occurs, and the date of the certifications takes place, while you are insured under the policy.

The amount paid will be the greater of your death insured value or your TPD insured value (if applicable).

## TPD claims

The assessment of a TPD claim involves the collection and assessment of medical and other evidence. This may mean in some cases that a decision is not able to be made for several months after you lodge your claim, or even longer in some cases. The longer you leave it to lodge your claim, the harder an assessment can be due to the lapse in time and obtaining your old medical records. This can cause lengthy delays.

If your TPD claim is accepted and your death insured value is greater, the difference will remain in place on your death cover, subject to an end of cover condition (see **When your cover ends** on page 22).

For example, if your death cover is \$200,000 and your TPD is \$150,000, upon acceptance of your TPD insured benefit your death insurance cover will remain on your account (and premiums payable) for \$50,000. You can cancel this at any time (see page 22).

You are totally and permanently disabled if one of the following applies:

### **Part A - Unlikely to do a suited occupation ever again**

You were, on the date of disablement, aged less than 65 years and, as a result of illness or injury, have been absent from all employment for three consecutive months from the date of disablement and the Insurer considers, on the basis of medical and other evidence satisfactory to the Insurer, you are unlikely ever to be able to engage in any occupation, whether or not for reward.

Without limiting the definition of occupation used in this context, your occupation will also include any reasonable alternative occupation you have engaged in for six consecutive months or more at any time.

or



**Part B - Suffering a specifically defined medical condition and permanently unable to work because of it**

All of the following paragraphs (i), (ii), (iii) and (iv) apply to you:

- (i) you were, on the date of disablement, aged less than 65 years;
- (ii) you were absent from all work as a result of suffering a specified medical condition;
- (iii) the Insurer considers, on the basis of medical and other evidence satisfactory to the Insurer, you are unlikely ever to be able to engage in any occupation, whether or not for reward; and
- (iv) you are likely to be so disabled for life.

Without limiting the definition of occupation used in this context, your occupation will also include any reasonable alternative occupation you have engaged in for six months or more at any time.

or

**Part C - Incapable of doing basic activities associated with work ever again or suffering a severe mental health condition or Severe Cognitive Impairment and, in addition, incapable of doing a suited occupation:**

You have suffered ill-health (whether physical or mental) that makes it unlikely that you will engage in Employment for which you are reasonably qualified by education, training or experience and solely because of that Illness or Injury you satisfy either (a), (b) or (c) below:

- (a) you have been prevented from being able to perform at least two of the Everyday Work Activities without assistance from another adult person, despite the use of appropriate aids, for at least 12 consecutive months and in our Insurer's opinion you are unlikely to ever again be able to perform at least two of the Everyday Work Activities without assistance from another adult person, despite the use of appropriate aids; or
- (b) the Illness is a mental health condition and
  - (i) your mental health condition has been diagnosed by a Specialist Medical Practitioner using criteria outlined in the DSM;
  - (ii) the mental health condition has caused you to be absent from Employment for 12 consecutive months from the Date of Disablement;

- (iii) you have been under the regular ongoing and appropriate care of a Psychiatrist for at least 12 months (unless the Insurer agrees to a shorter period) who considers that you have exhausted all reasonable and appropriate treatment options, and
- (iv) you have been assessed by a Psychiatrist approved by our Insurer against the Psychiatric Impairment Rating Scale as having an impairment of 19% or higher; or

- (c) the Illness has been assessed by a Specialist Medical Practitioner, approved by Us, to be a Severe Cognitive Impairment and the Insured Member, solely because of that Illness, has been absent from Employment for 12 consecutive months from the Date of Disablement (unless our Insurer agrees otherwise).

Despite the above, you will not be totally and permanently disabled under Part A or Part B if:

- 1) at any time after you cease employment with your employer but prior to the date you suffer from the illness or injury that is the principal cause of your disablement ("the disability date"), you are not employed for a period of 16 or more consecutive months ("period of unemployment"); and
- 2) you do not, after your most recent period of unemployment but prior to the disability date, return to Active Employment for 30 consecutive days.

**Circumstances where death, terminal illness or TPD benefits will not be payable**

- The Insurer will not pay an insurance benefit for death, terminal illness or TPD which is caused by war outside of Australia.
- An insured benefit will not be paid under new events cover for Basic Cover (and additional Basic Cover if applicable) if:
  - the member's death is due to suicide which happens within 13 months of the insurance commencement date whether or not they are sane at the time, or
  - your TI or TPD is due to intentional self inflicted injury or illness or attempt at suicide whether or not you are sane at the time.

### Circumstances where a death benefit will not be payable

Your beneficiaries will not be entitled to an insured death benefit if you have previously been paid a terminal illness or TPD benefit (except where your DTI cover is greater than your TPD cover – see page 23 for further information).

### If you do not want insurance cover, you can cancel your cover

You can cancel your DTI or TPD cover by calling us or putting your request in writing.

You can get independent financial advice to help you make a decision on cancellation.

### Our insurance provider

The Trustee has taken out insurance contracts with TAL Life Limited, ABN 70 050 109 450 AFSL 237848 (the Insurer) to provide insurance for Team Super members. The Trustee may change the Insurer from time to time. The Trustee does not guarantee the payment of an insured benefit or the performance of the Insurer. Information about the insurance cover made available through this Insurance Guide is based on the Policy Documents provided by the Insurer. While every care has been taken in the preparation of this **Insurance Guide** and the **PDS**, the Policy Documents held with the Insurer will prevail in all disputes.

### Conditions that apply to your insurance cover

Like most forms of insurance, there are certain conditions and exclusions that apply to the granting, or payout, of your insurance cover. The main features that apply to the insurance cover available through the Fund are set out in this guide. An insurance benefit is only payable if the terms of the insurance contract are satisfied. Any insurance benefit received by the Trustee from the Insurer is paid to you into your super account (except income protection) and paid only in accordance with the Fund's Trust Deed and superannuation law.

There are a number of circumstances set out in this guide where you may not be eligible for a particular level or type of insurance cover or your cover may cease. We will rely on the information which has been provided to us and if that information is not correct or circumstances are such that you were not eligible for cover you will not have insurance cover for any period when such circumstances apply. This is the case even if we have sent you information indicating that you had cover or you have had insurance charges deducted from your super account. However, any overpaid DTI or TPD insurance premiums will be re-credited to your account. It is important that you let us know if you are, or become, ineligible for a particular level or type of insurance cover.

### Increase in costs of cover

The Insurer may increase the cost of any insurance cover offered by the Fund. We will provide you with at least 30 days prior written notice where this occurs.

### When your cover ends

Your insurance cover will end on the earlier of any one of the following events occurring:

- the day you cease to be a member of the Fund
- the day you turn 70, in the case of Basic and Fixed Basic DTI Cover, and in the case of Fixed Basic TPD Cover
- the day you turn 65, in the case of Basic TPD Cover
- the last day of the month which there is an insufficient account balance to deduct the previous month's premiums in full
- the day your account becomes inactive, unless you've made an election
- the day any death, terminal illness or TPD benefit becomes payable by the Insurer in respect of you\*
- the date you are no longer deemed to be an Insurance Group 1 – High Risk or Group 1 High Risk (Undeclared) member, unless you otherwise satisfy the eligibility criteria or opt-in to maintain cover
- the day you join any armed forces (other than the Australian Armed Forces Reserve)
- the day the Fund receives your request to cancel insurance cover
- the day the Trustee discontinues the relevant Basic death, terminal illness or TPD Cover for members
- the date of your death
- the day before your cover commences in the Mining Division.

If you cease to be eligible for cover for some other reason and we do not know about this, you may still receive a statement showing a level of cover you are not eligible for and would be unable to claim, as well as fee (premium) deductions.

It is important to remain aware of the circumstances under which cover will cease.

\* If you make a TPD claim which is accepted and your DTI insured value is greater, the difference will remain in place on your DTI cover, subject to an end of cover condition.



## New Events Cover

All cover commencement and recommencement is subject to New Events Cover.

This means you will only be covered for death, terminal illness or TPD arising from:

- an illness that first becomes apparent, or
- an injury that first occurs

on or after the date cover last commenced, recommenced or was increased.

New Events Cover can be converted to full cover by:

- calling us on 13 64 63 to arrange a call back from the Insurer to apply over the phone, or
- completing the **Application for insurance cover** form.

Cover will be subject to the Insurer accepting the application, after considering your medical and lifestyle evidence.

## Recommencement of cover

Where insurance cover has been switched off, it may be possible for it to recommence – either automatically or at your request. All cover commencement and recommencement are subject to New Events Cover.

### Insufficient account balance

Where your DTI and TPD cover (if applicable) ceases due to an insufficient account balance, your cover may recommence at the same level you held prior to cover ceasing if:

- (1) You request – in writing – that cover recommence within 60 days of receiving your cancellation letter and you top-up your account with at least two months' worth of insurance fees (premiums).

**OR**

- (2) In addition, for DTI and TPD cover (if applicable) all of the following conditions are met:
  - the next mandatory employer contribution is received by the Fund within 183 days from the cover ceasing in the Fund
  - you remain at all times a Fund member, and
  - you have not previously requested the cancellation of your cover.

Cover will recommence if you are eligible effective the later of the:

- cash received date of the first employer contribution in respect of your employment with your employer, or
- date your account balance reaches at least \$500 for Group 1 - High Risk or Group 1 - High Risk (Undeclared) members, or \$6,000 (and you are aged at least 25) for all other members.

## Inactivity

If your cover ceases due to inactivity (no contributions or roll-ins are received into your super account for 16 consecutive months), your cover may automatically recommence when we receive a contribution or roll-in for you. The following minimum balances are also required for insurance to recommence:

- members with an Occupation Group of Group 1 - High Risk or Group 1 - High Risk (Undeclared) – \$500
- all other members – \$6,000 (and you are aged at least 25).

## Worldwide cover

Your cover will remain in force if you travel outside Australia as long as you do not meet one of the end of cover conditions under the relevant insurance policy. However, if you need to make a claim for terminal illness or TPD, you may be required to return to Australia for assessment (at your expense). Consequently, the Insurer may make the payment of a benefit conditional upon this assessment.

### Check your insurance cover

It is your responsibility to ensure that your account balance is sufficient to cover your premiums each month. We accept no responsibility or liability if your insurance cover lapses because you have not maintained sufficient funds to pay premiums or for informing you if your cover has lapsed or will lapse. We also do not accept any responsibility or liability if we are required to turn your insurance cover off because the law requires us to, and you have not told us you want to keep your insurance within the notice period. You can check your insurance details any time via your online account.

It is important to check your member statement we send you to ensure that your level of insurance cover is recorded correctly. If you make a claim, the cover assessed may be the lower of the cover you applied for and the cover we have recorded. If you cease to be eligible for cover and we do not know about this, you may still receive a statement showing a level of cover you are not eligible for and therefore you would be unable to claim in the event of death, terminal illness or TPD. It is important to remain aware of the circumstances under which cover will cease.

Please call or email us if you have questions about your insurance cover.

# SOME INSURANCE TERMS EXPLAINED

**Accredited higher education qualification** means a certificate, diploma, degree or other qualification which the Insurer accepts is a higher education qualification in terms of the guidelines, standards and criteria set down for a qualification having Higher Education Sector Accreditation under the Australian Qualifications Framework.

Where **Australian Qualifications Framework** means the unified system of national qualifications which is monitored by the Australian Qualifications Framework Advisory Board established by the Ministerial Council on Education, Employment, Training and Youth Affairs (MCEETYA) or such other system of national qualifications acceptable to the Insurer.

**Active Employment** means you are:

- a) an employee engaged to carry out identifiable duties
- b) actively performing all the duties and work hours of your usual occupation
- c) in the Insurer's opinion, not restricted by illness or injury from being capable of performing those duties on a full time basis and the duties of your normal occupation on a full time basis (even if not then working on a full time basis), and
- d) not entitled to, or receiving, income support benefits relating to illness or injury, from any source including, but not limited to, workers' compensation benefits, statutory transport accident benefits and disability income benefits.

Where **full time basis** means working at least 35 hours per week.

## Additional TPD definitions

- **Everyday Work Activities** means the following activities:

- a) Mobility – the Insured Member can do the following:
  - i) walk without assistance more than 200m on a level surface without stopping; and
  - ii) bend, kneel or squat to pick something up from the floor from a standing position and straighten up again;
- b) Communicating – the Insured Member can do the following:
  - i) speak in their first language so that they are understood in a quiet room; and

- ii) understand a simple message in their first language, and relay that message to another person; and

- iii) hear, which means the Insured Member has not suffered the irrecoverable profound loss of all hearing in both ears, resulting in an auditory threshold of 91 decibels or greater, averaged at frequencies 500 hertz, 1000 hertz and 3000 hertz, both natural and assisted, as certified by an appropriate Specialist Medical Practitioner approved by Us;

- c) Vision – The ability to see which means the Insured Member has not suffered the total and irrecoverable loss of sight (whether aided or unaided) of both eyes as a result of an Illness or Injury to the extent that:

- i) visual acuity in both eyes, on a Snellen Scale after correction by suitable lens is less than 6/60; or

- ii) the visual field is reduced to 20 degrees or less of arc;

- d) Lifting – The Insured Member can lift a 5 kg weight with either or both hands from a bench/table height, carry it over a 5 metre distance and place it back down at a bench/table height; and

- e) Manual dexterity – The Insured Member can use their hands or fingers to manipulate small objects with precision (such as picking up a coin or fastening shoelaces or buttons, using cutlery, or using a pen or keyboard to write a short note).

- **DSM (Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders)** means the latest edition of the Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders (DSM) published by the American Psychiatric Association (APA).

If the Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders is no longer used or published, we will use another manual as agreed between You and Us which is similar to it for the determination as determined by the Royal Australian and New Zealand College of Psychiatrists.

- **Psychiatric Impairment Rating Scale** means the scale for assessing the level of functional impairment caused by a mental health condition in six areas of functioning:

- (1) Self-Care and Personal Hygiene;
- (2) Social and Recreational Activities;

- (3) Travel;
- (4) Social functioning (relationships);
- (5) Concentration; and
- (6) Adaptation and employability.

The assessment needs to be completed by a Psychiatrist who has undergone appropriate training in this assessment method. If the Psychiatric Impairment Rating Scale as detailed in the 6th edition of AMA Guides to the Evaluation of Permanent Impairment is no longer used or published, we\* will use another scale similar to it for the determination of the claim as determined by the relevant medical body.

- **Severe Cognitive impairment** means permanent severe cognitive impairment with a deterioration or loss of intellectual capacity that results in a requirement for a full-time permanent caregiver.

**Basic Cover** provides you with death, terminal illness and TPD insurance, with the amount of insurance varying depending upon your age and Occupation Group.

**Eligible member for insurance** means at the time you become a member of the Fund and otherwise entitled to insurance cover:

- (a) you are a member of the Fund
- (b) you are an employee in respect of whom employer contributions are required to be made
- (c) you are aged at least 18 for basic cover
- (d) you are aged less than the cover expiry age,
- (e) you are either;
  - an Insured (Group 1 – High Risk (Undeclared)) Member or an Insured (Group 1 – High Risk) Member; or
  - have made an Election; or
  - aged at least 25 years and have an account balance of \$6,000 or more; and,
- (f) you satisfy such other requirements that are from time to time stipulated by the Insurer.

**Inactive** means your account has not received a contribution or rollover for at least 16 months. You may be able to recommence your cover (see page 23).

**Insurance Fees** are the premiums you pay for insurance cover, deducted monthly from your account.

**Medical and lifestyle evidence/proof of age** means at some point you may be asked to provide evidence of health and lifestyle or proof of age. Cover may be refused or special terms and conditions may be imposed if the information supplied is incorrect or unsatisfactory or if you do not supply the requested information.

**Medical Practitioner** means a person acceptable to the Insurer who is registered and practising as a medical practitioner in Australia, other than yourself, your spouse or partner, parent, child, sibling, business partner, associate or employee.

The Insurer may accept a similarly qualified person who is registered and practising as a medical practitioner in another country.

**New Events Cover** in relation to DTI and TPD cover, means that you are only covered for claims arising from:

- an illness or injury that first becomes apparent, or
- an injury that first occurs,

on or after the date insured cover last commenced, recommenced or, where the Insurer agrees in writing, was increased for you under the policy.

If you are Employed you will be eligible for full Basic DTI and TPD Cover after you have been in **Active Employment** with your employer for 30 consecutive days.

**Participating Employer** means a person or entity that makes super contributions to Team Super on your behalf to satisfy, or reduce its obligations under an award or industrial agreement or under the Superannuation Guarantee legislation and has been accepted by the Trustee as a Participating Employer under the Fund's Trust Deed.

**Specified medical condition** includes the following:

- **Blindness (permanent)** means the total and irrecoverable loss of sight (whether aided or unaided) in of both eyes as a result of illness or injury to the extent that visual acuity in both eyes, on a Snellen Scale after correction by suitable lens is less than 6/60, or to the extent that the visual field is reduce to 20 degrees or less of arc.
- **Cardiomyopathy (permanent)** means a disease of heart muscle causing the heart muscle to enlarge and become weaker, resulting in significant permanent cardiac impairment to the degree of at least Class 3 of the New York Heart Association functional classification system.

- **Chronic Lung Failure (requiring permanent oxygen therapy)** means end-stage lung disease with a consistent pulmonary function test result of FEV1 less than 40% predicted; or a DLCO less than 40% predicted; and requiring permanent oxygen therapy.
- **Dementia including Alzheimer's Disease (permanent)** means the unequivocal diagnosis of dementia by a consultant neurologist or geriatrician. The diagnosis must confirm dementia or Alzheimer's Disease due to permanent failure of brain function with associated cognitive impairment. A Mini-Mental State Examination score of 24 or less out of 30 or evidence from another neuropsychometric test that is acceptable to us is required.
- **Loss of Hearing in One Ear (permanent)** means the total and irrecoverable loss of hearing in one ear, both natural and assisted, as a result of illness or injury.
- **Loss of Speech (permanent)** means the total and irrecoverable loss of the ability to produce intelligible speech, as a result of permanent damage to the larynx or its nerve supply or to the speech centres of the brain, due to illness or injury.
- **Major Head Trauma (with permanent neurological deficit)** means accidental head injury resulting in neurological deficit causing: (a) at least a permanent 25% impairment of "Whole Person Function"; or (b) the person being totally and permanently unable to perform any one of the "Activities of Daily Living".  
 "Activities of Daily Living" are:
  - Bathing – the ability to shower and bathe;
  - Dressing – the ability to put on and take off clothing;
  - Toileting – the ability to get on and off and use the toilet;
  - Mobility – the ability to get in and out of bed and a chair; and
  - Feeding – the ability to get food from a plate into the mouth.

"Whole Person Function" means where a payment depends on the person meeting criteria based on the Whole Person Function, the calculation is to be based on the current edition of the American Medical Association publication entitled Guides to the Evaluation of Permanent Impairment until an equivalent Australian guide, sanctioned by the Australian Medical Association, has been produced, at which time the calculation in the relevant Australian guide will apply.
- **Multiple Sclerosis (with multiple episodes of neurological deficit and persisting neurological abnormalities)** means a disease characterised by demyelination in the brain and/or spinal cord. Multiple Sclerosis must be unequivocally diagnosed. There must be more than one episode of well-defined neurological deficit with persisting neurological abnormalities.

Neurological investigations such as lumbar puncture, MRI (Magnetic Resonance Imaging) evidence of lesions in the central nervous system, evoked visual responses, and evoked auditory responses are required to confirm diagnosis.

- **Muscular Dystrophy** means the unequivocal diagnosis of muscular dystrophy.
- **Paralysis (permanent)** means the total and permanent loss of function of two or more limbs through illness or injury causing permanent damage to the nervous system. This includes, but is not limited to, quadriplegia, paraplegia, diplegia and hemiplegia.
- **Parkinson's Disease (permanent)** means the unequivocal diagnosis of degenerative idiopathic Parkinson's disease caused by degeneration of the nigrostriatal system and as characterised by the clinical manifestation of one or more of the following: rigidity, tremor and akinesia. All other types of Parkinsonism are excluded (e.g. secondary to medication).
- **Primary Pulmonary Hypertension** means the unequivocal diagnosis of Primary Pulmonary Hypertension with right ventricular enlargement established by investigations including cardiac catheterisation.
- **Progressive and Debilitating Motor Neurone Disease** means the unequivocal diagnosis of a progressive form of debilitating Motor Neurone Disease.
- **Severe Rheumatoid Arthritis (with significant impairment)** means diagnosis of rheumatoid arthritis, confirmed by appropriate radiology and blood tests, that has failed to respond to all treatment regimens including, but not limited to immunosuppressive and biological agents, causing permanent reduction to Whole Person Function of at least 25%; or the unequivocal diagnosis of severe rheumatoid arthritis by a Rheumatologist, supported and evidenced by all of the following criteria:  
 at least a six week history of Severe Rheumatoid Arthritis, which involves three or more of the following joint areas:
  - proximal interphalangeal joints in the hands;
  - metacarpophalangeal joints in the hands; and
  - metatarsophalangeal joints in the foot, wrist, elbow, knee, or ankle;

simultaneous bilateral and symmetrical joint soft tissue swelling or fluid (not bony overgrowth alone); typical rheumatoid joint deformity; and at least two of the following criteria:

  - morning stiffness;
  - rheumatoid nodules;
  - erosions seen on x-ray imaging;

- the presence of either a positive rheumatoid factor or the serological markers consistent with the diagnosis of Severe Rheumatoid Arthritis.

Degenerative osteoarthritis and all other arthritides are excluded.

**Terminal illness** means all of the following apply:

- (a) two **Medical Practitioners** have certified in writing, jointly or separately, that you suffer from an illness, or have incurred an injury, that is likely to result in your death within a period (the '**certification period**') that ends not more than 24 months after the date of the certification;
- (b) at least one of the **Medical Practitioners** is a specialist practising in an area related to the illness or injury suffered by you;
- (c) for each of the certificates, the certification period has not ended; and

- (d) the Insurer is satisfied, on medical or other evidence, that, despite reasonable medical treatment, your illness or injury is likely to result in your death within the certification period.

The illness or injury that you suffer from must occur, and the date of the certifications must take place, while you are an insured member of the Fund.

# VOLUNTARY COVER AND INCOME PROTECTION INSURANCE AND MEANINGS

### The following section applies to members with an accumulation account.

If you joined as a WA Coal member **prior to 20 May 2024** and you also have an accumulation account, and you would like to apply for Voluntary Cover, you may do so within our Mining Division offering. Please refer to the **Insurance Guide - Mining Division** for further information.

Voluntary Cover is Death and Terminal Illness Cover, Total and Permanent Disablement Cover that you apply for. You may also apply for Income Protection insurance.

If you joined as a WA Coal member **on or after 20 May 2024**, and wish to apply for Voluntary Cover or Income Protection insurance, you may do so within the Insurance Division (Mining or Default Division) corresponding with any insurance cover you may already hold as outlined below;

- If you hold Basic Cover as outlined in Part B of this guide, and have not opted into the Mining Division, you may apply for Voluntary Cover and/or Income Protection insurance under the Default Division.
- If you hold any cover in the Mining Division, you may apply for Voluntary Cover and/or Income Protection insurance under the Mining Division.
- If you do not have Basic Cover as outlined in Part B of this guide and you do not already hold cover in your accumulation account under the Mining Division or Default Division, you may apply for Voluntary Cover and /or Income Protection Insurance in either the Mining or Default Division.

You can find further information about our Mining and Default Divisions by reading the relevant **PDS** and **Insurance Guides** available at [teamsuper.com/pds](https://teamsuper.com/pds)

# NOTES

[illegible]

## NOTES

This image shows a single sheet of white paper with horizontal ruling lines. The lines are evenly spaced and run across the width of the page. There are no margins, text, or other markings on the paper.



# NOTES

[illegible]

**Team Super**

Locked Bag 2020 Newcastle NSW 2300

t 13 64 63 | [teamsuper.com](https://teamsuper.com)

Newcastle | Warners Bay | Wollongong | Brisbane | Mackay | Rockhampton

Any financial advice in this document does not take into account your financial situation, needs or objectives. Before acting, consider if the information is right for your needs and circumstances and read the relevant Product Disclosure Statement (PDS) at [teamsuper.com](https://teamsuper.com). The Target Market Determinations for our financial products can be found at [teamsuper.com/tmd](https://teamsuper.com/tmd). If there are any inconsistencies between this document and the PDS or Trust Deed, the terms of the PDS or Trust Deed will prevail. This information is based on our understanding of current Australian laws and assumes they will remain unchanged. Financial planning services are provided by Team Super Financial Advice a trading name of Team Super Services Pty Ltd ABN 49 051 315 014 AFS licence 502700. Issued by Team Super Pty Ltd ABN 70 003 566 989 AFS licence 246864 as trustee for the Team Superannuation Fund ABN 16 457 520 308.